

**Bim EL Antibody**  
Catalog # ASC11677**Specification**

---

**Bim EL Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB, ICC, IF
Primary Accession	<a href="#">O43521</a>
Other Accession	<a href="#">NP_619527</a> , <a href="#">20336315</a>
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgG
Calculated MW	Predicted: 22 kDa

Application Notes	<b>Observed: 24 kDa KDa</b> <b>Bim EL antibody can be used for detection of Bim EL by Western blot at 1 - 2 µg/mL.</b>
-------------------	---

**Bim EL Antibody - Additional Information**Gene ID **10018****Target/Specificity**

BCL2L11; Bim EL antibody is human and mouse reactive. Multiple isoforms of Bim are known to exist; this antibody only detects the Bim EL isoform.

**Reconstitution & Storage**

Bim EL antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for up to one year.

**Precautions**

Bim EL Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**Bim EL Antibody - Protein Information**

Name BCL2L11

Synonyms BIM

**Function**

Induces apoptosis and anoikis. Isoform BimL is more potent than isoform BimEL. Isoform Bim-alpha1, isoform Bim-alpha2 and isoform Bim-alpha3 induce apoptosis, although less potent than isoform BimEL, isoform BimL and isoform BimS. Isoform Bim-gamma induces apoptosis. Isoform Bim-alpha3 induces apoptosis possibly through a caspase-mediated pathway. Isoform BimAC and isoform BimABC lack the ability to induce apoptosis.

**Cellular Location**

Endomembrane system; Peripheral membrane protein. Note=Associated with intracytoplasmic membranes. [Isoform BimL]: Mitochondrion. [Isoform Bim-alpha1]: Mitochondrion.

### Tissue Location

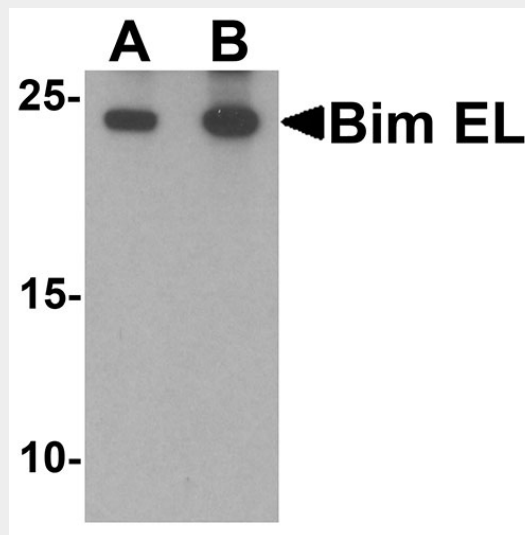
Isoform BimEL, isoform BimL and isoform BimS are the predominant isoforms and are widely expressed with tissue-specific variation. Isoform Bim-gamma is most abundantly expressed in small intestine and colon, and in lower levels in spleen, prostate, testis, heart, liver and kidney.

### Bim EL Antibody - Protocols

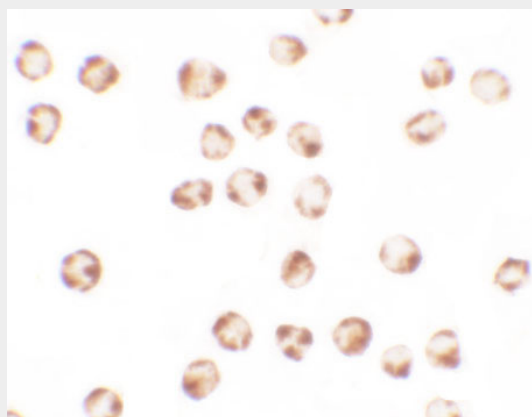
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

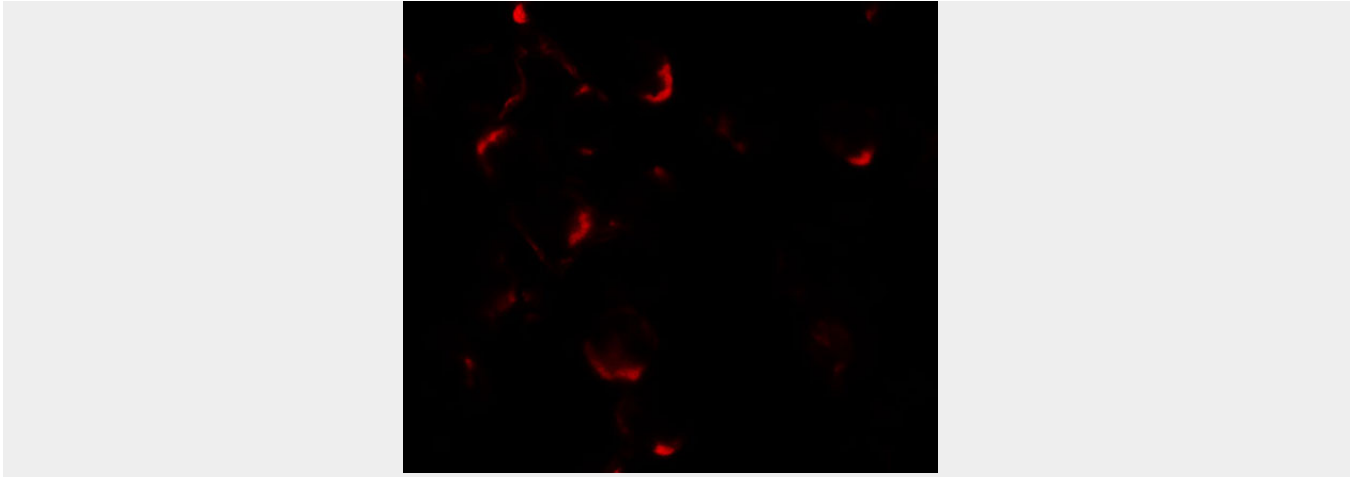
### Bim EL Antibody - Images



Western blot analysis of Bim in K562 cell lysate with Bim EL antibody at (A) 1 and (B) 2 µg/mL.



Immunocytochemistry of Bim EL in K562 cells with Bim EL antibody at 2.5 µg/ml.



Immunofluorescence of BIM EL in K562 cells with BIM EL antibody at 2.5  $\mu$ g/ml.

### **Bim EL Antibody - Background**

Bim EL Antibody: Members in the Bcl-2 family are critical regulators of apoptosis by either inhibiting or promoting cell death. Bcl-2 homology 3 (BH3) domain is a potent death domain. BH3 domain containing pro-apoptotic proteins, including Bad, Bax, Bid, Bik, and Hrk, form a growing subclass of the Bcl-2 family. Bim, also known as Bcl-2-like protein 11, is a pro-apoptotic member of this family and interacts with diverse members in the pro-survival Bcl-2 sub-family including Bcl-2, Bcl-xL and Bcl-w. Multiple isoforms of Bim are known to exist, with Bim EL being the longest isoform (1,2).

### **Bim EL Antibody - References**

O'Connor L, Strasser A, O'Reilly LA, et al. Bim: a novel member of the Bcl-2 family that promotes apoptosis. *EMBO J.* 1998; 17:384-395.  
Hsu SY, Lin P, and Hsueh AJ BOD (Bcl-2-related ovarian death gene) is an ovarian BH3 domain-containing proapoptotic Bcl-2 protein capable of dimerization with diverse antiapoptotic Bcl-2 members. *Mol. Endocrinol.* 1998; 12:1432-40.