

CD81 Polyclonal Antibody
Catalog # AP73577**Specification****CD81 Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application	IF
Primary Accession	P60033
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal

CD81 Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information**Gene ID** 975**Other Names**

CD81; TAPA1; TSPAN28; CD81 antigen; 26 kDa cell surface protein TAPA-1; Target of the antiproliferative antibody 1; Tetraspanin-28; Tspan-28; CD81

Dilution

IF~~IF: 1:50-200 Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications.

Format

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Storage Conditions

-20°C

CD81 Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information**Name** CD81 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:8766544, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:1701}**Function**

Structural component of specialized membrane microdomains known as tetraspanin-enriched microdomains (TERMs), which act as platforms for receptor clustering and signaling. Essential for trafficking and compartmentalization of CD19 receptor on the surface of activated B cells (PubMed:16449649, PubMed:20237408, PubMed:27881302). Upon initial encounter with microbial pathogens, enables the assembly of CD19-CR2/CD21 and B cell receptor (BCR) complexes at signaling TERMS, lowering the threshold dose of antigen required to trigger B cell clonal expansion and antibody production (PubMed:15161911, PubMed:20237408). In T cells, facilitates the localization of CD247/CD3 zeta at antigen-induced synapses with B cells, providing for costimulation and polarization toward T helper type 2 phenotype (PubMed:22307619, PubMed:<a

[23858057](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23858057), PubMed: [8766544](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8766544)). Present in MHC class II compartments, may also play a role in antigen presentation (PubMed: [8409388](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8409388), PubMed: [8766544](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8766544)). Can act both as positive and negative regulator of homotypic or heterotypic cell-cell fusion processes. Positively regulates sperm-egg fusion and may be involved in acrosome reaction (By similarity). In myoblasts, associates with CD9 and PTGFRN and inhibits myotube fusion during muscle regeneration (By similarity). In macrophages, associates with CD9 and beta-1 and beta-2 integrins, and prevents macrophage fusion into multinucleated giant cells specialized in ingesting complement-opsonized large particles (PubMed: [12796480](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12796480)). Also prevents the fusion of mononuclear cell progenitors into osteoclasts in charge of bone resorption (By similarity). May regulate the compartmentalization of enzymatic activities. In T cells, defines the subcellular localization of dNTPase SAMHD1 and permits its degradation by the proteasome, thereby controlling intracellular dNTP levels (PubMed: [28871089](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28871089)). Also involved in cell adhesion and motility. Positively regulates integrin-mediated adhesion of macrophages, particularly relevant for the inflammatory response in the lung (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Basolateral cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Note=Associates with CLDN1 and the CLDN1-CD81 complex localizes to the basolateral cell membrane

Tissue Location

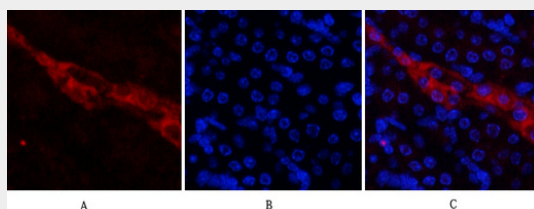
Expressed on B cells (at protein level) (PubMed:20237408). Expressed in hepatocytes (at protein level) (PubMed:12483205). Expressed in monocytes/macrophages (at protein level) (PubMed:12796480). Expressed on both naive and memory CD4- positive T cells (at protein level) (PubMed:22307619)

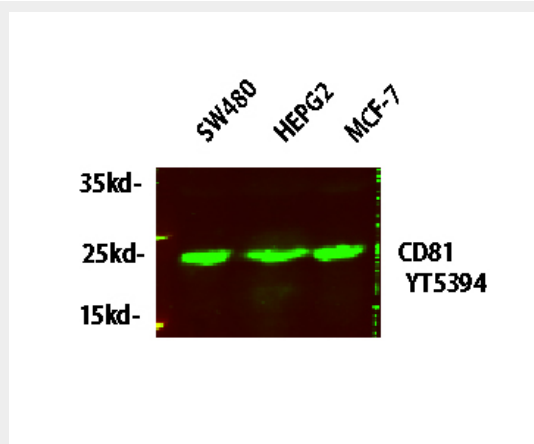
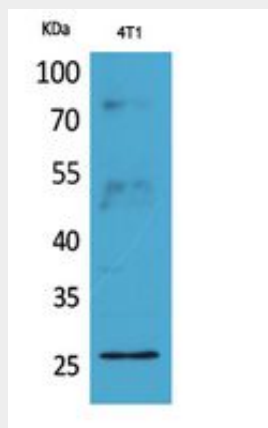
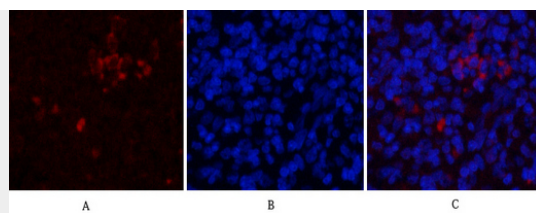
CD81 Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

CD81 Polyclonal Antibody - Images





CD81 Polyclonal Antibody - Background

Required for normal cell surface expression of CD19 and for normal adaptive immune responses (PubMed:20237408, PubMed:27881302). Required for normal female fertility and normal sperm-egg fusion. May be involved in the acrosome reaction (By similarity). Can inhibit the proliferation of a subset of cultured lymphoma cell lines (PubMed:1695320, PubMed:2398277).