

Spike Protein RBD

Catalog # PVGS1583

Specification

Spike Protein RBD - Product Information

Primary Accession Species SARS-CoV-2

<u>P0DTC2</u>

Sequence Arg319-Ser591 (E484K, K417T, N501Y)

Purity > 90% as analyzed by SDS-PAGE

Endotoxin Level < 0.2 EU/ μg of protein by gel clotting method

Biological Activity SARS-CoV-2 Spike protein (RBD, E484K, K417T, N501Y, Avi & His Tag) can bind with human ACE2 in functional ELISA assay.

Expression System CHO

Theoretical Molecular Weight 33.7 kDa

FormulationSupplied as a solution in PBS, pH 7.4.Storage & StabilityUpon receiving, this product remains stable for up to 6 months at -20°C or below. Please avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Spike Protein RBD - Additional Information

Other Names Spike glycoprotein {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_04099}, S glycoprotein {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_04099}, E2 {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_04099}, Peplomer protein {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_04099}, Spike protein S1 {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_04099}, Spike protein S2 {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_04099}, Spike protein S2' {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_04099}, S {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_04099}

Target Background

SARS-CoV-2 (Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus 2) also known as 2019-nCoV (2019 Novel Coronavirus) is a virus that causes illnesses ranging from the common cold to severe diseases. Lineage P.1, also known as the Brazil(ian) variant is one of the variants of SARS-CoV-2. This variant has 17 amino acid changes, ten of which are in its spike protein, including these three designated to be of particular concern: N501Y, E484K and K417T. SARS-CoV-2 Spike protein (RBD,



E484K, K417T, N501Y, Avi & His Tag) carries a Avi Tag followed by a polyhistidine tag at the C-terminus. It has high binding affinity to human chimeric ACE2.

Spike Protein RBD - Protein Information

Name S {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_04099}

Function

[Spike protein S1]: Attaches the virion to the cell membrane by interacting with host receptor, initiating the infection. The major receptor is host ACE2 (PubMed:32142651, PubMed:32155444, PubMed:33607086). When S2/S2' has been cleaved, binding to the receptor triggers direct fusion at the cell membrane (PubMed:34561887). When S2/S2' has not been cleaved, binding to the receptor results in internalization of the virus by endocytosis leading to fusion of the virion membrane with the host endosomal membrane (PubMed:32075877, PubMed:32221306). Alternatively, may use NRP1/NRP2 (PubMed:33082294, PubMed:33082293) and integrin as entry receptors (PubMed:35150743). The use of NRP1/NRP2 receptors may explain the tropism of the virus in human olfactory epithelial cells, which express these molecules at high levels but ACE2 at low levels (PubMed:33082293). The stalk domain of S contains three hinges, giving the head unexpected orientational freedom (PubMed:32817270).

Cellular Location

Virion membrane {ECO:000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_04099, ECO:0000269|PubMed:32979942}; Single-pass type I membrane protein {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_04099, ECO:0000269|PubMed:34504087}. Host endoplasmic reticulum-Golgi intermediate compartment membrane {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_04099, ECO:0000269|PubMed:34504087}; Singlepass type I membrane protein {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_04099}. Host cell membrane {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_04099, ECO:0000269|PubMed:34504087}; Single-pass type I membrane protein {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_04099}. Note=Accumulates in the endoplasmic reticulum-Golgi intermediate compartment, where it participates in virus particle assembly. Some S oligomers are transported to the host plasma membrane, where they may mediate cell-cell fusion (PubMed:34504087). An average of 26 +/-15 S trimers are found randomly distributed at the surface of the virion (PubMed:32979942) {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_04099, ECO:0000269|PubMed:32979942, ECO:0000269|PubMed:34504087}

Spike Protein RBD - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation



• <u>Flow Cytomety</u> • <u>Cell Culture</u> Spike Protein RBD - Images