

# Phospho-NF-κB p65 (S529) Antibody

Rabbit mAb Catalog # AP90156

#### **Specification**

#### Phospho-NF-κB p65 (S529) Antibody - Product Information

Application WB, FC, IP
Primary Accession Q04206
Clonality Monoclonal

**Other Names** 

NFKB3, Nuclear factor NF-kappa-B p65 subunit, RELA, TF65, Transcription factor p65, p65

Isotype Rabbit IgG
Host Rabbit
Calculated MW 60219 Da

## Phospho-NF-κB p65 (S529) Antibody - Additional Information

Purification Affinity-chromatography

Immunogen A synthesized peptide derived from human

**NF-κB** p65

Description NFKB1 (MIM 164011) or NFKB2 (MIM

164012) is bound to REL (MIM 164910), RELA, or RELB (MIM 604758) to form the NFKB complex. The p50 (NFKB1)/p65 (RELA) heterodimer is the most abundant form of NFKB. The NFKB complex is inhibited by I-kappa-B proteins (NFKBIA, MIM 164008 or NFKBIB, MIM 604495), which inactivate NFKB by trapping it in the

cytoplasm.

Storage Condition and Buffer Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline ,

pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid

freeze / thaw cycle.

### Phospho-NF-κB p65 (S529) Antibody - Protein Information

#### **Name RELA**

#### Synonyms NFKB3

#### **Function**

NF-kappa-B is a pleiotropic transcription factor present in almost all cell types and is the endpoint of a series of signal transduction events that are initiated by a vast array of stimuli related to many biological processes such as inflammation, immunity, differentiation, cell growth, tumorigenesis and apoptosis. NF-kappa-B is a homo- or heterodimeric complex formed by the Rel-like domain- containing proteins RELA/p65, RELB, NFKB1/p105, NFKB1/p50, REL and



NFKB2/p52. The heterodimeric RELA-NFKB1 complex appears to be most abundant one. The dimers bind at kappa-B sites in the DNA of their target genes and the individual dimers have distinct preferences for different kappa-B sites that they can bind with distinguishable affinity and specificity. Different dimer combinations act as transcriptional activators or repressors, respectively. The NF-kappa-B heterodimeric RELA-NFKB1 and RELA-REL complexes, for instance, function as transcriptional activators. NF-kappa-B is controlled by various mechanisms of post-translational modification and subcellular compartmentalization as well as by interactions with other cofactors or corepressors. NF-kappa-B complexes are held in the cytoplasm in an inactive state complexed with members of the NF-kappa-B inhibitor (I- kappa-B) family. In a conventional activation pathway, I-kappa-B is phosphorylated by I-kappa-B kinases (IKKs) in response to different activators, subsequently degraded thus liberating the active NF-kappa-B complex which translocates to the nucleus. The inhibitory effect of I- kappa-B on NF-kappa-B through retention in the cytoplasm is exerted primarily through the interaction with RELA. RELA shows a weak DNA- binding site which could contribute directly to DNA binding in the NF- kappa-B complex. Beside its activity as a direct transcriptional activator, it is also able to modulate promoters accessibility to transcription factors and thereby indirectly regulate gene expression. Associates with chromatin at the NF-kappa-B promoter region via association with DDX1. Essential for cytokine gene expression in T- cells (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15790681" target=" blank">15790681</a>). The NF-kappa-B homodimeric RELA-RELA complex appears to be involved in invasin-mediated activation of IL-8 expression. Key transcription factor regulating the IFN response during

#### **Cellular Location**

target=" blank">33440148</a>).

Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Note=Nuclear, but also found in the cytoplasm in an inactive form complexed to an inhibitor (I-kappa-B) (PubMed:1493333). Colocalized with DDX1 in the nucleus upon TNF-alpha induction (PubMed:19058135). Colocalizes with GFI1 in the nucleus after LPS stimulation (PubMed:20547752). Translocation to the nucleus is impaired in L.monocytogenes infection (PubMed:20855622)

#### Phospho-NF-KB p65 (S529) Antibody - Protocols

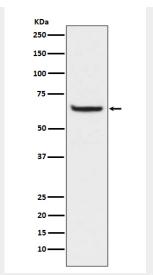
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

SARS-CoV-2 infection (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/33440148"

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

### Phospho-NF-κB p65 (S529) Antibody - Images





Western blot analysis of Phospho-NF- $\kappa B$  p65 (S529) expression in HeLa cell lysates treated with Calyculin A and TNF-alpha.