

SUMO2/3 Antibody (C-term)
Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AW5087

Specification

SUMO2/3 Antibody (C-term) - Product Information

| | |
|-------------------------|---|
| Application | IF, WB,E |
| Primary Accession | P55854 |
| Other Accession | Q7SZ22 , Q5XIF4 , Q9Z172 , Q6DI05 , Q17OV3 , P61959 , P61958 , P61957 , Q2PFW2 , P61956 , Q6DHL4 , Q6LDZ8 , Q5ZJM9 , P61955 , Q6NV25 , Q6GPW2 , Q7ZTK7 |
| Reactivity Predicted | Human, Mouse Xenopus, Zebrafish, Bovine, Chicken, Hamster, Monkey, Pig, Rat |
| Host | Rabbit |
| Clonality | Polyclonal |
| Calculated MW | H=12;M=12;Rat=12 KDa |
| Isotype | Rabbit IgG |
| Antigen Source | HUMAN |

SUMO2/3 Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 6612

Antigen Region
49-81

Other Names
SUMO3; SMT3B; SMT3H1; Small ubiquitin-related modifier 3; SMT3 homolog 1; SUMO-2;
Ubiquitin-like protein SMT3B

Dilution
IF~~1:25
WB~~1:1000

Target/Specificity
This SUMO2/3 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 49-81 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human SUMO2/3.

Format
Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

Storage
Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions
SUMO2/3 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic

procedures.

SUMO2/3 Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information

Name SUMO3 ([HGNC:11124](#))

Function

Ubiquitin-like protein which can be covalently attached to target lysines either as a monomer or as a lysine-linked polymer. Does not seem to be involved in protein degradation and may function as an antagonist of ubiquitin in the degradation process. Plays a role in a number of cellular processes such as nuclear transport, DNA replication and repair, mitosis and signal transduction. Covalent attachment to its substrates requires prior activation by the E1 complex SAE1-SAE2 and linkage to the E2 enzyme UBE2I, and can be promoted by an E3 ligase such as PIAS1-4, RANBP2 or CBX4 (PubMed: [11451954](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11451954), PubMed: [18538659](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18538659), PubMed: [21965678](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21965678)). Plays a role in the regulation of sumoylation status of SETX (PubMed: [24105744](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24105744)).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Nucleus, PML body

Tissue Location

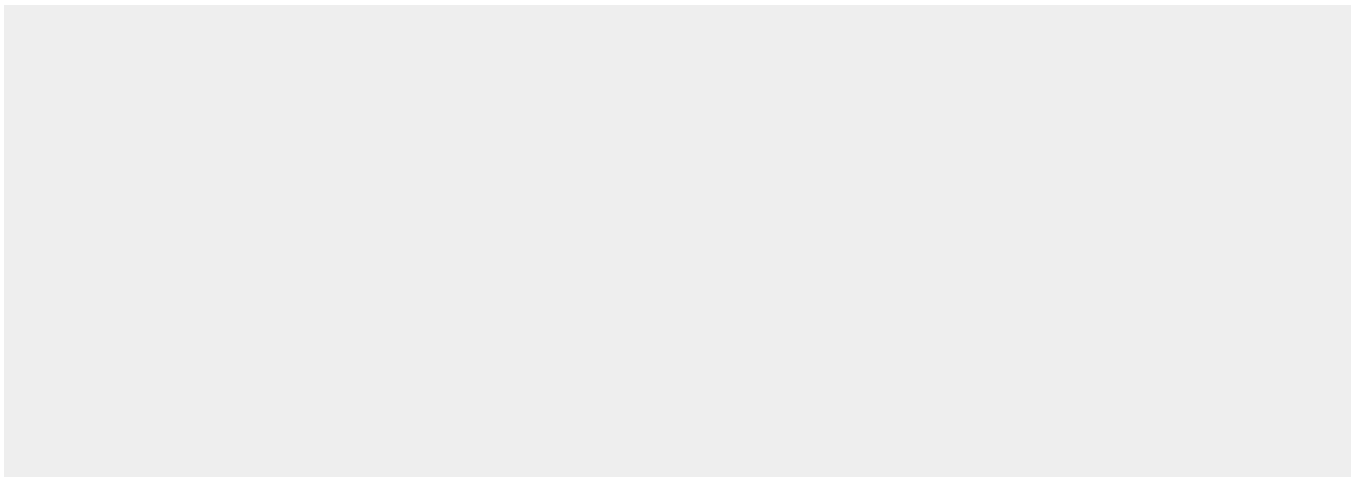
Expressed predominantly in liver.

