

**Cathelicidin Antibody**  
Catalog # ASC10628**Specification****Cathelicidin Antibody - Product Information**

Application	<b>WB</b>
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P49913</a>
Other Accession	<a href="#">NP_004336</a> , <a href="#">820</a>
Reactivity	<b>Human</b>
Host	<b>Rabbit</b>
Clonality	<b>Polyclonal</b>
Isotype	<b>IgG</b>
Calculated MW	<b>Predicted: 19 kDa</b>

Application Notes	<b>Observed: 18 kDa KDa</b> <b>Cathelicidin antibody can be used for detection of Cathelicidin by Western blot at 1 µg/mL. Antibody can also be used for immunohistochemistry starting at 5 µg/mL. For immunofluorescence start at 20 µg/mL.</b>
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**Cathelicidin Antibody - Additional Information**Gene ID **820****Target/Specificity**

Cathelicidin antibody was raised against a 17 amino acid synthetic peptide near the carboxy terminus of the human Cathelicidin. <br><br>The immunogen is located within amino acids 50 - 100 of Cathelicidin.

**Reconstitution & Storage**

Cathelicidin antibody can be stored at 4°C for three months and -20°C, stable for up to one year. As with all antibodies care should be taken to avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles. Antibodies should not be exposed to prolonged high temperatures.

**Precautions**

Cathelicidin Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**Cathelicidin Antibody - Protein Information**Name CAMP ([HGNC:1472](#))**Function**

Antimicrobial protein that is an integral component of the innate immune system (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/14978112" target="\_blank">14978112</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16637646" target="\_blank">16637646</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18818205" target="\_blank">18818205</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22879591" target="\_blank">22879591</a>, PubMed:<a

<http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9736536> target="\_blank">9736536</a>). Binds to bacterial lipopolysaccharides (LPS) (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16637646" target="\_blank">16637646</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18818205" target="\_blank">18818205</a>). Acts via neutrophil N-formyl peptide receptors to enhance the release of CXCL2 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22879591" target="\_blank">22879591</a>). Postsecretory processing generates multiple cathelicidin antimicrobial peptides with various lengths which act as a topical antimicrobial defense in sweat on skin (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/14978112" target="\_blank">14978112</a>). The unprocessed precursor form, cathelicidin antimicrobial peptide, inhibits the growth of Gram-negative E.coli and E.aerogenes with efficiencies comparable to that of the mature peptide LL-37 (in vitro) (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9736536" target="\_blank">9736536</a>).

### Cellular Location

Secreted. Vesicle. Note=Stored as pro-peptide in granules and phagolysosomes of neutrophils (PubMed:7529412, PubMed:9736536). Secreted in sweat onto skin (PubMed:14978112).

### Tissue Location

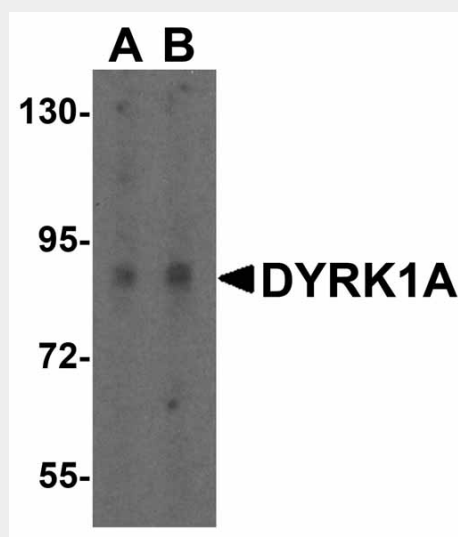
Expressed in neutrophilic granulocytes (at protein level) (PubMed:7529412, PubMed:7615076, PubMed:7890387, PubMed:8681941, PubMed:8946956, PubMed:9736536). Expressed in bone marrow (PubMed:7890387). [Antibacterial peptide FALL-39]: Expressed in bone marrow and testis.

## Cathelicidin Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

## Cathelicidin Antibody - Images



Western blot analysis of DYRK1A in HeLa cell lysate with DYRK1A antibody at (A) 1 and (B) 2  $\mu\text{g/mL}$ .

### **Cathelicidin Antibody - Background**

Cathelicidin Antibody: One component of host defense at mucosal surfaces is epithelial-derived antimicrobial peptides. Cathelicidins are one family of antimicrobial peptides characterized by conserved pro-peptide sequences that have been identified in epithelial tissues and some myeloid cells of humans and animals. LL-37/hCAP-18 is the only Cathelicidin found in humans and is expressed in inflammatory and epithelial cells. The presence of these molecules is essential for defense against invasive bacterial infection in skin. Besides their direct antimicrobial function, Cathelicidins have multiple roles in mediating innate and adaptive immunity, such as endotoxin neutralizing, angiogenesis, wound healing and promoting neutrophil chemotaxis and mast cell recruitment. Finally, Cathelicidin antimicrobial peptides qualify as prototypes of innovative drugs that may be used to treat infection and/or modulate the immune response.

### **Cathelicidin Antibody - References**

- Zaiou M and Gallo RL. Cathelicidins, essential gene-encoded mammalian antibiotics. *J. Mol. Med.* 2002; 80:549-61.
- Agerberth B, Gunne H, Odeberg J, et al. FALL-39, a Putative Human Peptide Antibiotic, is Cysteine-Free and Expressed in Bone Marrow and Testis. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 1995; 92:195-9.
- Nizet V, Ohtake T, Lauthe X, et al. Innate antimicrobial peptide protects the skin from invasive bacterial infection. *Nature* 2001; 414:454-7.
- Koczulla R, von Degenfeld G, Kupatt C, et al. An angiogenic role for the human peptide antibiotic LL-37/hCAP-18. *J. Clin. Invest.* 2003; 111:1665-72.