10320 Camino Santa Fe, Suite G
San Diego, CA 92121
Tel: 858.875.1900 Fax: 858.875.1999

HAO1 Antibody (Center)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AW5452

Specification

HAO1 Antibody (Center) - Product Information

Application	**WB,E**
Primary Accession	Q9UJM8
Other Accession	Q9WU19
Reactivity	**Human, Mouse, Rat**
Host	**Rabbit**
Clonality	**Polyclonal**
Calculated MW	**H=41;M=41;R=41 KDa**
Isotype	**Rabbit IgG**
Antigen Source	**HUMAN**

HAO1 Antibody (Center) - Additional Information

Gene ID 54363

Antigen Region
157-185

Other Names
Hydroxyacid oxidase 1, HAOX1, Glycolate oxidase, GOX, HAO1, GOX1, HAOX1

Dilution
WB~~1:1000

Target/Specificity
This HAO1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 157-185 amino acids from the Central region of human HAO1.

Format
Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage
Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions
HAO1 Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

HAO1 Antibody (Center) - Protein Information

Name HAO1 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:10978532, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:4809}

Function
Broad substrate specificity (S)-2-hydroxy-acid oxidase that preferentially oxidizes glycolate (PubMed:10777549, PubMed:10978532, PubMed:17669354, PubMed:18215067). The glyoxylate produced by the oxidation of glycolate can then be utilized by alanine-glyoxylate aminotransferase for the peroxisomal synthesis of glycine; this pathway appears to be an important step for the detoxification of glyoxylate which, if allowed to accumulate, may be metabolized to oxalate with formation of kidney stones (PubMed:10978532, PubMed:17669354). Can also catalyze the oxidation of glyoxylate, and long chain hydroxyacids such as 2-hydroxyhexadecanoate and 2-hydroxyoctanoate, albeit with much lower catalytic efficiency (PubMed:10777549, PubMed:17669354, PubMed:18215067). Active in vitro with the artificial electron acceptor 2,6-dichlorophenolindophenol (DCIP), but O2 is believed to be the physiological electron acceptor, leading to the production of H2O2 (PubMed:10777549, PubMed:10978532, PubMed:17669354, PubMed:18215067). Is not active on L-lactate and 2-hydroxybutanoate (PubMed:10777549).

Cellular Location
Peroxisome matrix.

Tissue Location
Highly expressed in liver.

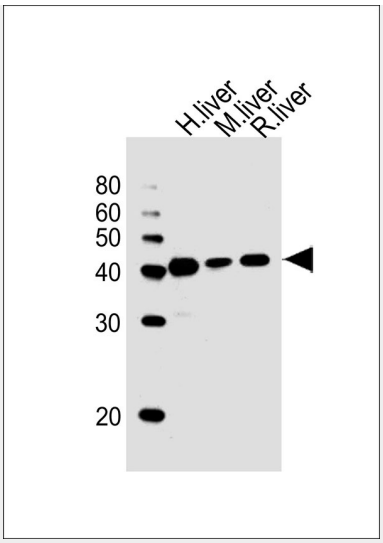
HAO1 Antibody (Center) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

HAO1 Antibody (Center) - Images

10320 Camino Santa Fe, Suite G
San Diego, CA 92121
Tel: 858.875.1900 Fax: 858.875.1999



All lanes : Anti-HAO1 Antibody (Center) at 1:1000 dilution Lane 1: human liver lysates Lane 2: mouse liver lysates Lane 3: rat liver lysates Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L),Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution Predicted band size : 41 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

HAO1 Antibody (Center) - Background

HAO1 is most active on glycolate, a two-carbon substrate. The protein is also active on 2-hydroxy fatty acids.

HAO1 Antibody (Center) - References

Jones,J.M., et.al., J. Biol. Chem. 275 (17), 12590-12597 (2000)
Kohler,S.A., et.al., J. Biol. Chem. 274 (4), 2401-2407 (1999)