

SPHK2 Antibody (N-term)
Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP7238a

Specification

SPHK2 Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P,E
Primary Accession	O9NRA0
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Antigen Region	1-30

SPHK2 Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 56848

Other Names

Sphingosine kinase 2, SK 2, SPK 2, SPHK2

Target/Specificity

This SPHK2 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 1-30 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human SPHK2.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000
IHC-P~~1:50~100

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

SPHK2 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

SPHK2 Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information

Name SPHK2 ([HGNC:18859](#))

Synonyms SK2

Function Catalyzes the phosphorylation of sphingosine to form sphingosine-1-phosphate (SPP), a

lipid mediator with both intra- and extracellular functions. Also acts on D-erythro-dihydrosphingosine, D- erythro-sphingosine and L-threo-dihydrosphingosine. Binds phosphoinositides (PubMed:[12954646](#), PubMed:[19168031](#)). In contrast to prosurvival SPHK1, has a positive effect on intracellular ceramide levels, inhibits cells growth and enhances apoptosis (PubMed:[16118219](#)). In mitochondria, is important for cytochrome-c oxidase assembly and mitochondrial respiration. The SPP produced in mitochondria binds PHB2 and modulates the regulation via PHB2 of complex IV assembly and respiration (PubMed:[20959514](#)). In nucleus, plays a role in epigenetic regulation of gene expression. Interacts with HDAC1 and HDAC2 and, through SPP production, inhibits their enzymatic activity, preventing the removal of acetyl groups from lysine residues with histones. Up- regulates acetylation of histone H3-K9, histone H4-K5 and histone H2B- K12 (PubMed:[19729656](#)). In nucleus, may have an inhibitory effect on DNA synthesis and cell cycle (PubMed:[12954646](#), PubMed:[16103110](#)). In mast cells, is the main regulator of SPP production which mediates calcium influx, NF-kappa-B activation, cytokine production, such as TNF and IL6, and degranulation of mast cells (By similarity). In dopaminergic neurons, is involved in promoting mitochondrial functions regulating ATP and ROS levels (By similarity). Also involved in the regulation of glucose and lipid metabolism (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Endoplasmic reticulum {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9JIA7}. Mitochondrion inner membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9JIA7}. Note=In nucleus, located in nucleosomes where it associates with core histone proteins such as histone 3 (PubMed:[19729656](#)). In brains of patients with Alzheimer's disease, may be preferentially localized in the nucleus. Cytosolic expression decrease correlates with the density of amyloid deposits (PubMed:[29615132](#)). In apoptotic cells, colocalizes with CASP1 in cell membrane where is cleaved and released from cells in an active form (PubMed:[20197547](#)).

Tissue Location

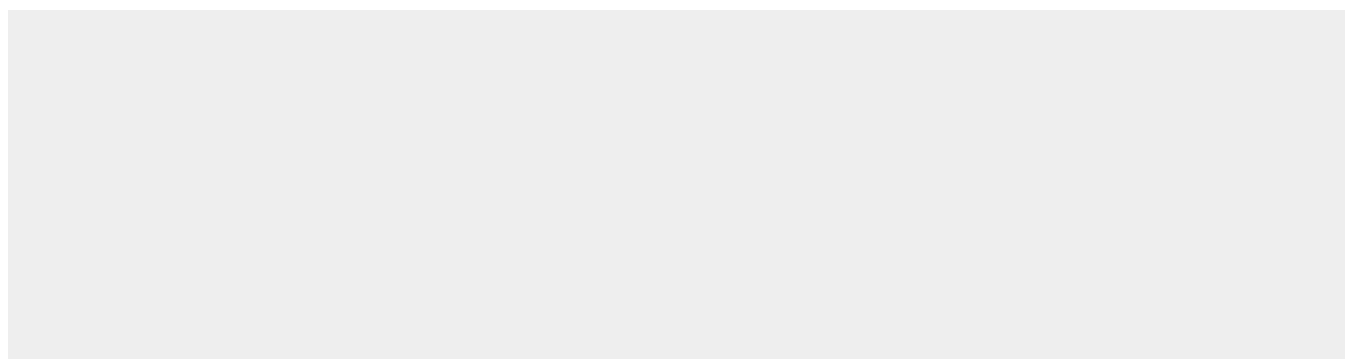
Mainly expressed in adult kidney, liver, and brain (PubMed:[10751414](#)). Expressed in cerebral cortex and hippocampus (at protein level) (PubMed:[29615132](#)). Isoform 1 is the predominant form expressed in most tissues (PubMed:[16103110](#))

