

TOM70 Antibody
Catalog # ASC10817**Specification**

TOM70 Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB, IHC, IF
Primary Accession	O94826
Other Accession	NP_055635 , 54607135
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgG
Calculated MW	Predicted: 67 kDa

Application Notes	Observed: 67 kDa KDa TOM70 antibody can be used for detection of TOM70 by Western blot at 2 µg/mL. Antibody can also be used for immunohistochemistry starting at 2.5 µg/mL. For immunofluorescence start at 20 µg/mL.
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TOM70 Antibody - Additional InformationGene ID **9868****Target/Specificity**

TOMM70A; At least two isoforms of TOM70 are known to exist; this antibody will only detect the larger isoform.

Reconstitution & Storage

TOM70 antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for up to one year. As with all antibodies care should be taken to avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles. Antibodies should not be exposed to prolonged high temperatures.

Precautions

TOM70 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

TOM70 Antibody - Protein InformationName TOMM70 ([HGNC:11985](#))**Function**

Acts as a receptor of the preprotein translocase complex of the outer mitochondrial membrane (TOM complex) (PubMed:[12526792](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12526792) target="[_blank](#)">12526792). Recognizes and mediates the translocation of mitochondrial preproteins from the cytosol into the mitochondria in a chaperone dependent manner (PubMed:[12526792](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12526792) target="[_blank](#)">12526792, PubMed:[35025629](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/35025629) target="[_blank](#)">35025629). Mediates

TBK1 and IRF3 activation induced by MAVS in response to Sendai virus infection and promotes host antiviral responses during virus infection (PubMed:20628368, PubMed:25609812, PubMed:32728199). Upon Sendai virus infection, recruits HSP90AA1:IRF3:BAX in mitochondrion and the complex induces apoptosis (PubMed:25609812).

Cellular Location

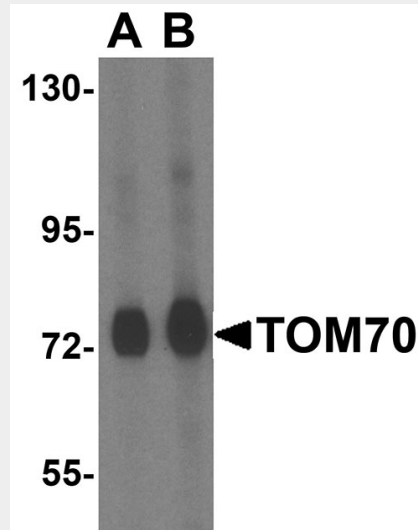
Mitochondrion outer membrane; Single-pass membrane protein

TOM70 Antibody - Protocols

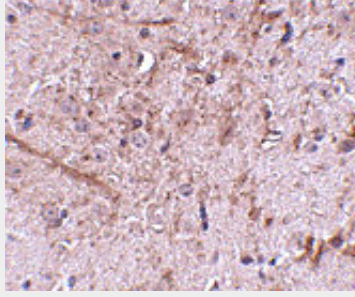
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

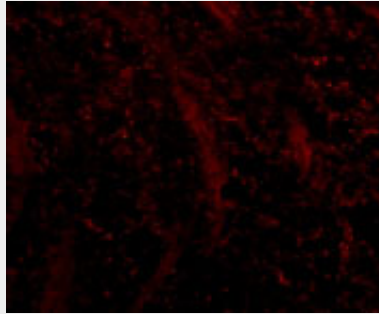
TOM70 Antibody - Images



Western blot analysis of TOM70 in mouse brain tissue lysate with TOM70 antibody at (A) 0.5 and (B) 1 µg/mL.



Immunohistochemistry of TOM70 in mouse brain tissue with TOM70 antibody at 2.5 µg/mL.



Immunofluorescence of TOM70 in Mouse Brain tissue with TOM70 antibody at 5 µg/mL.

TOM70 Antibody - Background

TOM70 Antibody: The translocase of outer mitochondrial membrane (TOM) complex is a multisubunit complex involved in the recognition, unfolding, and translocation of preproteins into the mitochondria. TOM70, an important member of the TOM complex, contains a tetratricopeptide repeat domain similar to those found in cytosolic chaperones such as Hsp90 and Hsc70 and provides a docking site for these proteins. This interaction is thought to be a critical first step in the TOM70-dependent mitochondrial import, followed by contact between the preprotein and TOM70. After targeting to TOM70, preproteins are translocated through the outer membrane via the TOM40 import pore complex. The precise mechanism of how preproteins progress from TOM70 to TOM40 to full translocation is still unclear.

TOM70 Antibody - References

Kutik S, Guiard B, Meyer HE, et al. Cooperation of translocase complexes in mitochondrial protein import. *J. Cell Biol.* 2007; 179:585-91.
Young JC, Hoogenraad NJ, and Hartl FU. Molecular chaperones Hsp90 and Hsc70 deliver preproteins to the mitochondrial import receptor Tom70. *Cell* 2003; 112:41-50.