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CYP26C1 Antibody (C-term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP7892b

Specification

CYP26C1 Antibody (C-term) - Product Information

Application	**WB, IHC-P,E**
Primary Accession	Q6V0L0
Reactivity	**Human**
Host	**Rabbit**
Clonality	**Polyclonal**
Isotype	**Rabbit IgG**
Calculated MW	**57111**
Antigen Region	**410-439**

CYP26C1 Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 340665

Other Names
Cytochrome P450 26C1, 114--, CYP26C1

Target/Specificity
This CYP26C1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 410-439 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human CYP26C1.

Dilution
WB~~1:1000
IHC-P~~1:10~50

Format
Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

Storage
Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions
CYP26C1 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

CYP26C1 Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information

Name CYP26C1

Function A cytochrome P450 monooxygenase involved in the metabolism of retinoates (RAs), the active metabolites of vitamin A, and critical signaling molecules in animals (PubMed:14532297).

RAs exist as at least four different isomers: all-trans-RA (atRA), 9-cis-RA, 13-cis-RA, and 9,13-dicis-RA, where atRA is considered to be the biologically active isomer, although 9-cis-RA and 13-cis-RA also have activity (Probable). Catalyzes the oxidation of atRA primarily at C-4 (PubMed:14532297). Oxidation of atRA limits its biological activity and initiates a degradative process leading to its eventual elimination, thereby contributes to the regulation of atRA homeostasis and signaling (Probable). Able to metabolize other RAs such as 9-cis with high efficiency (PubMed:14532297). Can oxidize all-trans-13,14- dihydroretinoate (DRA) to metabolites which could include all-trans-4- oxo-DRA, all-trans-4-hydroxy-DRA, all-trans-5,8-epoxy-DRA, and all- trans-18-hydroxy-DRA (By similarity). Shares sequence similarity with other CYP26 family members, but has higher affinity to 9-cis-RA and is much less sensitive to the inhibitory effects of ketoconazole (PubMed:14532297). In cooperation with Cyp26a1, contributes to the CNS patterning and the development of regions of higher visual acuity (By similarity).

Cellular Location
Membrane; Single-pass membrane protein

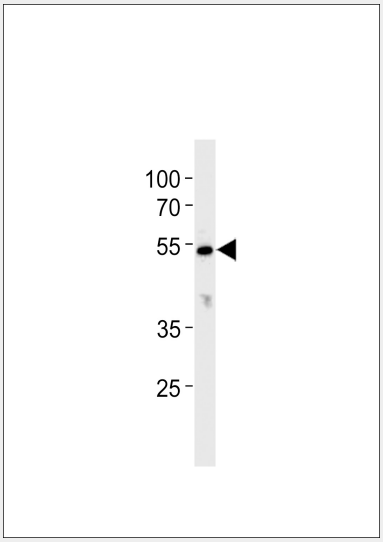
Tissue Location
Detected in most tissues at very low level.

CYP26C1 Antibody (C-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

CYP26C1 Antibody (C-term) - Images



CYP26C1 Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP7892b) western blot analysis in K562 cell line lysates (35ug/lane).This demonstrates the CYP26C1 antibody detected the CYP26C1 protein (arrow).

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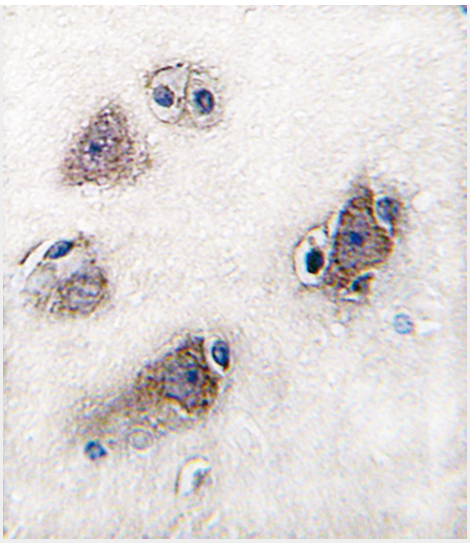

Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human brain tissue reacted with CYP26C1 antibody (C-term), which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

CYP26C1 Antibody (C-term) - Background

CYP26C1 is a member of the cytochrome P450 superfamily of enzymes. The cytochrome P450 proteins are monooxygenases which catalyze many reactions involved in drug metabolism and synthesis of cholesterol, steroids and other lipids. This enzyme is involved in the catabolism of all-trans- and 9-cis-retinoic acid, and thus contributes to the regulation of retinoic acid levels in cells and tissues.

CYP26C1 Antibody (C-term) - References

Rat,E., Birth Defects Res. Part A Clin. Mol. Teratol. 76 (6), 491-498 (2006)
Taimi,M., J. Biol. Chem. 279 (1), 77-85 (2004)
Nelson,D.R., Pharmacogenetics 14 (1), 1-18 (2004)