

### **CLIC1 Antibody**

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP7589a

# **Specification**

# **CLIC1 Antibody - Product Information**

Application WB, IHC-P,E
Primary Accession O00299
Reactivity Human
Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW 26923

# **CLIC1 Antibody - Additional Information**

### **Gene ID 1192**

#### **Other Names**

Chloride intracellular channel protein 1, Chloride channel ABP, Nuclear chloride ion channel 27, NCC27, Regulatory nuclear chloride ion channel protein, hRNCC, CLIC1, G6, NCC27

# **Target/Specificity**

This CLIC1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a recombinant human CLIC1 protein.

#### **Dilution**

WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:10~50

### **Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

#### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

#### **Precautions**

CLIC1 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

# **CLIC1 Antibody - Protein Information**

Name CLIC1 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:16339885, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:2062}

**Function** In the soluble state, catalyzes glutaredoxin-like thiol disulfide exchange reactions with reduced glutathione as electron donor. Reduces selenite and dehydroascorbate and may act as an antioxidant during oxidative stress response (PubMed: 25581026, PubMed: 37759794). Can insert



into membranes and form voltage-dependent multi-ion conductive channels. Membrane insertion seems to be redox- regulated and may occur only under oxidizing conditions. Involved in regulation of the cell cycle.

### **Cellular Location**

Nucleus. Nucleus membrane; Single-pass membrane protein. Cytoplasm. Cell membrane; Single-pass membrane protein. Endoplasmic reticulum {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q6MG61}. Note=Mostly in the nucleus including in the nuclear membrane (PubMed:12681486, PubMed:9139710). Small amount in the cytoplasm and the plasma membrane (PubMed:9139710). Exists both as soluble cytoplasmic protein and as membrane protein with probably a single transmembrane domain (PubMed:11551966, PubMed:11940526, PubMed:12681486, PubMed:14613939, PubMed:9139710). Might not be present in the nucleus of cardiac cells (By similarity) {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q6MG61, ECO:0000269|PubMed:11551966, ECO:0000269|PubMed:11940526, ECO:0000269|PubMed:12681486, ECO:0000269|PubMed:14613939, ECO:0000269|PubMed:9139710}

#### **Tissue Location**

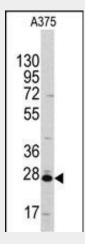
Expression is prominent in heart, placenta, liver, kidney and pancreas.

### **CLIC1 Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

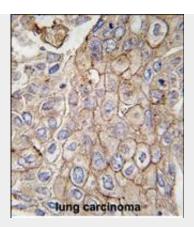
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# **CLIC1 Antibody - Images**



Western blot analysis of anti-CLIC1 Antibody (Cat.#AP7589a) in A375 cell line lysates (35ug/lane). CLIC1(arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.





Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human lung carcinoma tissue reacted with CLIC1 antibody, which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

# **CLIC1 Antibody - Background**

Chloride channels are a diverse group of proteins that regulate fundamental cellular processes including stabilization of cell membrane potential, transepithelial transport, maintenance of intracellular pH, and regulation of cell volume. Chloride intracellular channel 1 is a member of the p64 family; the protein localizes principally to the cell nucleus and exhibits both nuclear and plasma membrane chloride ion channel activity.

# **CLIC1 Antibody - References**

Singh,H., FEBS J. 274 (24), 6306-6316 (2007) Ulmasov,B., (er) BMC Cell Biol. 8, 8 (2007) Edwards,J.C., J. Membr. Biol. 213 (1), 39-46 (2006)