

**PUM2 Antibody (S182)**  
**Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)**  
**Catalog # AP7734d**

**Specification**

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**PUM2 Antibody (S182) - Product Information**

Application	WB, IHC-P, FC,E
Primary Accession	<a href="#">Q8TB72</a>
Other Accession	<a href="#">Q80U58</a>
Reactivity	Human
Predicted	Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	114216
Antigen Region	159-189

**PUM2 Antibody (S182) - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 23369

**Other Names**

Pumilio homolog 2, Pumilio-2, PUM2, KIAA0235, PUMH2

**Target/Specificity**

This PUM2 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 159-189 amino acids from human PUM2.

**Dilution**

WB~~1:1000  
IHC-P~~1:10~50  
FC~~1:10~50

**Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions**

PUM2 Antibody (S182) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**PUM2 Antibody (S182) - Protein Information**

**Name** PUM2

## Synonyms KIAA0235, PUMH2

**Function** Sequence-specific RNA-binding protein that acts as a post-transcriptional repressor by binding the 3'-UTR of mRNA targets. Binds to an RNA consensus sequence, the Pumilio Response Element (PRE), 5'-UGUANAUA-3', that is related to the Nanos Response Element (NRE) (PubMed:[21397187](#)). Mediates post-transcriptional repression of transcripts via different mechanisms: acts via direct recruitment of the CCR4-POP2-NOT deadenylase leading to translational inhibition and mRNA degradation (PubMed:[22955276](#)). Also mediates deadenylation-independent repression by promoting accessibility of miRNAs (PubMed:[18776931](#), PubMed:[22345517](#)). Acts as a post-transcriptional repressor of E2F3 mRNAs by binding to its 3'-UTR and facilitating miRNA regulation (PubMed:[22345517](#)). Plays a role in cytoplasmic sensing of viral infection (PubMed:[25340845](#)). Represses a program of genes necessary to maintain genomic stability such as key mitotic, DNA repair and DNA replication factors. Its ability to repress those target mRNAs is regulated by the lncRNA NORAD (non-coding RNA activated by DNA damage) which, due to its high abundance and multitude of PUMILIO binding sites, is able to sequester a significant fraction of PUM1 and PUM2 in the cytoplasm (PubMed:[26724866](#)). May regulate DCUN1D3 mRNA levels (PubMed:[25349211](#)). May support proliferation and self-renewal of stem cells. Binds specifically to miRNA MIR199A precursor, with PUM1, regulates miRNA MIR199A expression at a posttranscriptional level (PubMed:[28431233](#)).

## Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Cytoplasmic granule. Cytoplasm, perinuclear region. Note=The cytoplasmic granules are stress granules which are a dense aggregation in the cytosol composed of proteins and RNAs that appear when the cell is under stress. Colocalizes with NANOS3 in the stress granules Colocalizes with NANOS1 and SNAPIN in the perinuclear region of germ cells.

## Tissue Location

Expressed in male germ cells of adult testis (at protein level). Highly expressed in testis and ovary. Predominantly expressed in stem cells and germ cells. Expressed at lower level in brain, heart, kidney, liver, muscle, placenta, intestine and stomach Expressed in cerebellum, corpus callosum, caudate nucleus, hippocampus, medulla oblongata and putamen. Expressed in all fetal tissues tested

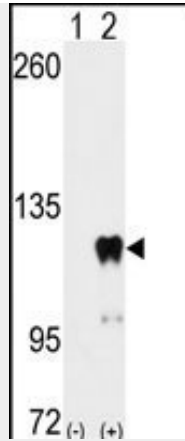
## PUM2 Antibody (S182) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

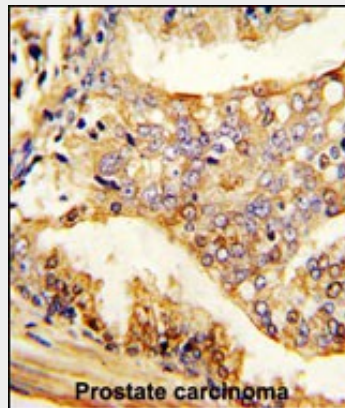
- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

## PUM2 Antibody (S182) - Images

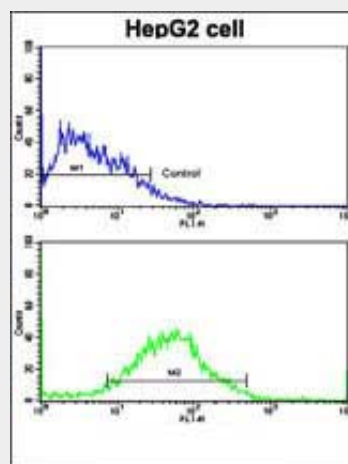




Western blot analysis of PUM2 (arrow) using PUM2 Antibody (S182) (Cat.#AP7734d). 293 cell lysates (2 ug/lane) either nontransfected (Lane 1) or transiently transfected with the PUM2 gene (Lane 2) (Origene Technologies).



Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human prostate carcinoma reacted with PUM2 Antibody (S182), which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated.



Flow cytometric analysis of HepG2 cells using PUM2 Antibody (S182)(bottom histogram) compared to a negative control cell (top histogram). FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

**PUM2 Antibody (S182) - Background**

PUM2 is a sequence-specific RNA-binding protein that regulates translation and mRNA stability by binding the 3'-UTR of mRNA targets. Its interactions and tissue specificity suggest that it may be required to support proliferation and self-renewal of stem cells by regulating the translation of key transcripts.

### **PUM2 Antibody (S182) - References**

- Kusz,K., Mol. Reprod. Dev. 74 (6), 795-799 (2007)  
Spik,A., Reprod Biol 6 SUPPL 1, 37-42 (2006)  
Moore,F.L., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 100 (2), 538-543 (2003)