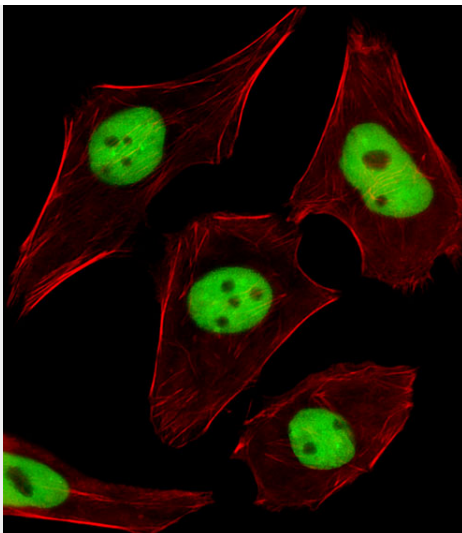
SUMO2/3 Antibody (C-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

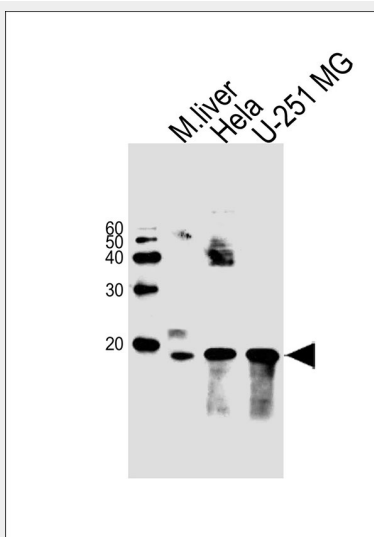
- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

SUMO2/3 Antibody (C-term) - Images





Fluorescent image of U251 cells stained with SUMO2/3 Antibody(C-term) (Cat#AW5087). AW5087 was diluted at 1:25 dilution. An Alexa Fluor 488-conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG at 1:400 dilution was used as the secondary antibody (green). Cytoplasmic actin was counterstained with Alexa Fluor® 555 conjugated with Phalloidin (red).



Western blot analysis of lysates from mouse liver tissue, HeLa, U-251 MG cell line (from left to right), using SUMO2/3 Antibody (C-term)(Cat. #AW5087). AW5087 was diluted at 1:1000 at each lane. A goat anti-rabbit IgG H&L(HRP) at 1:10000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody.

SUMO2/3 Antibody (C-term) - Background

SUMO2 and SUMO3 are members of the SUMO (small ubiquitin-like modifier) protein family. This protein family functions in a manner similar to ubiquitin in that it is bound to target proteins as part of a post-translational modification system. However, unlike ubiquitin which targets proteins for degradation, this protein is involved in a variety of cellular processes, such as nuclear transport, transcriptional regulation, apoptosis, and protein stability. In vertebrates, three members of the SUMO family have been described, SUMO 1 and the functionally distinct homologues SUMO 2 and SUMO 3. SUMO modification sites present in the N terminal regions of SUMO 2 and SUMO 3 are utilized by SAE1/SAE2 (SUMO E1) and Ubc9 (SUMO E2) to form polymeric chains of SUMO 2 and SUMO 3 on protein substrates, a property not shared by SUMO 1.

SUMO2/3 Antibody (C-term) - References

Strausberg, R.L., et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 99(26):16899-16903 (2002).
Lapenta, V., et al., Genomics 40(2):362-366 (1997).