

**ATG7 Antibody**  
Rabbit mAb  
Catalog # AP90661

## Specification

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### ATG7 Antibody - Product Information

Application **WB, IHC, FC, ICC, IP**  
Primary Accession [O95352](#)  
Clonality **Monoclonal**  
**Other Names**  
ATG7; APG7-LIKE; APG7L; DKFZp434N0735; GSA7;

Isotype **Rabbit IgG**  
Host **Rabbit**  
Calculated MW **77960 Da**

### ATG7 Antibody - Additional Information

Purification **Affinity-chromatography**  
Immunogen **A synthesized peptide derived from human ATG7**  
Description **The molecular machinery of autophagy was largely discovered in yeast and referred to as autophagy-related (Atg) genes. Formation of the autophagosome involves a ubiquitin-like conjugation system in which Atg12 is covalently bound to Atg5 and targeted to autophagosome vesicles. This conjugation reaction is mediated by the ubiquitin E1-like enzyme Atg7 and the E2-like enzyme Atg10.**  
Storage Condition and Buffer **Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.**

### ATG7 Antibody - Protein Information

Name ATG7 ([HGNC:16935](#))

Synonyms APG7L

#### Function

E1-like activating enzyme involved in the 2 ubiquitin-like systems required for cytoplasm to vacuole transport (Cvt) and autophagy. Activates ATG12 for its conjugation with ATG5 as well as the ATG8 family proteins for their conjugation with phosphatidylethanolamine. Both systems are needed for the ATG8 association to Cvt vesicles and autophagosomes membranes. Required for autophagic death induced by caspase-8 inhibition. Facilitates LC3-I lipidation with

phosphatidylethanolamine to form LC3-II which is found on autophagosomal membranes (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/34161705" target="\_blank">34161705</a>). Required for mitophagy which contributes to regulate mitochondrial quantity and quality by eliminating the mitochondria to a basal level to fulfill cellular energy requirements and preventing excess ROS production. Modulates p53/TP53 activity to regulate cell cycle and survival during metabolic stress. Also plays a key role in the maintenance of axonal homeostasis, the prevention of axonal degeneration, the maintenance of hematopoietic stem cells, the formation of Paneth cell granules, as well as in adipose differentiation. Plays a role in regulating the liver clock and glucose metabolism by mediating the autophagic degradation of CRY1 (clock repressor) in a time-dependent manner (By similarity).

#### Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Preautophagosomal structure. Note=Localizes also to discrete punctae along the ciliary axoneme and to the base of the ciliary axoneme

#### Tissue Location

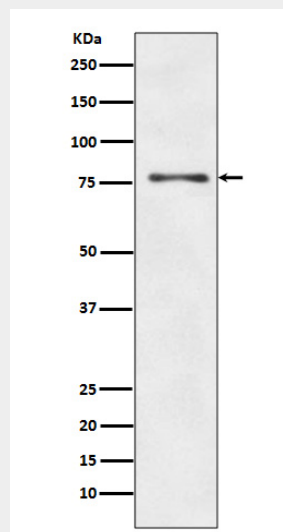
Widely expressed, especially in kidney, liver, lymph nodes and bone marrow.

### ATG7 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

### ATG7 Antibody - Images



Western blot analysis of ATG7 expression in HepG2 cell lysate.