

**Elongation Factor 1A1 Rabbit mAb**  
Catalog # AP75377**Specification****Elongation Factor 1A1 Rabbit mAb - Product Information**

Application	WB, IHC
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P68104</a>
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Monoclonal Antibody
Calculated MW	50141

**Elongation Factor 1A1 Rabbit mAb - Additional Information****Gene ID** 1915**Other Names**

EEF1A1

**Dilution**

WB~~1/500-1/1000

IHC~~1/50-1/100

**Format**

Liquid

**Elongation Factor 1A1 Rabbit mAb - Protein Information****Name** EEF1A1**Synonyms** EEF1A, EF1A, LENG7**Function**

Translation elongation factor that catalyzes the GTP- dependent binding of aminoacyl-tRNA (aa-tRNA) to the A-site of ribosomes during the elongation phase of protein synthesis (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/26593721" target="\_blank">26593721</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/26651998" target="\_blank">26651998</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/36123449" target="\_blank">36123449</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/36264623" target="\_blank">36264623</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/36638793" target="\_blank">36638793</a>). Base pairing between the mRNA codon and the aa-tRNA anticodon promotes GTP hydrolysis, releasing the aa-tRNA from EEF1A1 and allowing its accommodation into the ribosome (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/26593721" target="\_blank">26593721</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/26651998" target="\_blank">26651998</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/36123449" target="\_blank">36123449</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/36264623" target="\_blank">36264623</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/36638793" target="\_blank">36638793</a>). The growing protein chain is subsequently transferred from the P-site peptidyl tRNA to the A-site aa-tRNA,

extending it by one amino acid through ribosome-catalyzed peptide bond formation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/26593721" target="\_blank">26593721</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/26651998" target="\_blank">26651998</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/36123449" target="\_blank">36123449</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/36264623" target="\_blank">36264623</a>). Also plays a role in the positive regulation of IFNG transcription in T-helper 1 cells as part of an IFNG promoter-binding complex with TXK and PARP1 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17177976" target="\_blank">17177976</a>).

#### Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Nucleus, nucleolus. Cell membrane. Note=Colocalizes with DLC1 at actin-rich regions in the cell periphery (PubMed:19158340). Translocates together with ZPR1 from the cytoplasm to the nucleus and nucleolus after treatment with mitogens (PubMed:8650580). Localization at the cell membrane depends on EEF1A1 phosphorylation status and the presence of PPP1R16B (PubMed:26497934).

#### Elongation Factor 1A1 Rabbit mAb - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

#### Elongation Factor 1A1 Rabbit mAb - Images



