

## SARS-CoV-2 Spike Peptide (VVNQNAQALNTLVKQ)

Coronavirus Peptide Catalog # VGP1096

### **Specification**

# SARS-CoV-2 Spike Peptide (VVNQNAQALNTLVKQ) - Product Information

Sequence VVNQNAQALNTLVKQ

Purity

>90% (HPLC-MS)

Application Cellular immune response, T-cell

expansion, Antigen specific T-cell

stimulation, Immune monitoring, T-cell

assays

Primary Accession PODTC2
Other Accession AAP41037.1

# SARS-CoV-2 Spike Peptide (VVNQNAQALNTLVKQ) - Additional Information

Gene ID 4374056

**Other Names** 

SARS-CoV-2 Spike Glycoprotein, E2, Peplomer

#### **Format**

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

#### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

### **Precautions**

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## SARS-CoV-2 Spike Peptide (VVNQNAQALNTLVKQ) - Images

# SARS-CoV-2 Spike Peptide (VVNQNAQALNTLVKQ) - Background

SARS-CoV-2 is part of the Coronaviridae family, whose members are named after their crown-like appearance under the electron microscope caused by the surface glycoproteins that decorate the virus. Coronaviruses have a large (30+ kb) single-stranded positivesense RNA genome encoding for several open reading frames. One frame encodes the spike protein (S protein), a class I fusion protein that mediates attachment of the virus to cell surface receptors followed by uptake into endosomes (for most coronaviruses). Proteolytic cleavage of the S protein and fusion of viral and endosomal membranes trigger release of viral RNA into the cytosol. We know now from studies on SARS-CoV-1 and the related MERS-CoV vaccines that the S protein on the surface of the virus is an ideal target for a vaccine. In SARS-CoV-1 and SARS-CoV-2, this protein interacts with the receptor ACE2, and antibodies targeting the spike can interfere with this binding, thereby neutralizing the virus. The structure of the S protein of SARS-CoV-2 was solved in record time at high resolution, contributing to our understanding of this vaccine target. More than 90 vaccines are being developed against SARS-CoV-2 by research teams in companies and universities across the world.