

**EGFR Antibody (Y869)**  
**Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)**  
**Catalog # AP7628h**

## Specification

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### EGFR Antibody (Y869) - Product Information

Application	WB,E
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P00533</a>
Other Accession	<a href="#">Q01279</a>
Reactivity	Human
Predicted	Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	134277
Antigen Region	847-876

### EGFR Antibody (Y869) - Additional Information

**Gene ID** 1956

#### Other Names

Epidermal growth factor receptor, Proto-oncogene c-ErbB-1, Receptor tyrosine-protein kinase erbB-1, EGFR, ERBB, ERBB1, HER1

#### Target/Specificity

This EGFR antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 847-876 amino acids from human EGFR.

#### Dilution

WB~~1:1000

#### Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

#### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

#### Precautions

EGFR Antibody (Y869) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

### EGFR Antibody (Y869) - Protein Information

**Name** EGFR ([HGNC:3236](#))

**Synonyms** ERBB, ERBB1, HER1

**Function** Receptor tyrosine kinase binding ligands of the EGF family and activating several signaling cascades to convert extracellular cues into appropriate cellular responses (PubMed:[10805725](#), PubMed:[27153536](#), PubMed:[2790960](#), PubMed:[35538033](#)). Known ligands include EGF, TGFA/TGF- alpha, AREG, epigen/EPGN, BTC/betacellulin, epiregulin/EREG and HBEGF/heparin-binding EGF (PubMed:[12297049](#), PubMed:[15611079](#), PubMed:[17909029](#), PubMed:[20837704](#), PubMed:[27153536](#), PubMed:[2790960](#), PubMed:[7679104](#), PubMed:[8144591](#), PubMed:[9419975](#)). Ligand binding triggers receptor homo- and/or heterodimerization and autophosphorylation on key cytoplasmic residues. The phosphorylated receptor recruits adapter proteins like GRB2 which in turn activates complex downstream signaling cascades. Activates at least 4 major downstream signaling cascades including the RAS-RAF-MEK-ERK, PI3 kinase-AKT, PLCgamma-PKC and STATs modules (PubMed:[27153536](#)). May also activate the NF-kappa-B signaling cascade (PubMed:[11116146](#)). Also directly phosphorylates other proteins like RGS16, activating its GTPase activity and probably coupling the EGF receptor signaling to the G protein-coupled receptor signaling (PubMed:[11602604](#)). Also phosphorylates MUC1 and increases its interaction with SRC and CTNNB1/beta-catenin (PubMed:[11483589](#)). Positively regulates cell migration via interaction with CCDC88A/GIV which retains EGFR at the cell membrane following ligand stimulation, promoting EGFR signaling which triggers cell migration (PubMed:[20462955](#)). Plays a role in enhancing learning and memory performance (By similarity). Plays a role in mammalian pain signaling (long-lasting hypersensitivity) (By similarity).

**Cellular Location**

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein Golgi apparatus membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Nucleus membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Endosome. Endosome membrane. Nucleus. Note=In response to EGF, translocated from the cell membrane to the nucleus via Golgi and ER (PubMed:[17909029](#), PubMed:[20674546](#)). Endocytosed upon activation by ligand (PubMed:[17182860](#), PubMed:[17909029](#), PubMed:[27153536](#), PubMed:[2790960](#)). Colocalized with GPER1 in the nucleus of estrogen agonist-induced cancer-associated fibroblasts (CAF) (PubMed:[20551055](#))

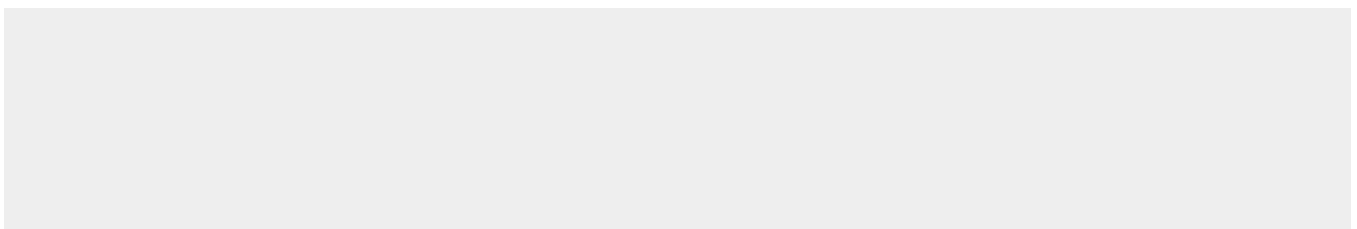
**Tissue Location**

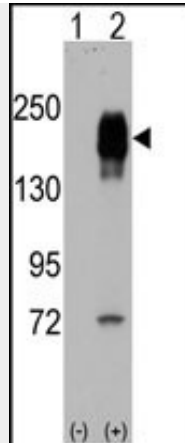
Ubiquitously expressed. Isoform 2 is also expressed in ovarian cancers.

**EGFR Antibody (Y869) - Protocols**

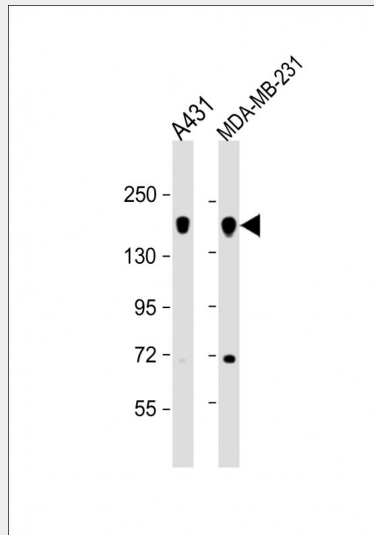
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

**EGFR Antibody (Y869) - Images**



Western blot analysis of EGFR (arrow) using rabbit polyclonal EGFR Antibody (Cat.#AP7628h).293 cell lysates (2 ug/lane) either nontransfected (Lane 1) or transiently transfected with the EGFR gene (Lane 2) (Origene Technologies).



All lanes : Anti-EGFR Antibody (Y869) at 1:1000 dilution Lane 1: A431 whole cell lysate Lane 2: MDA-MB-231 whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 134 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDm/TBST.

### EGFR Antibody (Y869) - Background

EGFR is a transmembrane glycoprotein that is a member of a family of protein tyrosine kinases crucial in maintaining a normal balance in cell growth and development. A prototype member of the type 1 receptor tyrosine kinases, EGFR is encoded by the cellular oncogene *cerbB1*. EGFR has an extracellular ligand binding domain, a single transmembrane region, and cytoplasmic domain which is composed of a tyrosine kinase domain and a carboxy terminal domain. The carboxy terminal domain contains at least four tyrosine autophosphorylation sites. Increased production or activation of EGFR has been associated with poor prognosis in a variety of tumors. EGFR overexpression is observed in tumors of the head and neck, brain, bladder, stomach, breast, lung, endometrium, cervix, vulva, ovary, esophagus, stomach and in squamous cell carcinoma.

### EGFR Antibody (Y869) - References

Aifa, S., et al., *Exp. Cell Res.* 302(1):108-114 (2005).  
Adams, T.E., et al., *Growth Factors* 22(2):89-95 (2004).

Ichinose, J., et al., Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 324(3):1143-1149 (2004).  
Kuribayashi, A., et al., Endocrinology 145(11):4976-4984 (2004).  
Kapoor, G.S., et al., Mol. Cell. Biol. 24(2):823-836 (2004).