

TAF10 Antibody (Center)
Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AW5214

Specification

TAF10 Antibody (Center) - Product Information

Application	WB,E
Primary Accession	Q12962
Other Accession	Q8K0H5 , NP_006275.1
Reactivity	Human
Predicted	Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	H=22;M=22 KDa
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Antigen Source	HUMAN

TAF10 Antibody (Center) - Additional Information

Gene ID 6881

Antigen Region
121-150

Other Names
TAF10; TAF2A; TAF2H; TAFII30; Transcription initiation factor TFIID subunit 10; STAF28;
Transcription initiation factor TFIID 30 kDa subunit

Dilution
WB~~1:1000

Target/Specificity
This TAF10 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 121-150 amino acids from the Central region of human TAF10.

Format
Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage
Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions
TAF10 Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

TAF10 Antibody (Center) - Protein Information

Name TAF10

Synonyms TAF2A, TAF2H, TAFII30

Function

The TFIID basal transcription factor complex plays a major role in the initiation of RNA polymerase II (Pol II)-dependent transcription (PubMed: [33795473](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/33795473)). TFIID recognizes and binds promoters with or without a TATA box via its subunit TBP, a TATA-box-binding protein, and promotes assembly of the pre-initiation complex (PIC) (PubMed: [33795473](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/33795473)). The TFIID complex consists of TBP and TBP-associated factors (TAFs), including TAF1, TAF2, TAF3, TAF4, TAF5, TAF6, TAF7, TAF8, TAF9, TAF10, TAF11, TAF12 and TAF13 (PubMed: [33795473](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/33795473)). TAF10 is also component of the PCAF histone acetylase complex, the TATA-binding protein-free TAF complex (TFTC) and the STAGA transcription coactivator-HAT complex (PubMed: [10373431](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10373431), PubMed: [11564863](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11564863), PubMed: [12601814](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12601814), PubMed: [18206972](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18206972), PubMed: [9885574](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9885574)). May regulate cyclin E expression (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Nucleus

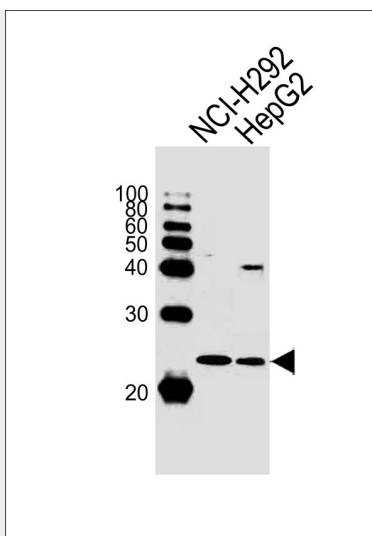
TAF10 Antibody (Center) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

TAF10 Antibody (Center) - Images





Western blot analysis of lysates from NCI-H292, HepG2 cell line (from left to right), using TAF10 Antibody (Center) (Cat. #AW5214). AW5214 was diluted at 1:1000 at each lane. A goat anti-rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) at 1:10000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody.

TAF10 Antibody (Center) - Background

Initiation of transcription by RNA polymerase II requires the activities of more than 70 polypeptides. The protein that coordinates these activities is transcription factor IID (TFIID), which binds to the core promoter to position the polymerase properly, serves as the scaffold for assembly of the remainder of the transcription complex, and acts as a channel for regulatory signals. TFIID is composed of the TATA-binding protein (TBP) and a group of evolutionarily conserved proteins known as TBP-associated factors or TAFs. TAFs may participate in basal transcription, serve as coactivators, function in promoter recognition or modify general transcription factors (GTFs) to facilitate complex assembly and transcription initiation. This gene encodes one of the small subunits of TFIID that is associated with a subset of TFIID complexes. Studies with human and mammalian cells have shown that this subunit is required for transcriptional activation by the estrogen receptor, for progression through the cell cycle, and may also be required for certain cellular differentiation programs.

TAF10 Antibody (Center) - References

- Egloff, S., et al. *J. Biol. Chem.* 285(27):20564-20569(2010)
- Ma, Y., et al. *J. Biol. Chem.* 285(13):9813-9822(2010)
- Zhao, Y., et al. *Mol. Cell* 29(1):92-101(2008)
- Hao, H., et al. *Oncogene* 26(57):7872-7884(2007)
- Couture, J.F., et al. *Nat. Struct. Mol. Biol.* 13(2):140-146(2006)