

### **DHCR7 Antibody (C-term)**

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AW5628

### **Specification**

### **DHCR7 Antibody (C-term) - Product Information**

Application IF, WB,E Primary Accession Q9UBM7

Reactivity Human, Mouse Host Rabbit

Clonality Polyclonal

Calculated MW H=54;M=54 KDa Isotype Rabbit IgG Antigen Source HUMAN

# DHCR7 Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information

**Gene ID 1717** 

**Antigen Region** 

437-463

### **Other Names**

7-dehydrocholesterol reductase, 7-DHC reductase, Putative sterol reductase SR-2, Sterol Delta(7)-reductase, DHCR7, D7SR

#### **Dilution**

IF~~1:25 WB~~1:2000

#### **Target/Specificity**

This DHCR7 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 437-463 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human DHCR7.

#### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

#### **Precautions**

DHCR7 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

### **DHCR7 Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information**

Name DHCR7 (HGNC:2860)

Synonyms D7SR



#### **Function**

Oxidoreductase that catalyzes the last step of the cholesterol synthesis pathway, which transforms cholesta-5,7-dien- 3beta-ol (7-dehydrocholesterol,7-DHC) into cholesterol by reducing the C7-C8 double bond of its sterol core (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25637936" target=" blank">25637936</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/38297129" target=" blank">38297129</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/38297130" target=" blank">38297130</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9465114" target="\_blank">9465114</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9634533" target="blank">9634533</a>). Can also metabolize cholesta-5,7,24-trien-3beta-ol (7-dehydrodemosterol, 7-DHD) to desmosterol, which is then metabolized by the Delta(24)-sterol reductase (DHCR24) to cholesterol (By similarity). Modulates ferroptosis (a form of regulated cell death driven by iron-dependent lipid peroxidation) through the metabolic breakdown of the antiferroptotic metabolites 7-DHC and 7-DHD which, when accumulated, divert the propagation of peroxyl radical-mediated damage from phospholipid components to its sterol core, protecting plasma and mitochondrial membranes from phospholipid autoxidation (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/38297129" target=" blank">38297129</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/38297130" target="blank">38297130</a>).

#### **Cellular Location**

Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein

#### **Tissue Location**

Widely expressed. Most abundant in adrenal gland, liver, testis, and brain.

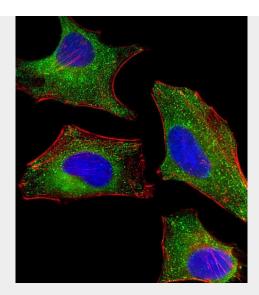
### **DHCR7 Antibody (C-term) - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

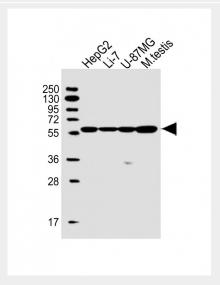
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

### **DHCR7 Antibody (C-term) - Images**





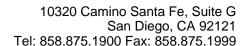
Immunofluorescent analysis of 4% paraformaldehyde-fixed, 0. 1% Triton X-100 permeabilized HeLa (human cervical epithelial adenocarcinoma cell line) cells labeling Pdx1 with AP11452B at 1/25 dilution, followed by Dylight® 488-conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG (NK179883) secondary antibody at 1/200 dilution (green). Immunofluorescence image showing cytoplasm staining on HeLa cell line. Cytoplasmic actin is detected with Dylight® 554 Phalloidin (PD18466410) at 1/100 dilution (red). The nuclear counter stain is DAPI (blue).



All lanes: Anti-DHCR7 Antibody (C-term) at 1:2000 dilution Lane 1: HepG2 whole cell lysate Lane 2: Li-7 whole cell lysate Lane 3: U-87MG whole cell lysate Lane 4: mouse testis lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size: 54 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

### DHCR7 Antibody (C-term) - Background

This gene encodes an enzyme that removes the C(7-8) double bond in the B ring of sterols and catalyzes the conversion of 7-dehydrocholesterol to cholesterol. This gene is ubiquitously expressed and its transmembrane protein localizes to the endoplasmic reticulum membrane and nuclear outer membrane. Mutations in this gene cause Smith-Lemli-Opitz syndrome (SLOS); a syndrome that is metabolically characterized by reduced serum cholesterol levels and elevated serum 7-dehydrocholesterol levels





and phenotypically characterized by mental retardation, facial dysmorphism, syndactyly of second and third toes, and holoprosencephaly in severe cases to minimal physical abnormalities and near-normal intelligence in mild cases. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants that encode the same protein.

## **DHCR7 Antibody (C-term) - References**

Bailey, S.D., et al. Diabetes Care 33(10):2250-2253(2010) Koo, G., et al. Am. J. Med. Genet. A 152A (8), 2094-2098 (2010): Wang, T.J., et al. Lancet 376(9736):180-188(2010) Ahn, J., et al. Hum. Mol. Genet. 19(13):2739-2745(2010) Jugessur, A., et al. PLoS ONE 5 (7), E11493 (2010):