

Anti-ALPHA-TUBULIN (RABBIT) Antibody Biotin Conjugated
Alpha-Tubulin Antibody Biotin Conjugated
Catalog # ASR5869

Specification

Anti-ALPHA-TUBULIN (RABBIT) Antibody Biotin Conjugated - Product Information

Host	Rabbit
Conjugate	Biotin
Target Species	Human
Reactivity	Rat, Human, Mouse, Chicken, Goat, Bovine, Sheep
Clonality	Polyclonal
Application	WB, IHC, E, I, LCI
Application Note	Anti-Tubulin Loading Control Antibody has been tested for use in ELISA and western blot. Specific conditions for reactivity should be optimized by the end user. Expect a band at ~50 kDa in size corresponding to alpha tubulin by western blotting in the appropriate cell lysate or extract.
Physical State	Lyophilized
Buffer	0.02 M Potassium Phosphate, 0.15 M Sodium Chloride, pH 7.2
Immunogen	Anti-Tubulin Loading Control Antibody was prepared from whole rabbit serum produced by repeated immunizations with a synthetic peptide corresponding to the C-Terminal region near amino acids 425-451 of Human alpha Tubulin.
Reconstitution Volume	100 µL
Reconstitution Buffer	Restore with deionized water (or equivalent)
Stabilizer	10 mg/mL Bovine Serum Albumin (BSA) - Immunoglobulin and Protease free
Preservative	0.01% (w/v) Sodium Azide

Anti-ALPHA-TUBULIN (RABBIT) Antibody Biotin Conjugated - Additional Information

Gene ID 10376

Purity

Anti-Tubulin Loading Control Antibody is directed against human alpha Tubulin protein. The Loading Control Antibody was affinity purified from monospecific antiserum by immunoaffinity purification. A BLAST analysis was used to suggest that this antibody would react with alpha Tubulin from a wide range of organisms, including avian, mammalian aquatic, parasitic and alga sources based on 100% homology for the immunogen sequence. Cross reactivity will occur with all isoforms of alpha tubulin. Such broad reactivity makes this antibody useful as an excellent loading control.

Storage Condition

Store Anti-Tubulin Loading Control Antibody at 4° C prior to restoration. For extended storage aliquot Control Antibody and freeze at -20° C or below. Avoid cycles of freezing and thawing. Centrifuge Tubulin Antibody if not completely clear after standing at room temperature. This product is stable for several weeks at 4° C as an undiluted liquid. Dilute only prior to immediate use.

Precautions Note

This product is for research use only and is not intended for therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Anti-ALPHA-TUBULIN (RABBIT) Antibody Biotin Conjugated - Protein Information

Name TUBA1B

Function

Tubulin is the major constituent of microtubules, a cylinder consisting of laterally associated linear protofilaments composed of alpha- and beta-tubulin heterodimers (PubMed:34996871). Microtubules grow by the addition of GTP-tubulin dimers to the microtubule end, where a stabilizing cap forms (PubMed:34996871). Below the cap, tubulin dimers are in GDP-bound state, owing to GTPase activity of alpha- tubulin (PubMed:34996871).

Cellular Location

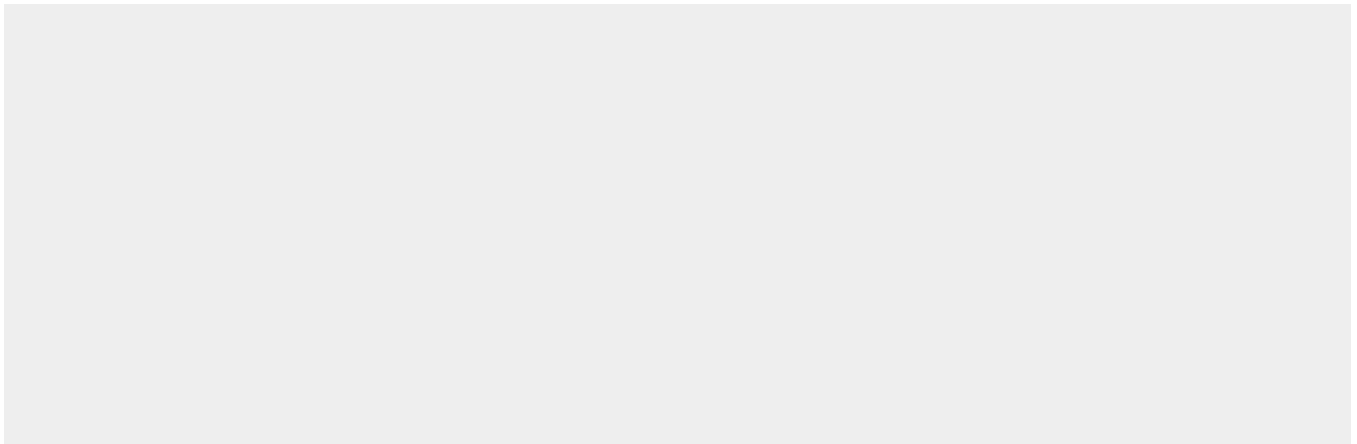
Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton

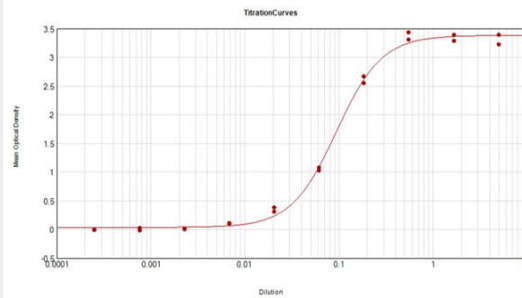
Anti-ALPHA-TUBULIN (RABBIT) Antibody Biotin Conjugated - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

Anti-ALPHA-TUBULIN (RABBIT) Antibody Biotin Conjugated - Images





ELISA Results of Purified Rabbit Anti-Alpha Tubulin Antibody Biotin Conjugated tested against purified Alpha Tubulin Biotin Conjugated. Each well was coated in duplicate with 0.1 μg of BSA conjugated Alpha Tubulin. The working dilution is 1:11,000. The starting dilution of antibody was 5 $\mu\text{g}/\text{ml}$ and the X-axis represents the Log10 of a 3-fold dilution. This titration is a 4-parameter curve fit where the IC50 is defined as the titer of the antibody. Assay performed using HRP Conjugation Stabilizer (p/n MB-076), Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG HRP conjugated (p/n 611-103-122), and TMB substrate (p/n TMBE-1000).

Anti-ALPHA-TUBULIN (RABBIT) Antibody Biotin Conjugated - Background

Microtubules are involved in a wide variety of cellular activities ranging from mitosis and transport events to cell movement and the maintenance of cell shape. Tubulin itself is a globular protein consisting of two polypeptides (alpha and beta tubulin). Alpha and beta tubulin dimers are assembled to 13 protofilaments that form a microtubule of 22-nm diameter. Tyrosine ligase adds a C-terminal tyrosine to monomeric alpha tubulin. Assembled microtubules can again be detyrosinated by a cytoskeleton-associated carboxypeptidase. Detyrosinated alpha tubulin is referred to as Glu-tubulin. Another post-translational modification of detyrosinated alpha tubulin is C-terminal polyglutamylation, which is characteristic of microtubules in neuronal cells and the mitotic spindle. This antibody makes an excellent loading control.