

ADK Antibody (N-term)
Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP7091a**Specification**

ADK Antibody (N-term) - Product Information

Application	WB,E
Primary Accession	P55263
Other Accession	Q64640 , P55264
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Predicted	Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	40545
Antigen Region	35-65

ADK Antibody (N-term) - Additional Information**Gene ID** 132**Other Names**

Adenosine kinase, AK, Adenosine 5'-phosphotransferase, ADK

Target/Specificity

This ADK antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 35-65 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human ADK.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

ADK Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

ADK Antibody (N-term) - Protein Information**Name** ADK ([HGNC:257](#))**Function** Catalyzes the phosphorylation of the purine nucleoside adenosine at the 5' position in

an ATP-dependent manner. Serves as a potential regulator of concentrations of extracellular adenosine and intracellular adenine nucleotides.

Cellular Location

[Isoform 1]: Nucleus

Tissue Location

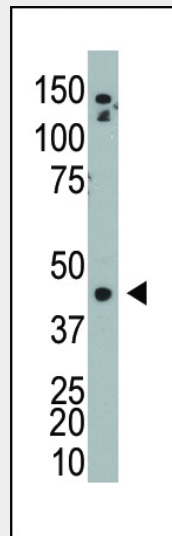
Widely expressed. Highest level in placenta, liver, muscle and kidney.

ADK Antibody (N-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

ADK Antibody (N-term) - Images



The anti-ADK Pab (Cat. #AP7091a) is used in Western blot to detect ADK in mouse bladder tissue lysate.

ADK Antibody (N-term) - Background

Adenosine kinase (ATP:adenosine 5-prime-phosphotransferase) is an abundant enzyme in mammalian tissues that catalyzes the transfer of the gamma-phosphate from ATP to adenosine, thereby serving as a potentially important regulator of concentrations of both extracellular adenosine and intracellular adenine nucleotides. Adenosine has widespread effects on the cardiovascular, nervous, respiratory, and immune systems and inhibitors of ADK could play an important pharmacological role in increasing intravascular adenosine concentrations and acting as antiinflammatory agents. The encoded protein does not present any sequence similarities to other well-characterized mammalian nucleoside kinases. In contrast, 2 regions were identified with

significant sequence identity to microbial ribokinase and fructokinases and a bacterial inosine/guanosine kinase. Thus, ADK is a structurally distinct mammalian nucleoside kinase that appears to be akin to sugar kinases of microbial origin. Animal studies have demonstrated that a deficiency of adenosine metabolism a powerful contributor to the development of neonatal hepatic steatosis, providing a model for the rapid development of postnatally lethal fatty liver.