

**LR3-IGF-I**  
**Catalog # PVGS1341****Specification**

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**LR3-IGF-I - Product Information**

Primary Accession [P05019](#)  
**Species**  
Human

**Sequence**  
Leu53-Ala118, expressed with additional N-terminal sequence (MFPAMPLSSLFVNGPRT)

**Purity**  
> 95% as analyzed by SDS-PAGE

**Endotoxin Level**  
< 1 EU/ µg of protein by gel clotting method

**Biological Activity**  
ED<sub>50</sub> < 10.0 ng/ml, measured by the dose-dependant proliferation of CHO cells, corresponding to a specific activity of > 1.0 × 10<sup>5</sup> units/mg.

**Expression System**  
E. coli

Formulation **Lyophilized after extensive dialysis against 50 mM acetic acid.**

**Reconstitution**  
It is recommended that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Reconstitute the lyophilized powder in 10 mM HCl up to 1mg/ml.

**Storage & Stability**  
Upon receiving, this product remains stable for up to 6 months at lower than -70°C. Upon reconstitution, the product should be stable for up to 1 week at 4°C or up to 3 months at -20°C. For long term storage it is recommended that a carrier protein (example 0.1% BSA) be added. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

**LR3-IGF-I - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 3479

**Other Names**  
Insulin-like growth factor 1 {ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:5464}, Insulin-like growth factor I, IGF-I, Mechano growth factor, MGF, Somatomedin-C, IGF1 ([http://www.genenames.org/cgi-bin/gene\\_symbol\\_report?hgnc\\_id=5464](http://www.genenames.org/cgi-bin/gene_symbol_report?hgnc_id=5464))  
HGNC:5464

**Target Background**  
IGF-1 is a well-characterized basic peptide secreted by the liver that circulates in the blood. It has

growth-regulating, insulin-like, mitogenic activities. IGF-1 is a growth factor that has a major, but not absolute, dependence on somatotropin. It is believed to be mainly active in adults in contrast to IGF-2, which is also a major fetal growth factor. Human Long R3 Insulin-like Growth Factor-1 (rhLR3IGF-1) contains an 83 amino acid analog of human IGF-I. Compared to the complete human IGF-I sequence, an addition of the rhLR3IGF-1 includes the substitution of an Arg for the Glu at position 3 (hence R3) and a 13 amino acid extension peptide at the N-terminus. An enhanced potency is due to the markedly decreased binding of human Long-R3-IGF-I to IGF binding proteins which normally inhibit the biological actions of IGFs.

## LR3-IGF-I - Protein Information

**Name** IGF1 ([HGNC:5464](#))

### Function

The insulin-like growth factors, isolated from plasma, are structurally and functionally related to insulin but have a much higher growth-promoting activity. May be a physiological regulator of [1-14C]- 2-deoxy-D-glucose (2DG) transport and glycogen synthesis in osteoblasts. Stimulates glucose transport in bone-derived osteoblastic (PyMS) cells and is effective at much lower concentrations than insulin, not only regarding glycogen and DNA synthesis but also with regard to enhancing glucose uptake. May play a role in synapse maturation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21076856" target="\_blank">21076856</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24132240" target="\_blank">24132240</a>). Ca(2+)-dependent exocytosis of IGF1 is required for sensory perception of smell in the olfactory bulb (By similarity). Acts as a ligand for IGF1R. Binds to the alpha subunit of IGF1R, leading to the activation of the intrinsic tyrosine kinase activity which autophosphorylates tyrosine residues in the beta subunit thus initiating a cascade of down-stream signaling events leading to activation of the PI3K-AKT/PKB and the Ras-MAPK pathways. Binds to integrins ITGAV:ITGB3 and ITGA6:ITGB4. Its binding to integrins and subsequent ternary complex formation with integrins and IGFR1 are essential for IGF1 signaling. Induces the phosphorylation and activation of IGFR1, MAPK3/ERK1, MAPK1/ERK2 and AKT1 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19578119" target="\_blank">19578119</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22351760" target="\_blank">22351760</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23243309" target="\_blank">23243309</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23696648" target="\_blank">23696648</a>). As part of the MAPK/ERK signaling pathway, acts as a negative regulator of apoptosis in cardiomyocytes via promotion of STUB1/CHIP-mediated ubiquitination and degradation of ICER-type isoforms of CREM (By similarity).

### Cellular Location

Secreted {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P05017}.

## LR3-IGF-I - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

## LR3-IGF-I - Images

