

**BCKDK Antibody (C-term T340)**  
**Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)**  
**Catalog # AP7090b**

**Specification**

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**BCKDK Antibody (C-term T340) - Product Information**

Application	WB,E
Primary Accession	<a href="#">O14874</a>
Other Accession	<a href="#">Q00972</a>
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Predicted	Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	46360
Antigen Region	325-356

**BCKDK Antibody (C-term T340) - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 10295

**Other Names**

[3-methyl-2-oxobutanoate dehydrogenase [lipoamide]] kinase, mitochondrial, Branched-chain alpha-ketoacid dehydrogenase kinase, BCKD-kinase, BCKDHKIN, BCKDK

**Target/Specificity**

This BCKDK antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 325-356 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human BCKDK.

**Dilution**

WB~~1:1000

**Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions**

BCKDK Antibody (C-term T340) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**BCKDK Antibody (C-term T340) - Protein Information**

**Name** BCKDK {ECO:0000303|PubMed:29779826, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:16902}

**Function** Serine/threonine-protein kinase component of macronutrients metabolism. Forms a functional kinase and phosphatase pair with PPM1K, serving as a metabolic regulatory node that coordinates branched-chain amino acids (BCAAs) with glucose and lipid metabolism via two distinct phosphoprotein targets: mitochondrial BCKDHA subunit of the branched-chain alpha-ketoacid dehydrogenase (BCKDH) complex and cytosolic ACLY, a lipogenic enzyme of Krebs cycle (PubMed:[24449431](#), PubMed:[29779826](#), PubMed:[37558654](#)). Phosphorylates and inactivates mitochondrial BCKDH complex a multisubunit complex consisting of three multimeric components each involved in different steps of BCAA catabolism: E1 composed of BCKDHA and BCKDHB, E2 core composed of DBT monomers, and E3 composed of DLD monomers. Associates with the E2 component of BCKDH complex and phosphorylates BCKDHA on Ser-337, leading to conformational changes that interrupt substrate channeling between E1 and E2 and inactivates the BCKDH complex (PubMed:[29779826](#), PubMed:[37558654](#)). Phosphorylates ACLY on Ser-455 in response to changes in cellular carbohydrate abundance such as occurs during fasting to feeding metabolic transition. Refeeding stimulates MLXIPL/ChREBP transcription factor, leading to increased BCKDK to PPM1K expression ratio, phosphorylation and activation of ACLY that ultimately results in the generation of malonyl-CoA and oxaloacetate immediate substrates of de novo lipogenesis and gluconeogenesis, respectively (PubMed:[29779826](#)). Recognizes phosphosites having SxxE/D canonical motif (PubMed:[29779826](#)).

#### **Cellular Location**

Mitochondrion matrix {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q00972, ECO:0000305|PubMed:24449431}  
Note=Detected in the cytosolic compartment of liver cells {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q00972}

#### **Tissue Location**

Ubiquitous.

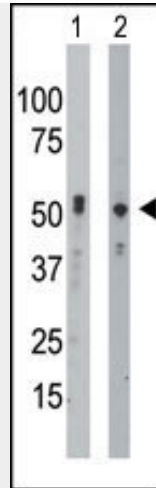
### **BCKDK Antibody (C-term T340) - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

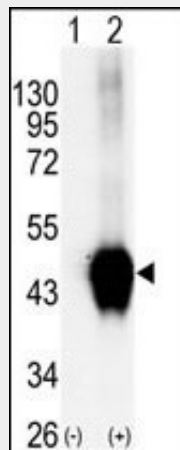
- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

### **BCKDK Antibody (C-term T340) - Images**





The anti-BCKDK Pab (Cat. #AP7090b) is used in Western blot to detect BCKDK in mouse intestine tissue lysate (Lane 1) and HeLa cell lysate (Lane 2).



Western blot analysis of BCKDK (arrow) using rabbit polyclonal BCKDK Antibody (C-term T340) (RB05257). 293 cell lysates (2 ug/lane) either nontransfected (Lane 1) or transiently transfected with the BCKDK gene (Lane 2) (Origene Technologies).

### **BCKDK Antibody (C-term T340) - Background**

The second major step in the catabolism of the branched-chain amino acids, isoleucine, leucine, and valine, is irreversibly catalyzed by the branched-chain alpha-keto acid dehydrogenase complex (BCKD), an inner-mitochondrial enzyme complex composed of 3 catalytic components: a branched-chain alpha-keto acid decarboxylase (E1), a dihydrolipoyl transacylase (E2), and a dihydrolipoamide dehydrogenase (E3). The complex also contains 2 enzymes that regulated the state of activity of the BCKD complex: a kinase (BCKDK), and a phosphorylase. The ubiquitously expressed kinase contains 1 histidine kinase domain. Maple syrup urine disease (MSUD) is a pathology secondary to an enzyme defect in the catabolic pathway of leucine, isoleucine, and valine. Accumulation of these amino acids and their corresponding keto acids results in encephalopathy and progressive neurodegeneration in infants not treated for MSUD.