

**CD3 zeta Antibody**  
Rabbit mAb  
Catalog # AP91026

## Specification

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### CD3 zeta Antibody - Product Information

Application	FC, ICC
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P20963</a>
Clonality	Monoclonal
<b>Other Names</b>	
CD3-zeta; T-cell receptor T3 zeta chain; T3Z; TCRZ; CD247;	
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Host	Rabbit
Calculated MW	18696 Da

### CD3 zeta Antibody - Additional Information

Purification	Affinity-chromatography
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human CD3 zeta
Description	Defects in CD3D are a cause of severe combined immunodeficiency autosomal recessive T-cell-negative/B-cell-positive/NK-cell-positive (T(-)/B(+)/NK(+)) SCID [MIM:608971]. A form of severe combined immunodeficiency (SCID), a genetically and clinically heterogeneous group of rare congenital disorders characterized by impairment of both humoral and cell-mediated immunity, leukopenia, and low or absent antibody levels.
Storage Condition and Buffer	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

### CD3 zeta Antibody - Protein Information

**Name** CD247

**Synonyms** CD3Z, T3Z, TCRZ

#### Function

Part of the TCR-CD3 complex present on T-lymphocyte cell surface that plays an essential role in adaptive immune response. When antigen presenting cells (APCs) activate T-cell receptor (TCR), TCR-mediated signals are transmitted across the cell membrane by the CD3 chains CD3D, CD3E, CD3G and CD3Z. All CD3 chains contain immunoreceptor tyrosine-based activation motifs (ITAMs)

in their cytoplasmic domain. Upon TCR engagement, these motifs become phosphorylated by Src family protein tyrosine kinases LCK and FYN, resulting in the activation of downstream signaling pathways (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/1384049" target="\_blank">1384049</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/1385158" target="\_blank">1385158</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/2470098" target="\_blank">2470098</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/7509083" target="\_blank">7509083</a>). CD3Z ITAMs phosphorylation creates multiple docking sites for the protein kinase ZAP70 leading to ZAP70 phosphorylation and its conversion into a catalytically active enzyme (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/7509083" target="\_blank">7509083</a>). Plays an important role in intrathymic T-cell differentiation. Additionally, participates in the activity-dependent synapse formation of retinal ganglion cells (RGCs) in both the retina and dorsal lateral geniculate nucleus (dLGN) (By similarity).

#### **Cellular Location**

Cell membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P24161}; Single-pass type I membrane protein

#### **Tissue Location**

CD3Z is expressed in normal lymphoid tissue and in peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMCs) (PubMed:11722641)

### **CD3 zeta Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

### **CD3 zeta Antibody - Images**