

CCNT1 Antibody
Catalog # ASC11611**Specification****CCNT1 Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB, IHC, IF
Primary Accession	O60563
Other Accession	NP_001231 , 17978466
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgG
Calculated MW	Predicted: 80 kDa KDa
Application Notes	CCNT1 antibody can be used for detection of CCNT1 by Western blot at 1 - 2 µg/mL.

CCNT1 Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID	904
Target/Specificity	
CCNT1;	

Reconstitution & Storage

CCNT1 antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for up to one year.

Precautions

CCNT1 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

CCNT1 Antibody - Protein Information

Name CCNT1

Function

Regulatory subunit of the cyclin-dependent kinase pair (CDK9/cyclin-T1) complex, also called positive transcription elongation factor B (P-TEFb), which facilitates the transition from abortive to productive elongation by phosphorylating the CTD (C-terminal domain) of the large subunit of RNA polymerase II (RNA Pol II) (PubMed: [16109376](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16109376) target="_blank">16109376, PubMed: [16109377](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16109377) target="_blank">16109377, PubMed: [30134174](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/30134174) target="_blank">30134174, PubMed: [35393539](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/35393539) target="_blank">35393539). Required to activate the protein kinase activity of CDK9: acts by mediating formation of liquid-liquid phase separation (LLPS) that enhances binding of P-TEFb to the CTD of RNA Pol II (PubMed: [29849146](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29849146) target="_blank">29849146, PubMed: [35393539](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/35393539) target="_blank">35393539).

Cellular Location

Nucleus

Tissue Location

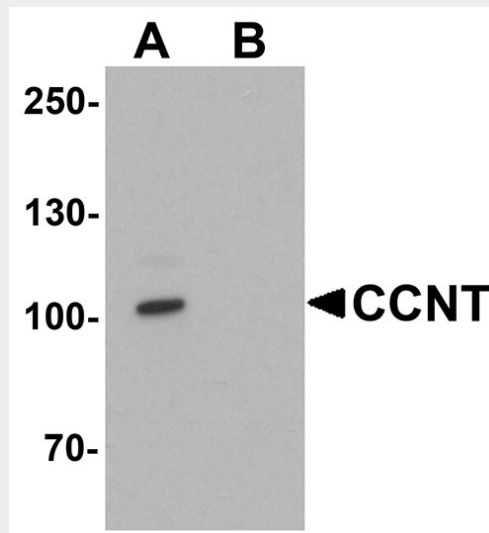
Ubiquitously expressed.

CCNT1 Antibody - Protocols

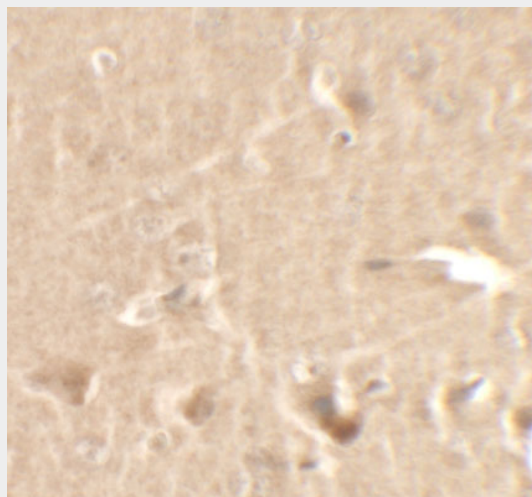
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

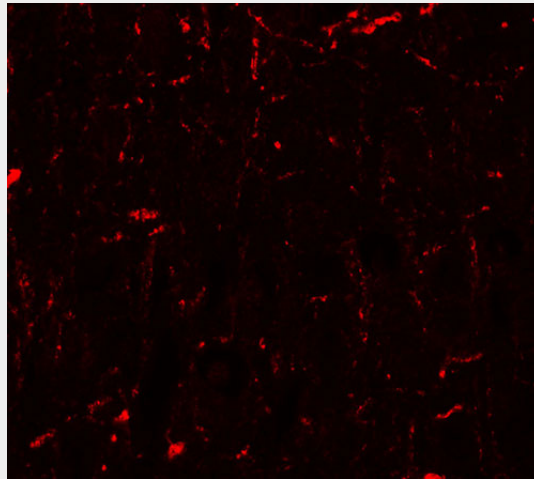
CCNT1 Antibody - Images



Western blot analysis of CCNT1 in rat brain tissue lysate with CCNT1 antibody at 1 μ g/mL in (A) the absence and (B) the presence of blocking peptide.



Immunohistochemistry of CCNT1 in rat brain tissue with CCNT1 antibody at 2.5 µg/ml.



Immunofluorescence of CCNT1 in rat brain tissue with CCNT1 antibody at 20 µg/ml.

CCNT1 Antibody - Background

CCNT1 Antibody: Cyclins function as regulators of CDK kinases and exhibit distinct expression and degradation patterns which contribute to the temporal coordination of each mitotic event. The cyclin-T1 protein (CCNT1) belongs to the highly conserved cyclin family, whose members are characterized by a dramatic periodicity in protein abundance through the cell cycle. CCNT1 tightly associates with CDK9 kinase, and was found to be a major subunit of the transcription elongation factor p-TEFb. The kinase complex containing CCNT1 and the elongation factor can interact with, and act as a cofactor of human immunodeficiency virus type 1 (HIV-1) Tat protein, and was shown to be both necessary and sufficient for full activation of viral transcription. CCNT1 and its kinase partner were also found to be involved in the phosphorylation and regulation of the carboxy-terminal domain (CTD) of the largest RNA polymerase II subunit.

CCNT1 Antibody - References

Uhlmann F, Bouchoux C, and Lopez-Aviles S. A quantitative model for cyclin-dependent kinase control of the cell cycle: revisited. *Philos. Trans. R. Soc. Lond. B. Biol. Sci.* 2011; 366:3572-83.
Wei P, Garber ME, Fang SM, et al. A novel CDK9-associated C-type cyclin interacts directly with HIV-1 Tat and mediates its high-affinity, loop-specific binding to TAR RNA. *Cell* 1998; 92:451-62.
Mancebo HS, Lee G, Flygare J, et al. P-TEFb kinase is required for HIV Tat transcriptional activation in vivo and in vitro. *Genes Dev.* 1997; 11:2633-44.
Majello B and Napolitano G. Control of RNA polymerase II activity by dedicated CTD kinases and phosphatases. *Front. Biosci.* 2001; 6:D1358-68.