

**Anti-DPP4 / CD26 Reference Antibody (begelomab)
Recombinant Antibody
Catalog # APR10704****Specification**

Anti-DPP4 / CD26 Reference Antibody (begelomab) - Product Information

Application	FC, E, FTA
Primary Accession	P27487
Reactivity	Human
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	IgG2SA
Calculated MW	144.78 KDa

Anti-DPP4 / CD26 Reference Antibody (begelomab) - Additional Information**Target/Specificity**

DPP4 / CD26

Endotoxin

< 0.001EU/ µg, determined by LAL method.

Conjugation

Unconjugated

Expression system

CHO Cell

Format

Purified monoclonal antibody supplied in PBS, pH6.0, without preservative. This antibody is purified through a protein A column.

Storage

-80°C for 2 years under sterile conditions □ -20°C for 1 year under sterile conditions □ Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Anti-DPP4 / CD26 Reference Antibody (begelomab) - Protein Information**Name** DPP4 ([HGNC:3009](#))**Synonyms** ADCP2, CD26**Function**

Cell surface glycoprotein receptor involved in the costimulatory signal essential for T-cell receptor (TCR)-mediated T- cell activation (PubMed: 10900005, PubMed: 10951221, PubMed: 11772392, PubMed: 17287217). Acts as a positive regulator of T-cell coactivation, by binding at

least ADA, CAV1, IGF2R, and PTPRC (PubMed:10900005, PubMed:10951221, PubMed:11772392, PubMed:14691230). Its binding to CAV1 and CARD11 induces T-cell proliferation and NF-kappa-B activation in a T-cell receptor/CD3-dependent manner (PubMed:17287217). Its interaction with ADA also regulates lymphocyte-epithelial cell adhesion (PubMed:11772392). In association with FAP is involved in the pericellular proteolysis of the extracellular matrix (ECM), the migration and invasion of endothelial cells into the ECM (PubMed:10593948, PubMed:16651416). May be involved in the promotion of lymphatic endothelial cells adhesion, migration and tube formation (PubMed:18708048). When overexpressed, enhanced cell proliferation, a process inhibited by GPC3 (PubMed:17549790). Acts also as a serine exopeptidase with a dipeptidyl peptidase activity that regulates various physiological processes by cleaving peptides in the circulation, including many chemokines, mitogenic growth factors, neuropeptides and peptide hormones such as brain natriuretic peptide 32 (PubMed:10570924, PubMed:16254193). Removes N-terminal dipeptides sequentially from polypeptides having unsubstituted N-termini provided that the penultimate residue is proline (PubMed:10593948).

Cellular Location

[Dipeptidyl peptidase 4 soluble form]: Secreted Note=Detected in the serum and the seminal fluid

Tissue Location

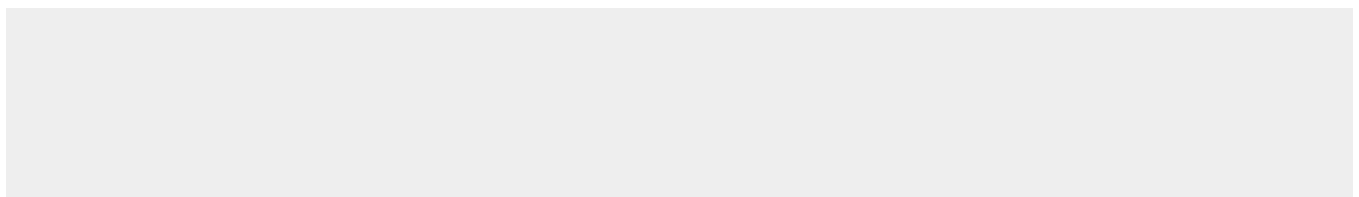
Expressed specifically in lymphatic vessels but not in blood vessels in the skin, small intestine, esophagus, ovary, breast and prostate glands. Not detected in lymphatic vessels in the lung, kidney, uterus, liver and stomach (at protein level). Expressed in the poorly differentiated crypt cells of the small intestine as well as in the mature villous cells. Expressed at very low levels in the colon

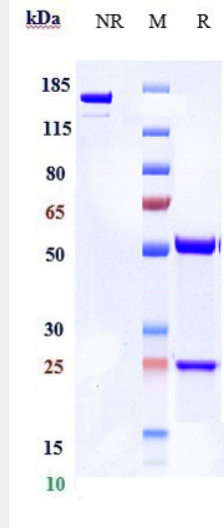
Anti-DPP4 / CD26 Reference Antibody (begelomab) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

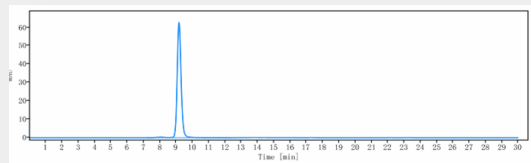
- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

Anti-DPP4 / CD26 Reference Antibody (begelomab) - Images





Anti-DPP4 / CD26 Reference Antibody (begelomab) on SDS-PAGE under reducing (R) condition. The gel was stained with Coomassie Blue. The purity of the protein is greater than 95%



The purity of Anti-DPP4 / CD26 Reference Antibody (begelomab) is more than 98.65 %, determined by SEC-HPLC.