

**Lamin B1 Antibody**  
Rabbit mAb  
Catalog # AP90034

## Specification

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### Lamin B1 Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB, IHC, ICC, IP
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P20700</a>
Reactivity	Rat
Clonality	Monoclonal
<b>Other Names</b>	
LMN; ADLD; LMN2; LMNB; Lamin B1;	
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Host	Rabbit
Calculated MW	66408 Da

### Lamin B1 Antibody - Additional Information

Purification	Affinity-chromatography
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human Lamin B1
Description	The nuclear lamina consists of a two-dimensional matrix of proteins located next to the inner nuclear membrane. The lamin family of proteins make up the matrix and are highly conserved in evolution. During mitosis, the lamina matrix is reversibly disassembled as the lamin proteins are phosphorylated. Lamin proteins are thought to be involved in nuclear stability, chromatin structure and gene expression.
Storage Condition and Buffer	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline , pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol. Store at +4°C short term. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

### Lamin B1 Antibody - Protein Information

**Name** LMNB1

**Synonyms** LMN2, LMNB

#### Function

Lamins are intermediate filament proteins that assemble into a filamentous meshwork, and which constitute the major components of the nuclear lamina, a fibrous layer on the nucleoplasmic side of the inner nuclear membrane (PubMed: <http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28716252>)

target="\_blank">28716252</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32910914" target="\_blank">32910914</a>). Lamins provide a framework for the nuclear envelope, bridging the nuclear envelope and chromatin, thereby playing an important role in nuclear assembly, chromatin organization, nuclear membrane and telomere dynamics (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28716252" target="\_blank">28716252</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32910914" target="\_blank">32910914</a>). The structural integrity of the lamina is strictly controlled by the cell cycle, as seen by the disintegration and formation of the nuclear envelope in prophase and telophase, respectively (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28716252" target="\_blank">28716252</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32910914" target="\_blank">32910914</a>).

### Cellular Location

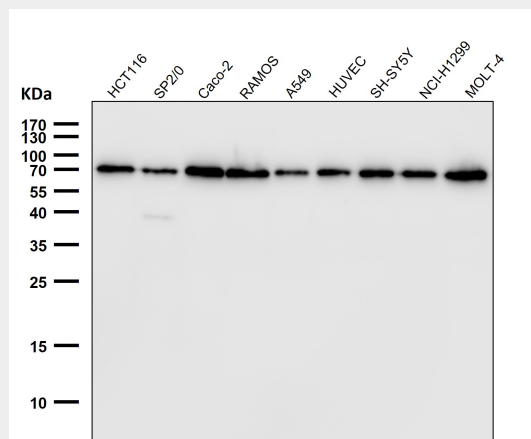
Nucleus lamina

### Lamin B1 Antibody - Protocols

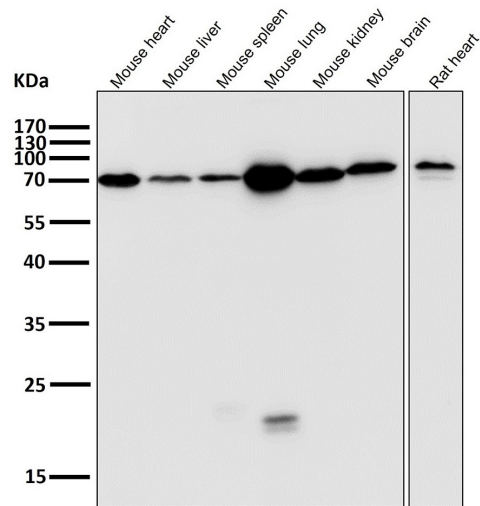
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

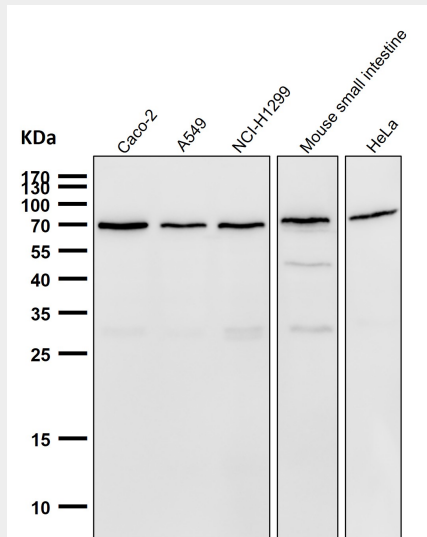
### Lamin B1 Antibody - Images



All lanes use AP90034 Lamin B1 Antibody at 1:10000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature.



All lanes use AP90034 Lamin B1 Antibody at 1:20000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature.



All lanes use AP90034 Lamin B1 Antibody at 1:10000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature.