

**PPP6C Antibody (N-term)**  
**Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)**  
**Catalog # AP8477a****Specification**

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**PPP6C Antibody (N-term) - Product Information**

Application	WB, IHC-P,E
Primary Accession	<a href="#">O00743</a>
Other Accession	<a href="#">NP_002712.1</a>
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	35144
Antigen Region	1-30

**PPP6C Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information****Gene ID** 5537**Other Names**

Serine/threonine-protein phosphatase 6 catalytic subunit, PP6C, Serine/threonine-protein phosphatase 6 catalytic subunit, N-terminally processed, PPP6C, PPP6

**Target/Specificity**

This PPP6C antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 1-30 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human PPP6C.

**Dilution**

WB~~1:1000

IHC-P~~1:50~100

**Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions**

PPP6C Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**PPP6C Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information****Name** PPP6C {ECO:0000303|PubMed:29053956, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:9323}

**Function** Catalytic subunit of protein phosphatase 6 (PP6) (PubMed:[17079228](#), PubMed:[29053956](#), PubMed:[32474700](#)). PP6 is a component of a signaling pathway regulating cell cycle progression in response to IL2 receptor stimulation (PubMed:[10227379](#)). N-terminal domain restricts G1 to S phase progression in cancer cells, in part through control of cyclin D1 (PubMed:[17568194](#)). During mitosis, regulates spindle positioning (PubMed:[27335426](#)). Down-regulates MAP3K7 kinase activation of the IL1 signaling pathway by dephosphorylation of MAP3K7 (PubMed:[17079228](#)). Participates also in the innate immune defense against viruses by desphosphorylating RIGI, an essential step that triggers RIGI-mediated signaling activation (PubMed:[29053956](#)). Also regulates innate immunity by acting as a negative regulator of the cGAS-STING pathway: mediates dephosphorylation and inactivation of CGAS and STING1 (PubMed:[32474700](#), PubMed:[32753499](#)). CGAS dephosphorylation at 'Ser-435' impairs its ability to bind GTP, thereby inactivating it (PubMed:[32474700](#)).

#### Cellular Location

Mitochondrion. Cytoplasm

#### Tissue Location

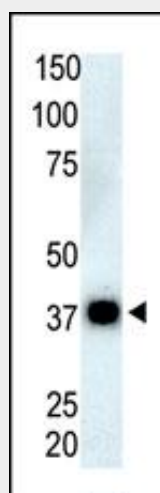
Ubiquitously expressed in all tissues tested with highest expression levels in testis, heart, kidney, brain, stomach, liver and skeletal muscle and lowest in placenta, lung colon and spleen.

#### PPP6C Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

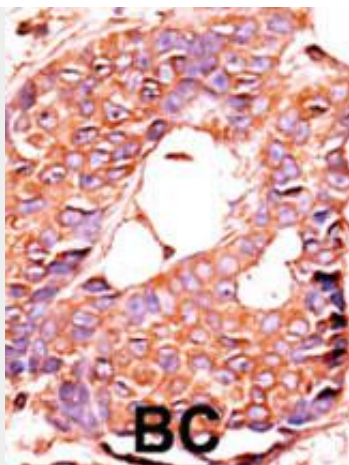
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

#### PPP6C Antibody (N-term) - Images



The anti-PPP6C Pab (Cat. #AP8477a) is used in Western blot to detect PPP6C in Thymus cell lysate.



Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human cancer tissue reacted with the primary antibody, which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by AEC staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated. BC = breast carcinoma; HC = hepatocarcinoma.

#### **PPP6C Antibody (N-term) - Background**

PPP6C belongs to the PPP phosphatase family, PP-V subfamily. Reversible phosphorylation of proteins on serine and threonine residues is an important biochemical event that regulates a broad variety of intracellular processes. The phosphorylation state is determined by the well-controlled balance of activities of serine/threonine-specific protein kinases and protein phosphatases, including PPP6C. Expression levels are highest in testis, heart, and skeletal muscle and lowest in placenta, lung, and kidney. PPP6C can complement mutations in the *S. cerevisiae* Sit4 and *S. pombe* ppe1 genes, indicating that PPP6C is the functional homolog of yeast Sit4p and ppe1. Since Sit4p is required for the G1 to S transition of the cell cycle and ppe1 is involved in cell shape control and mitotic division, it has been suggested that PPP6C functions in cell cycle regulation.

#### **PPP6C Antibody (N-term) - References**

- Yang, J., et al., EMBO J. 24(1):1-10 (2005).
- Zhou, G., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 279(45):46595-46605 (2004).
- Huang, S., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 279(35):36490-36496 (2004).
- Swingle, M.R., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 279(32):33992-33999 (2004).
- Wechsler, T., et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 101(5):1247-1252 (2004).