

# PI3 Kinase p110 beta Antibody

Rabbit mAb Catalog # AP90623

# **Specification**

# PI3 Kinase p110 beta Antibody - Product Information

Application WB, FC, IP
Primary Accession P42338
Clonality Monoclonal

**Other Names** 

PIK3CB; DKFZp779K1237; MGC133043; PI3K; PI3KCB; PI3Kbeta; PIK3C1; p110-BETA;

Isotype Rabbit IgG
Host Rabbit
Calculated MW 122762 Da

### PI3 Kinase p110 beta Antibody - Additional Information

Purification Affinity-chromatography

Immunogen A synthesized peptide derived from human

PI3 Kinase p110 beta

Description Phosphoinositide 3-kinase (PI3K) catalyzes

the production of

phosphatidylinositol-3,4,5-triphosphate by phosphorylating phosphatidylinositol (PI), phosphatidylinositol-4-phosphate (PIP) and phosphatidylinositol-4,5-bisphosphate (PIP2). Growth factors and hormones trigger this phosphorylation event, which in turn coordinates cell growth, cell cycle entry, cell migration, and cell survival. Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline,

pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid

freeze / thaw cycle.

# PI3 Kinase p110 beta Antibody - Protein Information

Name PIK3CB

Synonyms PIK3C1

Storage Condition and Buffer

#### **Function**

Phosphoinositide-3-kinase (PI3K) phosphorylates phosphatidylinositol derivatives at position 3 of the inositol ring to produce 3-phosphoinositides (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15135396" target="\_blank">15135396</a>). Uses ATP and PtdIns(4,5)P2 (phosphatidylinositol 4,5-bisphosphate) to generate phosphatidylinositol 3,4,5-trisphosphate (PIP3) (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15135396"



target=" blank">15135396</a>). PIP3 plays a key role by recruiting PH domain-containing proteins to the membrane, including AKT1 and PDPK1, activating signaling cascades involved in cell growth, survival, proliferation, motility and morphology. Involved in the activation of AKT1 upon stimulation by G- protein coupled receptors (GPCRs) ligands such as CXCL12, sphingosine 1-phosphate, and lysophosphatidic acid. May also act downstream receptor tyrosine kinases. Required in different signaling pathways for stable platelet adhesion and aggregation. Plays a role in platelet activation signaling triggered by GPCRs, alpha-IIb/beta-3 integrins (ITGA2B/ ITGB3) and ITAM (immunoreceptor tyrosine-based activation motif)-bearing receptors such as GP6. Regulates the strength of adhesion of ITGA2B/ ITGB3 activated receptors necessary for the cellular transmission of contractile forces. Required for platelet aggregation induced by F2 (thrombin) and thromboxane A2 (TXA2). Has a role in cell survival. May have a role in cell migration. Involved in the early stage of autophagosome formation. Modulates the intracellular level of PtdIns3P (phosphatidylinositol 3-phosphate) and activates PIK3C3 kinase activity. May act as a scaffold, independently of its lipid kinase activity to positively regulate autophagy. May have a role in insulin signaling as scaffolding protein in which the lipid kinase activity is not required. May have a kinase-independent function in regulating cell proliferation and in clathrin-mediated endocytosis. Mediator of oncogenic signal in cell lines lacking PTEN. The lipid kinase activity is necessary for its role in oncogenic transformation. Required for the growth of ERBB2 and RAS driven tumors. Has also a protein kinase activity showing autophosphorylation (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12502714" target=" blank">12502714</a>).

# **Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Note=Interaction with PIK3R2 is required for nuclear localization and export

**Tissue Location** 

Expressed ubiquitously.

# PI3 Kinase p110 beta Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

### PI3 Kinase p110 beta Antibody - Images



