

**IL-4 Polyclonal Antibody**  
Catalog # AP73328**Specification****IL-4 Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P05112</a>
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal

**IL-4 Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information**

Gene ID 3565

**Other Names**

IL4; Interleukin-4; IL-4; B-cell stimulatory factor 1; BSF-1; Binetrakin; Lymphocyte stimulatory factor 1; Pitrakinra

**Dilution**

WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. IHC-p: 1:100-300 ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications.

**Format**

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

**Storage Conditions**

-20°C

**IL-4 Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information**

Name IL4

**Function**

Cytokine secreted primarily by mast cells, T-cells, eosinophils, and basophils that plays a role in regulating antibody production, hematopoiesis and inflammation, and the development of effector T-cell responses (PubMed:[1993171](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/1993171), PubMed:[3016727](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/3016727)). Induces the expression of class II MHC molecules on resting B-cells. Enhances both secretion and cell surface expression of IgE and IgG1 (PubMed:[1993171](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/1993171)). Regulates also the expression of the low affinity Fc receptor for IgE (CD23) on both lymphocytes and monocytes (PubMed:[2521231](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/2521231)). Positively regulates IL31RA expression in macrophages. Stimulates autophagy in dendritic cells by interfering with mTORC1 signaling and through the induction of RUFY4. In addition, plays a critical role in higher functions of the normal brain, such as memory and learning (By similarity). Upon binding to IL4, IL4R receptor dimerizes either with the common IL2R gamma chain/IL2RG to produce the type 1 signaling complex, located mainly on hematopoietic cells, or with the IL13RA1

to produce the type 2 complex, which is expressed also on nonhematopoietic cells (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10219247" target="\_blank">10219247</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11526337" target="\_blank">11526337</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18243101" target="\_blank">18243101</a>). Engagement of both types of receptors initiates JAK3 and to a lower extent JAK1 phosphorylation leading to activation of the signal transducer and activator of transcription 6/STAT6 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/7721895" target="\_blank">7721895</a>).

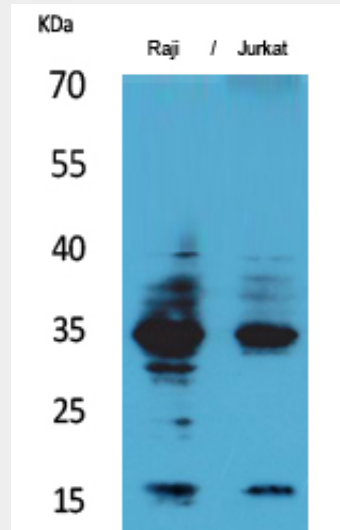
**Cellular Location**  
Secreted.

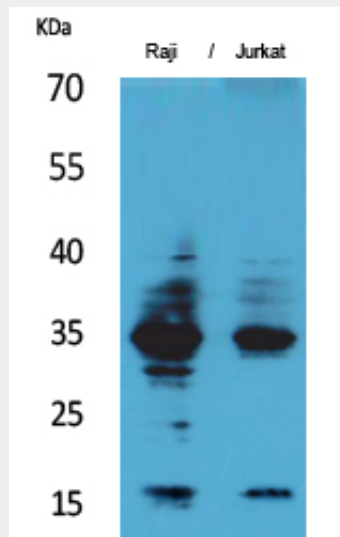
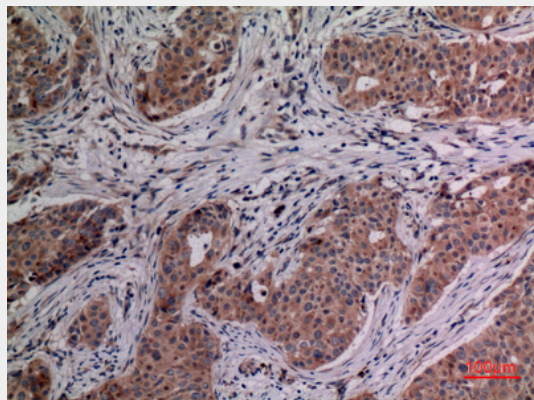
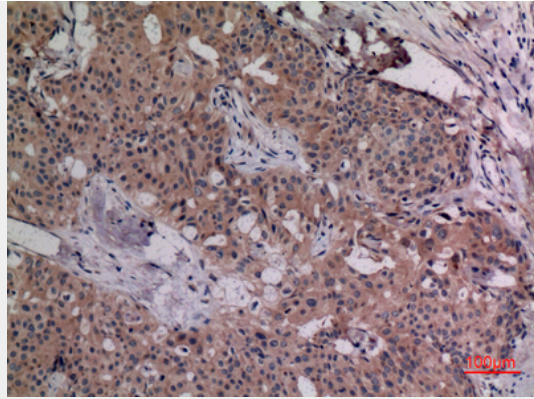
## IL-4 Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

