

OBFC1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide
Synthetic peptide
Catalog # BP16810b**Specification**

OBFC1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Product InformationPrimary Accession [O9H668](#)**OBFC1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Additional Information**

Gene ID 79991

Other Names

CST complex subunit STN1, Oligonucleotide/oligosaccharide-binding fold-containing protein 1, Suppressor of cdc thirteen homolog, OBFC1, STN1

Format

Peptides are lyophilized in a solid powder format. Peptides can be reconstituted in solution using the appropriate buffer as needed.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C.

Precautions

This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

OBFC1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protein InformationName STN1 ([HGNC:26200](#))

Synonyms OBFC1

Function

Component of the CST complex proposed to act as a specialized replication factor promoting DNA replication under conditions of replication stress or natural replication barriers such as the telomere duplex. The CST complex binds single-stranded DNA with high affinity in a sequence-independent manner, while isolated subunits bind DNA with low affinity by themselves. Initially the CST complex has been proposed to protect telomeres from DNA degradation (PubMed: [19854130](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19854130)). However, the CST complex has been shown to be involved in several aspects of telomere replication. The CST complex inhibits telomerase and is involved in telomere length homeostasis; it is proposed to bind to newly telomerase-synthesized 3' overhangs and to terminate telomerase action implicating the association with the ACD:POT1 complex thus interfering with its telomerase stimulation activity. The CST complex is also proposed to be involved in fill-in synthesis of the telomeric C-strand probably implicating recruitment and activation of DNA polymerase alpha (PubMed: [22763445](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22763445), PubMed: [22964711](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22964711)). The CST complex facilitates recovery from many forms of exogenous DNA damage; seems to be

involved in the re-initiation of DNA replication at repaired forks and/or dormant origins (PubMed:25483097). Required for efficient replication of the duplex region of the telomere. Promotes efficient replication of lagging-strand telomeres (PubMed:22863775, PubMed:22964711). Promotes general replication start following replication-fork stalling implicating new origin firing (PubMed:22863775). May be involved in C-strand fill-in during late S/G2 phase independent of its role in telomere duplex replication (PubMed:23142664).

Cellular Location

Nucleus. Chromosome, telomere

OBFC1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Blocking Peptides](#)

OBFC1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Images

OBFC1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - Background

OBFC1 and C17ORF68 (MIM 613129) are subunits of an alphaaccessory factor (AAF) that stimulates the activity of DNA polymerase-alpha-primase (see MIM 176636), the enzyme that initiates DNA replication (Casteel et al., 2009 [PubMed 19119139]). OBFC1 also appears to function in a telomere-associated complex with C17ORF68 and TEN1 (C17ORF106; MIM 613130) (Miyake et al., 2009 [PubMed 19854130]).

OBFC1 Antibody (C-term) Blocking Peptide - References

Levy, D., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 107(20):9293-9298(2010) Miyake, Y., et al. Mol. Cell 36(2):193-206(2009) Wan, M., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 284(39):26725-26731(2009) Casteel, D.E., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 284(9):5807-5818(2009) Lamesch, P., et al. Genomics 89(3):307-315(2007)