

#### Eotaxin/CCL11

Catalog # PVGS1140

#### **Specification**

#### **Eotaxin/CCL11 - Product Information**

Primary Accession
Species
Mouse

P48298

**Sequence** 

His24-Pro97

**Purity** 

> 96% as analyzed by SDS-PAGE<br/>br>> 96% as analyzed by HPLC

**Endotoxin Level** 

< 1 EU/  $\mu g$  of protein by LAL method

**Biological Activity** 

Fully biologically active when compared to standard. The biological activity determined by a chemotaxis bioassay using purified eosinophils is in a concentration range of 100.0-1000.0 ng/ml.

**Expression System** 

E. coli

**Theoretical Molecular Weight** 

8.4 kDa

Formulation

Lyophilized from a 0.2  $\mu$ m filtered solution in PBS, pH 7.4.

Reconstitution

It is recommended that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Reconstitute the lyophilized powder in sterile distilled water or aqueous buffer containing 0.1% BSA to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/ml.

Storage & Stability

Upon receiving, this product remains stable for up to 6 months at -70°C or -20°C. Upon reconstitution, the product should be stable for up to 1 week at 4°C or up to 3 months at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

## **Eotaxin/CCL11 - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 20292

**Other Names** 

Eotaxin, C-C motif chemokine 11, Eosinophil chemotactic protein, Small-inducible cytokine A11, Ccl11, Scya11

**Target Background** 



CCL11 is a potent eosinophil chemoattractant that was originally purified from bronchoalveolar lavage fluid of guinea pigs sensitized by aerosol challenge with ovalbumin. Human CCL11 cDNA encodes a 97 amino acid residue precursor protein from which the aminoterminal 23 amino acid residues are cleaved to generate the 74 amino acid residue mature human CCL11. At the protein sequence level, mature human CCL11 is approximately 60% identical to mature mouse and guinea pig CCL11. Human CCL11 is chemotactic for eosinophils, but not mononuclear cells or neutrophils. The CC chemokine receptor 3 (CCR3) has now been identified to be a specific human CCL11 receptor. CCR3 has also been shown to serve as a cofactor for a restricted subset of primary HIV viruses and binding of CCL11 to CCR3 inhibited infection by the HIV isolates.

### **Eotaxin/CCL11 - Protein Information**

Name Ccl11

Synonyms Scya11

#### **Function**

In response to the presence of allergens, this protein directly promotes the accumulation of eosinophils (a prominent feature of allergic inflammatory reactions), but not lymphocytes, macrophages or neutrophils (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/7568052" target="\_blank">7568052</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8574847" target=" blank">8574847</a>). Binds to CCR3 (By similarity).

#### **Cellular Location**

Secreted.

#### **Tissue Location**

Expressed constitutively in the thymus. Expression inducible in the lung (type I alveolar epithelial cells), intestine, heart, spleen, kidney.

#### **Eotaxin/CCL11 - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# **Eotaxin/CCL11 - Images**