

PRX I Polyclonal Antibody
Catalog # AP73638**Specification****PRX I Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB
Primary Accession	Q06830
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal

PRX I Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information**Gene ID** 5052**Other Names**

PRDX1; PAGA; PAGB; TDPX2; Peroxiredoxin-1; Natural killer cell-enhancing factor A; NKEF-A; Proliferation-associated gene protein; PAG; Thioredoxin peroxidase 2; Thioredoxin-dependent peroxide reductase 2

Dilution

WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. IHC-p: 1/100-1/300. ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications.

Format

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Storage Conditions

-20°C

PRX I Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information**Name** PRDX1**Synonyms** PAGA, PAGB, TDPX2**Function**

Thiol-specific peroxidase that catalyzes the reduction of hydrogen peroxide and organic hydroperoxides to water and alcohols, respectively. Plays a role in cell protection against oxidative stress by detoxifying peroxides and as sensor of hydrogen peroxide-mediated signaling events. Might participate in the signaling cascades of growth factors and tumor necrosis factor-alpha by regulating the intracellular concentrations of H(2)O(2) (PubMed:9497357). Reduces an intramolecular disulfide bond in GDPD5 that gates the ability to GDPD5 to drive postmitotic motor neuron differentiation (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Melanosome Note=Identified by mass spectrometry in melanosome fractions from

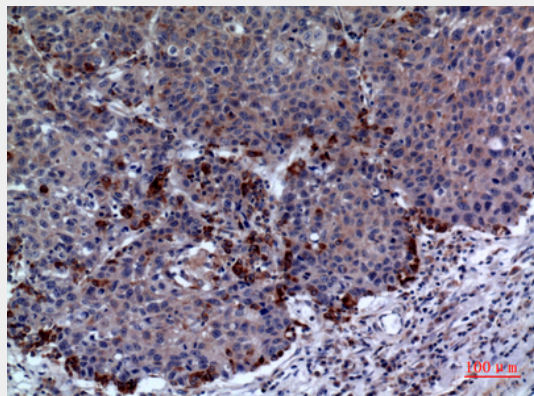
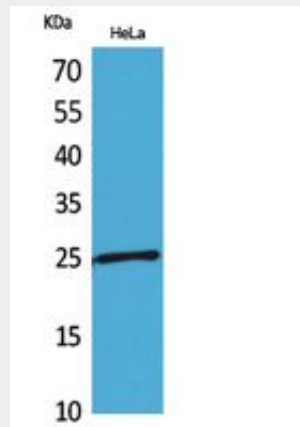
stage I to stage IV

PRX I Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

PRX I Polyclonal Antibody - Images



PRX I Polyclonal Antibody - Background

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intramolecular disulfide bond in GDPD5 that gates the ability to GDPD5 to drive postmitotic motor neuron differentiation (By similarity).