

NNT Antibody (monoclonal) (M01)

Mouse monoclonal antibody raised against a full length recombinant NNT.

Catalog # AT3073a

Specification

NNT Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Product Information

Application	IF, WB, E
Primary Accession	O13423
Other Accession	BC032370
Reactivity	Human
Host	mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	IgG1 kappa
Calculated MW	113896

NNT Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Additional Information

Gene ID 23530

Other Names

NAD(P) transhydrogenase, mitochondrial, Nicotinamide nucleotide transhydrogenase, Pyridine nucleotide transhydrogenase, NNT

Target/Specificity

NNT (AAH32370, 1 a.a. ~ 207 a.a) full-length recombinant protein with GST tag. MW of the GST tag alone is 26 KDa.

Dilution

WB~~1:500~1000

Format

Clear, colorless solution in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.2 .

Storage

Store at -20°C or lower. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Precautions

NNT Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

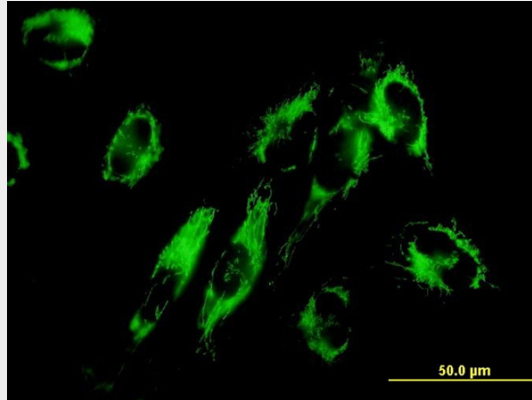
NNT Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

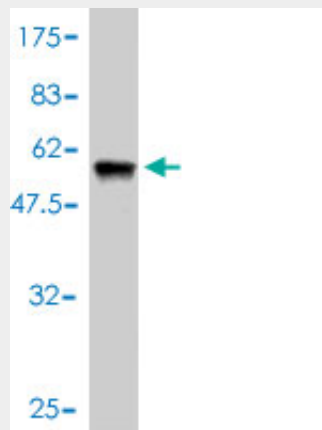
- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)

- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

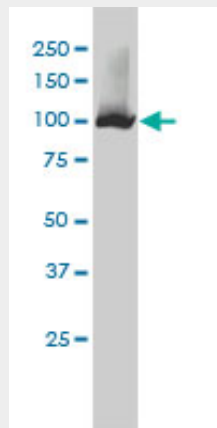
NNT Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Images



Immunofluorescence of monoclonal antibody to NNT on HepG2 cell. [antibody concentration 10 ug/ml]

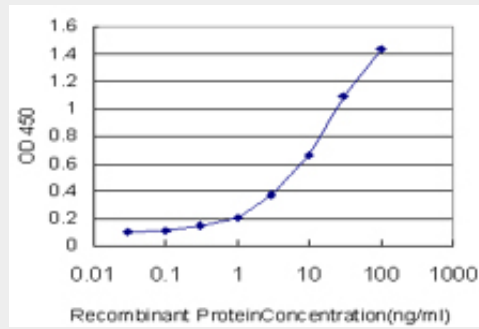


Antibody Reactive Against Recombinant Protein. Western Blot detection against Immunogen (48.51 KDa) .



NNT monoclonal antibody (M01), clone 1D6 Western Blot analysis of NNT expression in HepG2 (

(Cat # AT3073a)



Detection limit for recombinant GST tagged NNT is approximately 0.1ng/ml as a capture antibody.

NNT Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - Background

This gene encodes an integral protein of the inner mitochondrial membrane. The enzyme couples hydride transfer between NAD(H) and NADP(+) to proton translocation across the inner mitochondrial membrane. Under most physiological conditions, the enzyme uses energy from the mitochondrial proton gradient to produce high concentrations of NADPH. The resulting NADPH is used for biosynthesis and in free radical detoxification. Two alternatively spliced variants, encoding the same protein, have been found for this gene.

NNT Antibody (monoclonal) (M01) - References

1. Ethanol intoxication increases hepatic N-lysyl protein acetylation. Picklo MJ Sr. Biochem Biophys Res Commun. 2008 Nov 21;376(3):615-9. Epub 2008 Sep 18.