

MIP-3 α /CCL20
Catalog # PVGS1206**Specification**

MIP-3 α /CCL20 - Product Information

Primary Accession [O89093](#)
Species
Mouse

Sequence
Ala28-Met97

Purity
> 96% as analyzed by SDS-PAGE
 > 96% as analyzed by HPLC

Endotoxin Level
< 1 EU/ μ g of protein by LAL method

Biological Activity
Fully biologically active when compared to standard. The biologically active determined by a chemotaxis bioassay using human CCR6 transfected murine BaF3 cells is in a concentration range of 0.1-10.0 ng/ml.

Expression System
E. coli

Theoretical Molecular Weight
8 kDa

Formulation **Lyophilized from a 0.2 μ m filtered solution in PBS, pH 7.4.**

Reconstitution
It is recommended that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Reconstitute the lyophilized powder in sterile distilled water or aqueous buffer containing 0.1 % BSA to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/ml.

Storage & Stability
Upon receiving, this product remains stable for up to 6 months at -70°C or -20°C. Upon reconstitution, the product should be stable for up to 1 week at 4°C or up to 3 months at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

MIP-3 α /CCL20 - Additional Information

Gene ID 20297

Other Names
C-C motif chemokine 20, Beta-chemokine exodus-1, CC chemokine LARC, CC chemokine ST38, Liver and activation-regulated chemokine, Macrophage inflammatory protein 3 alpha, MIP-3-alpha, Small-inducible cytokine A20, Ccl20, Larc, Scya20

Target Background

Macrophage Inflammatory Protein-3 (MIP-3 α), also known as chemokine (C-C motif) ligand 20 (CCL20) or liver activation regulated chemokine (LARC), is a small cytokine belonging to the CC chemokine family. MIP-3 α is expressed in the liver, lymph nodes, appendix, PBL and lung and can signal through the CCR6 receptor. It is strongly chemotactic for lymphocytes and weakly attracts neutrophils. MIP-3 α is implicated in the formation and function of mucosal lymphoid tissues via chemoattraction of lymphocytes and dendritic cells toward the epithelial cells surrounding these tissues. Additionally, it promotes the adhesion of memory CD4⁺ T cells and inhibits colony formation of bone marrow myeloid immature progenitors.

MIP-3 α /CCL20 - Protein Information

Name Ccl20

Synonyms Larc, Scya20

Function

Acts as a ligand for C-C chemokine receptor CCR6. Signals through binding and activation of CCR6 and induces a strong chemotactic response and mobilization of intracellular calcium ions (PubMed: [20068036](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20068036)), (PubMed: [9862452](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9862452)). The ligand-receptor pair CCL20-CCR6 is responsible for the chemotaxis of dendritic cells (DC), effector/memory T-cells and B-cells and plays an important role at skin and mucosal surfaces under homeostatic and inflammatory conditions, as well as in pathology, including cancer and autoimmune diseases (PubMed: [21376174](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21376174)). CCL20 acts as a chemotactic factor that attracts lymphocytes and, slightly, neutrophils, but not monocytes (By similarity). Involved in the recruitment of both the pro-inflammatory IL17 producing helper T-cells (Th17) and the regulatory T-cells (Treg) to sites of inflammation (PubMed: [19050256](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19050256)). Required for optimal migration of thymic natural regulatory T cells (nTregs) and DN1 early thymocyte progenitor cells (PubMed: [24638065](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24638065)). Positively regulates sperm motility and chemotaxis via its binding to CCR6 which triggers Ca²⁺ mobilization in the sperm which is important for its motility (PubMed: [25122636](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25122636)). May be involved in formation and function of the mucosal lymphoid tissues by attracting lymphocytes and dendritic cells towards epithelial cells (PubMed: [10064080](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10064080)).

Cellular Location

Secreted {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P78556}.

Tissue Location

Thymic medulla (at protein level). Prominently expressed in the small intestine, colon and appendix. Also found in thymus, spleen, lymph node and lung. The long form might be dominant in intestinal, and the short form in lymphoid tissues. Expressed by IL17 producing helper T-cells (Th17).

MIP-3 α /CCL20 - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)

- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

MIP-3 α /CCL20 - Images