

PPARD Antibody (monoclonal) (M01)

Mouse monoclonal antibody raised against a full length recombinant PPARD.

Catalog # AT3394a

Specification

PPARD Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Product Information

Application	WB, E
Primary Accession	Q03181
Other Accession	BC002715
Reactivity	Human
Host	mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	IgG1 kappa
Calculated MW	49903

PPARD Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Additional Information

Gene ID 5467

Other Names

Peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor delta, PPAR-delta, NUC1, Nuclear hormone receptor 1, NUC1, Nuclear receptor subfamily 1 group C member 2, Peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor beta, PPAR-beta, PPARD, NR1C2, PPARB

Target/Specificity

PPARD (AAH02715, 1 a.a. ~ 361 a.a) full-length recombinant protein with GST tag. MW of the GST tag alone is 26 KDa.

Dilution

WB~~1:500~1000

Format

Clear, colorless solution in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.2 .

Storage

Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Precautions

PPARD Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

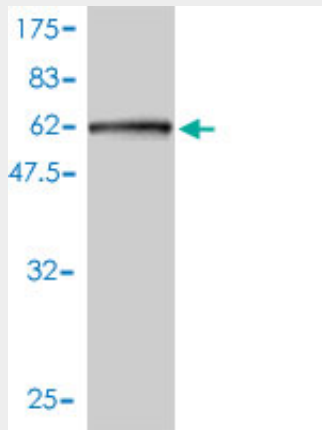
PPARD Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

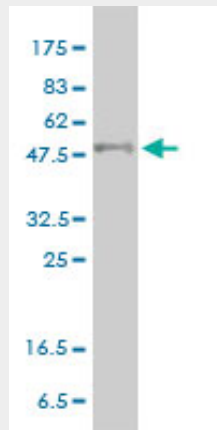
- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)

- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

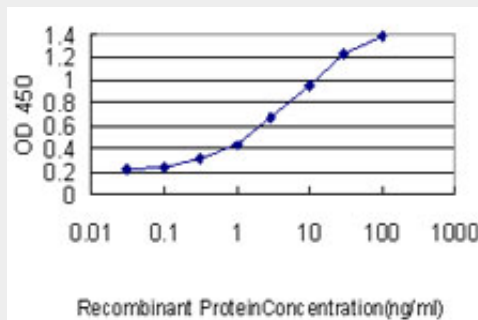
PPARD Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Images



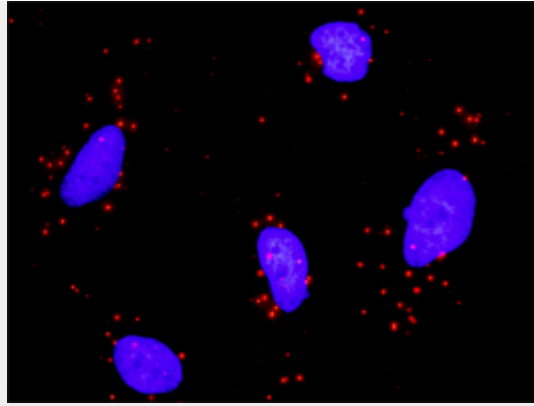
Antibody Reactive Against Recombinant Protein. Western Blot detection against Immunogen (65.45 KDa) .



PPARD monoclonal antibody (M01), clone 4E3-1B11 Western Blot analysis of PPARD expression in Jurkat ((Cat # AT3394a)



Detection limit for recombinant GST tagged PPARD is approximately 0.03ng/ml as a capture antibody.



Proximity Ligation Analysis of protein-protein interactions between HDAC2 and PPAR δ HeLa cells were stained with anti-HDAC2 rabbit purified polyclonal 1:1200 and anti-PPAR δ mouse monoclonal antibody 1:50. Each red dot represents the detection of protein-protein interaction complex, and nuclei were counterstained with DAPI (blue).

PPAR δ Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Background

This gene encodes a member of the peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor (PPAR) family. PPARs are nuclear hormone receptors that bind peroxisome proliferators and control the size and number of peroxisomes produced by cells. PPARs mediate a variety of biological processes, and may be involved in the development of several chronic diseases, including diabetes, obesity, atherosclerosis, and cancer. This protein is a potent inhibitor of ligand-induced transcription activity of PPAR alpha and PPAR gamma. It may function as an integrator of transcription repression and nuclear receptor signaling. The expression of this gene is found to be elevated in colorectal cancer cells. The elevated expression can be repressed by adenomatosis polyposis coli (APC), a tumor suppressor protein related to APC/beta-catenin signaling pathway. Knockout studies in mice suggested the role of this protein in myelination of the corpus callosum, lipid metabolism, and epidermal cell proliferation. Alternate splicing results in multiple transcript variants.

PPAR δ Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - References

1. PGC1{alpha} relationship with skeletal muscle palmitate oxidation is not present with obesity, despite maintained ained PGC1{alpha} and PGC1{beta} protein. Holloway GP, Perry CG, Thrush AB, Heigenhauser GJ, Dyck DJ, Bonen A, Spriet LL. *Am J Physiol Endocrinol Metab.* 2008 Jun;294(6):E1060-9. Epub 2008 Mar 18.