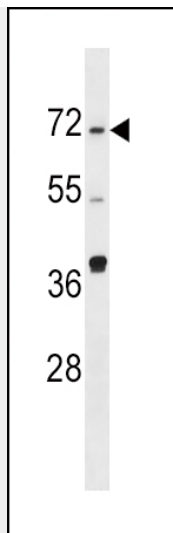
SPHK2 Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

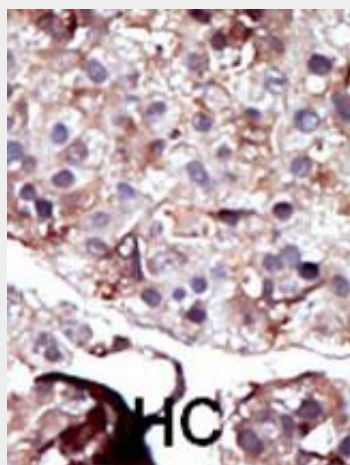
- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

SPHK2 Antibody (N-term) - Images





SPHK2 Antibody (P15) (Cat. #AP7238a) western blot analysis in Ramos cell line lysates (35ug/lane). This demonstrates the SPHK2 antibody detected the SPHK2 protein (arrow).



Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human cancer tissue reacted with the primary antibody, which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by AEC staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated. BC = breast carcinoma; HC = hepatocarcinoma.

SPHK2 Antibody (N-term) - Background

Sphingosine Kinase (SphK) catalyzes the phosphorylation of the lipid sphingosine, creating the bioactive lipid sphingosine-1-phosphate (S1P). S1P subsequently signals through cell surface G protein-coupled receptors, as well as intracellularly, to modulate cell proliferation, survival, motility and differentiation. SphK is an important signaling enzyme which is activated by diverse agents, including growth factors that signal through receptor tyrosine kinases, agents activating G protein-coupled receptors, and immunoglobulin receptors. Two SphK isotypes, SphK-1 and SphK-2, have been cloned, and both isotypes are ubiquitously expressed. SphK-1 has been shown to mediate cell growth, prevention of apoptosis, and cellular transformation, and is upregulated in a variety of human tumors. In contrast, SphK-2 increases apoptosis, and may be responsible for phosphorylating and activating the immunosuppressive drug FTY720.

SPHK2 Antibody (N-term) - References

- Shu, X., et al., Mol. Cell. Biol. 22(22):7758-7768 (2002).
- Xia, P., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 277(10):7996-8003 (2002).

Liu, H., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 275(26):19513-19520 (2000).

Shutler, G., et al., Genomics 34(3):334-339 (1996).

SPHK2 Antibody (N-term) - Citations

- [Up-regulation of sphingosine-1-phosphate receptors and sphingosine kinase 1 in the peri-ischemic area after transient middle cerebral artery occlusion in mice](#)
- [Sphingosine kinase 2 activates autophagy and protects neurons against ischemic injury through interaction with Bcl-2 via its putative BH3 domain.](#)
- [Sphingosine-1-phosphate is involved in the occlusive arteriopathy of pulmonary arterial hypertension.](#)
- [Down-regulation of Sphk2 suppresses bladder cancer progression.](#)
- [Preconditioning Stimuli Induce Autophagy via Sphingosine Kinase 2 in Mouse Cortical Neurons.](#)
- [Membrane vesicles containing matrix metalloproteinase-9 and fibroblast growth factor-2 are released into the extracellular space from mouse mesoangioblast stem cells.](#)
- [Cleavage of sphingosine kinase 2 by caspase-1 provokes its release from apoptotic cells.](#)
- [Differential regulation of sphingosine kinases 1 and 2 in lung injury.](#)
- [Sphingosine 1-phosphate modulates spinal nociceptive processing.](#)