

## Antibody for the detection of FLAG™ conjugated proteins (MOUSE) Monoclonal Antibody Fluorescein Conj

DYKDDDDK Antibody same epitope as Sigma's Anti-FLAG Fluorescein Conjugated Catalog # ASR4293

### **Specification**

## Antibody for the detection of FLAG™ conjugated proteins (MOUSE) Monoclonal Antibody Fluorescein Conj - Product Information

Host Mouse

Conjugate Fluorescein (FITC)

FP Value 3.1

Clonality Monoclonal

Application I, LCI

Application Note Anti-FLAG Fluorescein has been tested in

ELISA and western blot. This antibody is optimally suited for monitoring the expression of FLAG™ tagged fusion proteins. As such, this antibody can be used to identify fusion proteins containing

the FLAG™ epitope. The antibody

recognizes the epitope tag fused to either the amino- or carboxy- termini of targeted

proteins. The epitope tag peptide sequence was first derived from the 11-amino-acid leader peptide of the gene-10 product from bacteriophage T7. DYKDDDDK is the most commonly used

hydrophilic octapeptide tag.

Physical State Lyophilized

Buffer 0.02 M Potassium Phosphate, 0.15 M

Sodium Chloride, pH 7.2

Immunogen This antibody was produced in mice by

repeated immunizations with a synthetic peptide corresponding to the FLAG™ epitope tag peptide DYKDDDK (Asp-Tyr-Lys-Asp-Asp-Asp-Asp-Lys) conjugated to KLH using maleimide.

100 uL

Reconstitution Buffer Restore with deionized water (or

equivalent)

Stabilizer 10 mg/mL Bovine Serum Albumin (BSA) -

**Immunoglobulin and Protease free** 

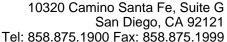
Preservative 0.01% (w/v) Sodium Azide

# Antibody for the detection of FLAG™ conjugated proteins (MOUSE) Monoclonal Antibody Fluorescein Conj - Additional Information

### **Purity**

Reconstitution Volume

This antibody is directed against the FLAG epitope tag and is useful in determining its presence in over expressed proteins in various assays. The antibody recognizes the FLAG epitope tag





(Asp-Tyr-Lys-Asp-Asp-Asp-Asp-Lys) fused to either the amino- or carboxy- termini of targeted proteins in transfected or transformed cells.

## **Storage Condition**

Store vial at 4° C prior to restoration. For extended storage aliquot contents and freeze at -20° C or below. Avoid cycles of freezing and thawing. Centrifuge product if not completely clear after standing at room temperature. This product is stable for several weeks at 4° C as an undiluted liquid. Dilute only prior to immediate use.

#### **Precautions Note**

This product is for research use only and is not intended for therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Antibody for the detection of FLAG™ conjugated proteins (MOUSE) Monoclonal Antibody Fluorescein Conj - Protein Information

Antibody for the detection of FLAG™ conjugated proteins (MOUSE) Monoclonal Antibody Fluorescein Conj - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cvtometv
- Cell Culture

Antibody for the detection of FLAG™ conjugated proteins (MOUSE) Monoclonal Antibody Fluorescein Conj - Images

Antibody for the detection of FLAG™ conjugated proteins (MOUSE) Monoclonal Antibody Fluorescein Conj - Background

Epitope tags are short peptide sequences that are easily recognized by tag-specific antibodies. Due to their small size, epitope tags do not affect the tagged protein's biochemical properties. Most often sequences encoding the epitope tag are included with target DNA at the time of cloning to produce fusion proteins containing the epitope tag sequence. This allows anti-epitope tag antibodies to serve as universal detection reagents for any tag containing protein produced by recombinant means. This means that anti-epitope tag antibodies are a useful alternative to generating specific antibodies to identify, immunoprecipitate or immunoaffinity purify a recombinant protein. The anti-epitope tag antibody is usually functional in a variety of antibody-dependent experimental procedures. Expression vectors producing epitope tag fusion proteins are available for a variety of host expression systems including bacteria, yeast, insect and mammalian cells. Rockland Immunochemicals produces anti-epitope tag antibodies against many common epitope tags including Myc, GST, GFP, 6X His, MBP, FLAG™ and HA. Rockland Immunochemicals also produces antibodies to other tags including FITC, Rhodamine (TRITC), DNP and biotin.