

**AKT3 Antibody (S472)**  
**Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)**  
**Catalog # AP7030d****Specification**

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**AKT3 Antibody (S472) - Product Information**

Application	WB,E
Primary Accession	<a href="#">O9Y243</a>
Other Accession	<a href="#">O63484</a> , <a href="#">O9WUA6</a>
Reactivity	Human
Predicted	Mouse, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	55775
Antigen Region	450-479

**AKT3 Antibody (S472) - Additional Information****Gene ID** 10000**Other Names**

RAC-gamma serine/threonine-protein kinase, Protein kinase Akt-3, Protein kinase B gamma, PKB gamma, RAC-PK-gamma, STK-2, AKT3, PKBG

**Target/Specificity**

This AKT3 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 450-479 amino acids from human AKT3.

**Dilution**

WB~~1:1000

**Format**

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

**Storage**

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions**

AKT3 Antibody (S472) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**AKT3 Antibody (S472) - Protein Information****Name** AKT3

## Synonyms PKBG

**Function** AKT3 is one of 3 closely related serine/threonine-protein kinases (AKT1, AKT2 and AKT3) called the AKT kinase, and which regulate many processes including metabolism, proliferation, cell survival, growth and angiogenesis. This is mediated through serine and/or threonine phosphorylation of a range of downstream substrates. Over 100 substrate candidates have been reported so far, but for most of them, no isoform specificity has been reported. AKT3 is the least studied AKT isoform. It plays an important role in brain development and is crucial for the viability of malignant glioma cells. AKT3 isoform may also be the key molecule in up-regulation and down-regulation of MMP13 via IL13. Required for the coordination of mitochondrial biogenesis with growth factor-induced increases in cellular energy demands. Down-regulation by RNA interference reduces the expression of the phosphorylated form of BAD, resulting in the induction of caspase-dependent apoptosis.

## Cellular Location

Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Membrane; Peripheral membrane protein Note=Membrane-associated after cell stimulation leading to its translocation

## Tissue Location

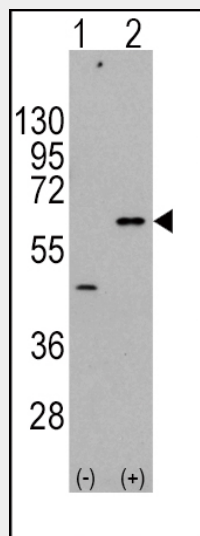
In adult tissues, it is highly expressed in brain, lung and kidney, but weakly in heart, testis and liver. In fetal tissues, it is highly expressed in heart, liver and brain and not at all in kidney

## AKT3 Antibody (S472) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

## AKT3 Antibody (S472) - Images



Western blot analysis of AKT3 (arrow) using rabbit polyclonal AKT3 Antibody (S472) (Cat.#AP7030d). 293 cell lysates (2 ug/lane) either nontransfected (Lane 1) or transiently transfected with the AKT3 gene (Lane 2) (Origene Technologies).

#### **AKT3 Antibody (S472) - Background**

AKT3 is a member of the AKT, also called PKB, serine/threonine protein kinase family. AKT kinases are known to be regulators of cell signaling in response to insulin and growth factors. They are involved in a wide variety of biological processes including cell proliferation, differentiation, apoptosis, tumorigenesis, as well as glycogen synthesis and glucose uptake. This kinase has been shown to be stimulated by platelet-derived growth factor (PDGF), insulin, and insulin-like growth factor 1 (IGF1).

#### **AKT3 Antibody (S472) - References**

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Deregibus, M.C., et al., *J. Biol. Chem.* 277(28):25195-25202 (2002).  
Brodbeck, D., et al., *J. Biol. Chem.* 276(31):29550-29558 (2001).