

TDP43 Antibody

Rabbit mAb Catalog # AP92679

Specification

TDP43 Antibody - Product Information

Application WB, IHC, FC, ICC

Primary Accession
Reactivity
Q13148
Rat

Clonality Monoclonal

Other Names

ALS10; TAR DNA binding protein 43; TARDBP; TDP43;

Isotype Rabbit IgG
Host Rabbit
Calculated MW 44740 Da

TDP43 Antibody - Additional Information

Purification Affinity-chromatography

Immunogen

Description

A synthesized peptide derived from TDP43

DNA and RNA-binding protein which

regulates transcription and splicing.

Involved in the regulation of CFTR splicing. It promotes CFTR exon 9 skipping by binding to the UG repeated motifs in the polymorphic region near the 3'-splice site

of this exon. The resulting aberrant splicing is associated with pathological features typical of cystic fibrosis.

Storage Condition and Buffer

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline ,
pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide
and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short

term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid

freeze / thaw cycle.

TDP43 Antibody - Protein Information

Name TARDBP {ECO:0000303|PubMed:18396105, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:11571}

Function

RNA-binding protein that is involved in various steps of RNA biogenesis and processing (PubMed:23519609). Preferentially binds, via its two RNA recognition motifs RRM1 and RRM2, to GU-repeats on RNA molecules predominantly localized within long introns and in the 3'UTR of mRNAs (PubMed:23519609, PubMed:24240615, PubMed:24464995). In turn, regulates the splicing of many non-coding and protein-coding RNAs including proteins involved in



neuronal survival, as well as mRNAs that encode proteins relevant for neurodegenerative diseases (PubMed:21358640, PubMed:29438978). Plays a role in maintaining mitochondrial homeostasis by regulating the processing of mitochondrial transcripts (PubMed:28794432). Regulates also mRNA stability by recruiting CNOT7/CAF1 deadenylase on mRNA 3'UTR leading to poly(A) tail deadenylation and thus shortening (PubMed:30520513). In response to oxidative insult, associates with stalled ribosomes localized to stress granules (SGs) and contributes to cell survival (PubMed: 19765185, PubMed:23398327). Participates also in the normal skeletal muscle formation and regeneration, forming cytoplasmic myo-granules and binding mRNAs that encode sarcomeric proteins (PubMed: 30464263). Plays a role in the maintenance of the circadian clock periodicity via stabilization of the CRY1 and CRY2 proteins in a FBXL3-dependent manner (PubMed:27123980). Negatively regulates the expression of CDK6 (PubMed:19760257). Regulates the expression of HDAC6, ATG7 and VCP in a PPIA/CYPA-dependent manner (PubMed: 25678563).

Cellular Location

Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Cytoplasm, Stress granule Mitochondrion. Note=Continuously travels in and out of the nucleus (PubMed:18957508). Localizes to stress granules in response to oxidative stress (PubMed:19765185). A small subset localizes in mitochondria (PubMed:28794432).

Tissue Location

Ubiquitously expressed. In particular, expression is high in pancreas, placenta, lung, genital tract and spleen

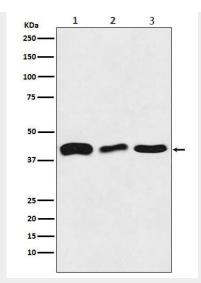
TDP43 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

TDP43 Antibody - Images





Western blot analysis of TDP43 expression in (1) HeLa cell lysate; (2) Mouse brain lysate; (3) Rat brain lysate.