

Phospho-BTK (Y551) Antibody Rabbit mAb Catalog # AP90731

## **Specification**

# Phospho-BTK (Y551) Antibody - Product Information

ApplicationWB, ICCPrimary Accession<u>Q06187</u>ClonalityMonoclonalOther NamesBTK, AGMX1, AT, ATK, XLA, PSCTK1, B-cell progenitor kinase, BPK, Bruton tyrosine kinase,<br/>Tyrosine-protein kinase BTK, IMD1;

lsotype	Rabbit IgG
Host	Rabbit
Calculated MW	76281 Da

## Phospho-BTK (Y551) Antibody - Additional Information

Purification Immunogen	Affinity-chromatography A synthesized peptide derived from human Phospho-BTK (Y551)
Description	Bruton's tyrosine kinase (Btk) is a member of the Btk/Tec family of cytoplasmic tyrosine kinases. Like other Btk family members, it contains a pleckstrin homology (PH) domain and Src homology SH3 and SH2 domains. Btk plays an important role in B cell development. Activation of B cells by various ligands is accompanied by Btk membrane translocation mediated by its PH domain binding to
Storage Condition and Buffer	phosphatidylinositol-3,4,5-trisphosphate. Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

## Phospho-BTK (Y551) Antibody - Protein Information

Name BTK

Synonyms AGMX1, ATK, BPK

#### Function

Non-receptor tyrosine kinase indispensable for B lymphocyte development, differentiation and signaling (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19290921"



target="\_blank">19290921</a>). Binding of antigen to the B-cell antigen receptor (BCR) triggers signaling that ultimately leads to B-cell activation (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19290921" target="\_blank">19290921</a>). After BCR engagement and activation at the plasma membrane, phosphorylates PLCG2 at several sites, igniting the downstream signaling pathway through calcium mobilization, followed by activation of the protein kinase C (PKC) family members (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11606584" target="\_blank">11606584</a>). PLCG2 phosphorylation is performed in close cooperation with the adapter protein B-cell linker protein BLNK (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11606584"

target="\_blank">11606584</a>). BTK acts as a platform to bring together a diverse array of signaling proteins and is implicated in cytokine receptor signaling pathways (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16517732" target="\_blank">16517732</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17932028" target="\_blank">16517732</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17932028" target="\_blank">17932028</a>). Plays an important role in the function of immune cells of innate as well as adaptive immunity, as a component of the Toll-like receptors (TLR) pathway (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16517732" target="\_blank">16517732</a>). The TLR pathway acts as a primary surveillance system for the detection of pathogens and are crucial to the activation of host defense (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16517732" target="\_blank">16517732</a>). Especially, is a critical molecule in regulating TLR9 activation in splenic B-cells (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16517732" target="\_blank">16517732" target="\_blank">16517732</a>).

target="\_blank">16517732</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17932028" target="\_blank">17932028</a>). Within the TLR pathway, induces tyrosine phosphorylation of TIRAP which leads to TIRAP degradation (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16415872" target="\_blank">16415872</a>). BTK also plays a critical role in transcription regulation (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19290921" target="\_blank">19290921</a>). Induces the activity of NF- kappa-B, which is involved in regulating the expression of hundreds of genes (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19290921" target="\_blank">19290921</a>). BTK is involved on the signaling pathway linking TLR8 and TLR9 to NF-kappa-B (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19290921" target="\_blank">19290921</a>). Acts as an activator of NLRP3 inflammasome assembly by mediating phosphorylation of NLRP3 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/34554188" target="\_blank">34554188</a>). Transiently phosphorylates transcription factor GTF2I on tyrosine residues in response to BCR (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9012831" target="\_blank">9012831</a>). GTF2I then translocates to the nucleus to bind regulatory enhancer elements to modulate gene expression (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9012831" target="\_blank">9012831</a>). ARID3A and NFAT are other transcriptional target of BTK (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16738337" target="\_blank">16738337</a>). BTK is required for the formation of functional ARID3A DNA-binding complexes (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16738337" target="\_blank">16738337</a>). There is however no evidence that BTK itself binds directly to DNA (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16738337" target="\_blank">16738337</a>). BTK has a dual role in the regulation of apoptosis (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9751072" target="\_blank">9751072</a>). Plays a role in STING1- mediated induction of type I interferon (IFN) response by phosphorylating DDX41 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25704810" target="\_blank">25704810</a>).

## **Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm. Cell membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Nucleus Membrane raft {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P35991}. Note=In steady state, BTK is predominantly cytosolic. Following B-cell receptor (BCR) engagement by antigen, translocates to the plasma membrane through its PH domain Plasma membrane localization is a critical step in the activation of BTK. A fraction of BTK also shuttles between the nucleus and the cytoplasm, and nuclear export is mediated by the nuclear export receptor CRM1.

## **Tissue Location**

Predominantly expressed in B-lymphocytes.

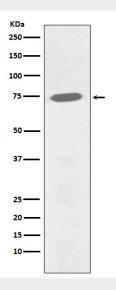


# Phospho-BTK (Y551) Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

## Phospho-BTK (Y551) Antibody - Images



Western blot analysis of Phospho-BTK (Y551) expression in Ramos cell lysate treated with Pervanadate.