

**Phospho-Smad2 (S255) Antibody**  
**Rabbit mAb**  
**Catalog # AP90859****Specification****Phospho-Smad2 (S255) Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB, IHC, IP
Primary Accession	<a href="#">Q15796</a>
Reactivity	Rat
Clonality	Monoclonal

**Other Names**

JV18-1, MADH2, MADR2, Mad-related protein 2, Mothers against DPP homolog 2, Mothers against decapentaplegic homolog 2, Smad 2;

Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Host	Rabbit
Calculated MW	52306 Da

**Phospho-Smad2 (S255) Antibody - Additional Information**

Purification	<b>Affinity-chromatography</b>
Immunogen	<b>A synthesized peptide derived from human Smad2</b>
Description	<b>SMAD proteins are signal transducers and transcriptional modulators that mediate multiple signaling pathways. This protein mediates the signal of the transforming growth factor (TGF)-beta, and thus regulates multiple cellular processes, such as cell proliferation, apoptosis, and differentiation.</b>
Storage Condition and Buffer	<b>Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.</b>

**Phospho-Smad2 (S255) Antibody - Protein Information****Name** SMAD2**Synonyms** MADH2, MADR2**Function**

Receptor-regulated SMAD (R-SMAD) that is an intracellular signal transducer and transcriptional modulator activated by TGF-beta (transforming growth factor) and activin type 1 receptor kinases. Binds the TRE element in the promoter region of many genes that are regulated by TGF-beta and, on formation of the SMAD2/SMAD4 complex, activates transcription. Promotes TGFβ1-mediated transcription of odontoblastic differentiation genes in dental papilla cells (By similarity). Positively

regulates PDPK1 kinase activity by stimulating its dissociation from the 14-3-3 protein YWHAQ which acts as a negative regulator. May act as a tumor suppressor in colorectal carcinoma (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8752209" target="\_blank">8752209</a>).

#### Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Note=Cytoplasmic and nuclear in the absence of TGF-beta. On TGF-beta stimulation, migrates to the nucleus when complexed with SMAD4 or with IPO7 (PubMed:21145499, PubMed:9865696). On dephosphorylation by phosphatase PPM1A, released from the SMAD2/SMAD4 complex, and exported out of the nucleus by interaction with RANBP1 (PubMed:16751101, PubMed:19289081). Localized mainly to the nucleus in the early stages of embryo development with expression becoming evident in the cytoplasm at the blastocyst and epiblast stages (By similarity). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q62432, ECO:0000269|PubMed:16751101, ECO:0000269|PubMed:19289081, ECO:0000269|PubMed:21145499, ECO:0000269|PubMed:9865696}

#### Tissue Location

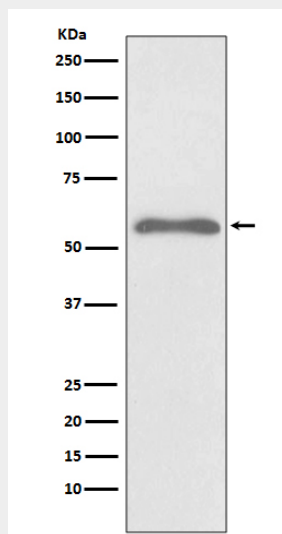
Expressed at high levels in skeletal muscle, endothelial cells, heart and placenta.

### Phospho-Smad2 (S255) Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

### Phospho-Smad2 (S255) Antibody - Images



Western blot analysis of Phospho-Smad2 (S255) expression in HeLa cells treated with Okadaic acid and Calyculin A lysate.