

Anti-HUMAN TRANSFERRIN (RABBIT) Antibody Fluorescein Conjugated

Transferrin Antibody Fluorescein Conjugated Catalog # ASR4983

Specification

Anti-HUMAN TRANSFERRIN (RABBIT) Antibody Fluorescein Conjugated - Product Information

Host Conjugate FP Value Target Species Reactivity Clonality Application Application Note	Rabbit Fluorescein (FITC) 4.5 Human Human Polyclonal WB, E, I, LCI Anti-Human transferrin Fluorescein has been tested by dot blot and western blot and is designed for immunofluorescence microscopy, fluorescence based plate assays (FLISA) and fluorescent western blotting. This product is also suitable for multiplex analysis, including multicolor imaging, utilizing various commercial platforms.
Physical State	Lyophilized
Buffer	0.02 M Potassium Phosphate, 0.15 M Sodium Chloride, pH 7.2
Immunogen	Transferrin (Human Serum)
Reconstitution Volume	500 μL
Reconstitution Buffer	Restore with deionized water (or equivalent)
Stabilizer	10 mg/ml Polyethylene Glycol (PEG-8000)
Preservative	0.01% (w/v) Sodium Azide

Anti-HUMAN TRANSFERRIN (RABBIT) Antibody Fluorescein Conjugated - Additional Information

Gene ID 7018

Other Names 7018

Purity

This product is an IgG fraction antibody purified from monospecific antiserum by a multi-step process which includes delipidation, salt fractionation and ion exchange chromatography followed by extensive dialysis against the buffer stated above. Assay by immunoelectrophoresis resulted in a single precipitin arc against anti-fluorescein, anti-Rabbit Serum and purified and partially purified Transferrin (Human Serum).

Storage Condition

Store vial at 4° C prior to restoration. For extended storage aliquot contents and freeze at -20° C



or below. Avoid cycles of freezing and thawing. Centrifuge product if not completely clear after standing at room temperature. This product is stable for several weeks at 4° C as an undiluted liquid. Dilute only prior to immediate use.

Precautions Note

This product is for research use only and is not intended for therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Anti-HUMAN TRANSFERRIN (RABBIT) Antibody Fluorescein Conjugated - Protein Information

Name TF (HGNC:11740)

Function

Transferrins are iron binding transport proteins which can bind two Fe(3+) ions in association with the binding of an anion, usually bicarbonate. It is responsible for the transport of iron from sites of absorption and heme degradation to those of storage and utilization. Serum transferrin may also have a further role in stimulating cell proliferation. (Microbial infection) Serves as an iron source for parasite T.brucei (strain 427), which capture TF via its own transferrin receptor ESAG6:ESAG7 and extract its iron for its own use.

Cellular Location Secreted.

Tissue Location Expressed by the liver and secreted in plasma.

Anti-HUMAN TRANSFERRIN (RABBIT) Antibody Fluorescein Conjugated - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- <u>Dot Blot</u>
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

Anti-HUMAN TRANSFERRIN (RABBIT) Antibody Fluorescein Conjugated - Images

Anti-HUMAN TRANSFERRIN (RABBIT) Antibody Fluorescein Conjugated - Background

Human transferrin is encoded by the TF gene and is an iron-binding blood plasma glycoprotein that controls the level of free iron in biological fluids. Human transferrin binds iron very tightly but reversibly. Human transferrin is the most important iron pool in mammals. Human transferrin has a molecular weight of around 80 kDa and contains 2 specific high-affinity Fe(III) binding sites. The affinity of Human transferrin for Fe(III) is extremely high but decreases progressively with decreasing pH below neutrality. Human Transferrin also plays a role in the immune system, creating environments low in iron for which many pathogenic bacteria are unable to thrive.