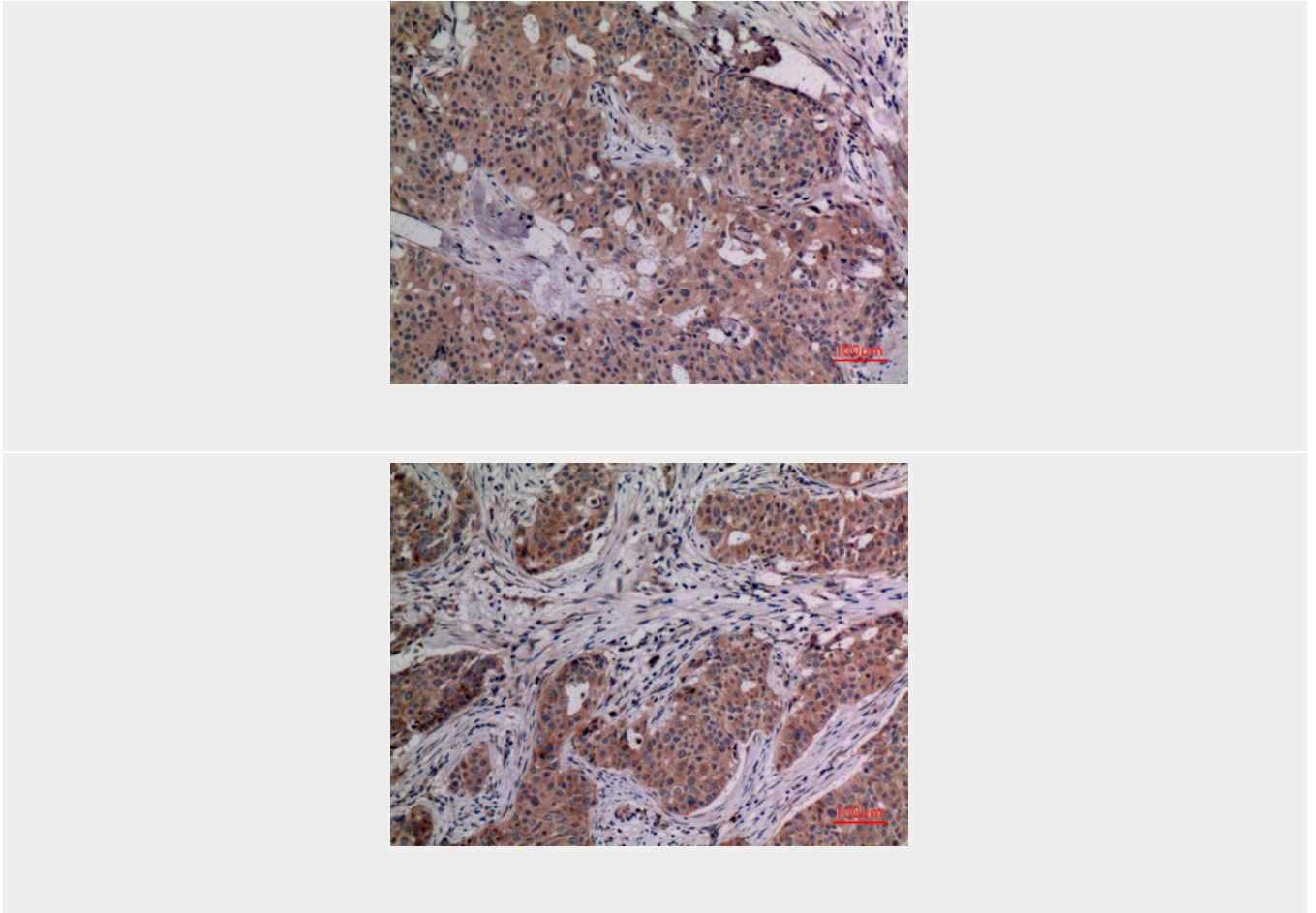
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

## IL-4 Polyclonal Antibody - Images







#### **IL-4 Polyclonal Antibody - Background**

Participates in at least several B-cell activation processes as well as of other cell types (PubMed:3016727). It is a costimulator of DNA-synthesis. It induces the expression of class II MHC molecules on resting B-cells. It enhances both secretion and cell surface expression of IgE and IgG1. It also regulates the expression of the low affinity Fc receptor for IgE (CD23) on both lymphocytes and monocytes. Positively regulates IL31RA expression in macrophages (By similarity). Stimulates autophagy in dendritic cells by interfering with mTORC1 signaling and through the induction of RUFY4 (By similarity).