

IFN-γ

Catalog # PVGS1658

## **Specification**

# IFN-γ - Product Information

Primary Accession **Species** Rat

P01581

Sequence

Gln23-Cys156

**Purity** 

> 97% as analyzed by SDS-PAGE<br/>br>> 97% as analyzed by HPLC

**Endotoxin Level** 

< 0.1 EU/ µg of protein by LAL method

**Biological Activity** 

The ED<sub>50</sub> as determined by an anti-viral assay using murine L929 cells infected with encephalomyocarditis (EMC) virus is less than 0.1 ng/ml, corresponding to a specific activity of 1.0  $\times$  10<sup>7</sup> IU/mg.

**Expression System** 

E. coli

**Theoretical Molecular Weight** 

15.5 kDa

Formulation

Lyophilized from a 0.2  $\mu m$  filtered solution in 1  $\times$  PBS, pH 7.4, 1 mM DTT, 5 % Trehalose and 0.05 % Tween-80.

### Reconstitution

It is recommended that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Reconstitute the lyophilized powder in 10 mM HAc to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/ml.

### Storage & Stability

Upon receiving, this product remains stable for up to 6 months at -20 $^{\circ}$ C or -70 $^{\circ}$ C. Upon reconstitution, the product should be stable for up to 1 week at 2-8 $^{\circ}$ C or up to 3 months at -20 $^{\circ}$ C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

### IFN-y - Additional Information

**Gene ID 25712** 

**Other Names** 

Interferon gamma, IFN-gamma, Ifng

**Target Background** 



Interferon-gamma (IFN- $\gamma$ ), also known as Type II interferon or immune interferon, is a cytokine produced primarily by T-lymphocytes and natural killer cells. The protein shares no significant homology with IFN- $\beta$  or the various IFN- $\alpha$  family proteins. Mature IFN- $\gamma$  exists as noncovalently-linked homodimers. It shares high sequence indentity with mouse IFN- $\gamma$  (86 %). IFN- $\gamma$  was originally characterized based on its antiviral activities. The protein also exerts antiproliferative, immunoregulatory and proinflammatory activities and is thus important in host defense mechanisms. IFN- $\gamma$  induces the production of cytokines, upregulates the expression of class I and II MHC antigens, Fc receptor and leukocyte adhesion molecules. It modulates macrophage effector functions, influences isotype switching and potentiates the secretion of immunoglobulins by B cells. Additionally, IFN- $\gamma$  augments TH1 cell expansion and may be required for TH1 cell differentiation.

## IFN-γ - Protein Information

## Name Ifng

### **Function**

Type II interferon produced by immune cells such as T-cells and NK cells that plays crucial roles in antimicrobial, antiviral, and antitumor responses by activating effector immune cells and enhancing antigen presentation. Primarily signals through the JAK-STAT pathway after interaction with its receptor IFNGR1 to affect gene regulation. Upon IFNG binding, IFNGR1 intracellular domain opens out to allow association of downstream signaling components JAK2, JAK1 and STAT1, leading to STAT1 activation, nuclear translocation and transcription of IFNG-regulated genes. Many of the induced genes are transcription factors such as IRF1 that are able to further drive regulation of a next wave of transcription. Plays a role in class I antigen presentation pathway by inducing a replacement of catalytic proteasome subunits with immunoproteasome subunits. In turn, increases the quantity, quality, and repertoire of peptides for class I MHC loading. Increases the efficiency of peptide generation also by inducing the expression of activator PA28 that associates with the proteasome and alters its proteolytic cleavage preference. Up-regulates as well MHC II complexes on the cell surface by promoting expression of several key molecules such as cathepsins B/CTSB, H/CTSH, and L/CTSL (By similarity). Participates in the regulation of hematopoietic stem cells during development and under homeostatic conditions by affecting their development, quiescence, and differentiation (By similarity).

#### **Cellular Location**

Secreted {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P01579}.

# **Tissue Location**

Released primarily from activated T lymphocytes.

### IFN-y - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# IFN-γ - Images



