

# JAK2 Rabbit mAb

**Catalog # AP76863** 

#### **Specification**

# JAK2 Rabbit mAb - Product Information

Application
Primary Accession
Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Calculated MW

WB
060674
Human, Mouse
Rabbit
Monoclonal Antibody
130674

# JAK2 Rabbit mAb - Additional Information

**Gene ID 3717** 

Other Names JAK2

**Dilution** WB~~1/500-1/1000

Format Liquid

#### JAK2 Rabbit mAb - Protein Information

Name JAK2 (<u>HGNC:6192</u>)

## **Function**

Non-receptor tyrosine kinase involved in various processes such as cell growth, development, differentiation or histone modifications. Mediates essential signaling events in both innate and adaptive immunity. In the cytoplasm, plays a pivotal role in signal transduction via its association with type I receptors such as growth hormone (GHR), prolactin (PRLR), leptin (LEPR), erythropoietin (EPOR), thrombopoietin (THPO); or type II receptors including IFN-alpha, IFN- beta, IFN-gamma and multiple interleukins (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/7615558" target="\_blank">7615558</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9657743" target="\_blank">9657743</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15690087" target="\_blank">15690087</a>). Following ligand-binding to cell surface receptors, phosphorylates specific tyrosine residues on the cytoplasmic tails of the receptor, creating docking sites for STATs proteins (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9618263" target="\_blank">9618263</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15690087" target="\_blank">15690087</a>). Subsequently, phosphorylates the STATs proteins once they are recruited to the receptor. Phosphorylated STATs then form homodimer or heterodimers and translocate to the nucleus to activate gene transcription. For example, cell stimulation with erythropoietin (EPO) during erythropoiesis leads to JAK2 autophosphorylation, activation, and its association with erythropoietin receptor (EPOR) that becomes phosphorylated in its cytoplasmic domain



(PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9657743" target="\_blank">9657743</a>). Then, STAT5 (STAT5A or STAT5B) is recruited, phosphorylated and activated by JAK2. Once activated, dimerized STAT5 translocates into the nucleus and promotes the transcription of several essential genes involved in the modulation of erythropoiesis. Part of a signaling cascade that is activated by increased cellular retinol and that leads to the activation of STAT5 (STAT5A or STAT5B) (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21368206" target="\_blank">21368206" target="\_blank">21368206</a>). In addition, JAK2 mediates angiotensin-2-induced ARHGEF1 phosphorylation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20098430" target="\_blank">20098430</a>). Plays a role in cell cycle by phosphorylating CDKN1B (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21423214" target="\_blank">21423214</a>). Cooperates with TEC through reciprocal phosphorylation to mediate cytokine-driven activation of FOS transcription. In the nucleus, plays a key role in chromatin by specifically mediating phosphorylation of 'Tyr-41' of histone H3 (H3Y41ph), a specific tag that promotes exclusion of CBX5 (HP1 alpha) from chromatin (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19783980" target=" blank">19783980</a></a>). Up- regulates the potassium voltage-gated channel activity of

#### **Cellular Location**

Endomembrane system; Peripheral membrane protein. Cytoplasm. Nucleus

KCNA3 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25644777"

#### **Tissue Location**

Ubiquitously expressed throughout most tissues.

### JAK2 Rabbit mAb - Protocols

target=" blank">25644777</a>).

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

JAK2 Rabbit mAb - Images



