

YEATS2 Polyclonal Antibody
Catalog # AP73109**Specification**

YEATS2 Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	Q9ULM3
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal

YEATS2 Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information**Gene ID** 55689**Other Names**

YEATS2; KIAA1197; YEATS domain-containing protein 2

Dilution

WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA: 1/5000. Not yet tested in other applications.

Format

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Storage Conditions

-20°C

YEATS2 Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information**Name** YEATS2 ([HGNC:25489](#))**Function**

Chromatin reader component of the ATAC complex, a complex with histone acetyltransferase activity on histones H3 and H4 (PubMed: [18838386](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18838386), PubMed: [19103755](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19103755), PubMed: [27103431](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27103431)). YEATS2 specifically recognizes and binds histone H3 crotonylated at 'Lys-27' (H3K27cr) (PubMed: [27103431](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27103431)). Crotonylation marks active promoters and enhancers and confers resistance to transcriptional repressors (PubMed: [27103431](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27103431)).

Cellular Location

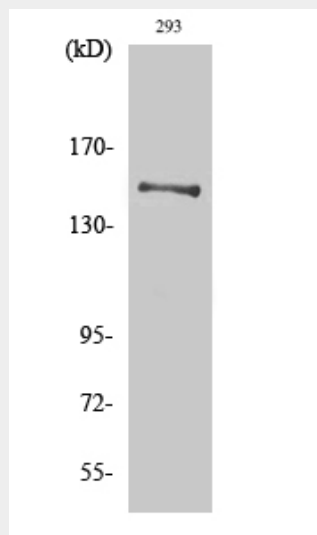
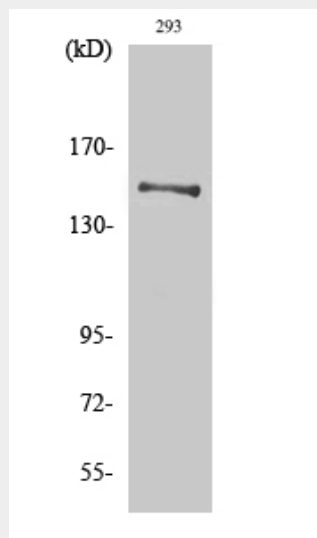
Nucleus

YEATS2 Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

YEATS2 Polyclonal Antibody - Images



YEATS2 Polyclonal Antibody - Background

Chromatin reader component of the ATAC complex, a complex with histone acetyltransferase

activity on histones H3 and H4. YEATS2 specifically recognizes and binds histone H3 crotonylated at 'Lys-27' (H3K27cr) (PubMed:27103431). Crotonylation marks active promoters and enhancers and confers resistance to transcriptional repressors (PubMed:27103431).