

**Cdc25A Polyclonal Antibody**  
Catalog # AP68976**Specification**

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**Cdc25A Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information**

|                   |                        |
|-------------------|------------------------|
| Application       | WB                     |
| Primary Accession | <a href="#">P30304</a> |
| Reactivity        | Human, Mouse, Rat      |
| Host              | Rabbit                 |
| Clonality         | Polyclonal             |

**Cdc25A Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information****Gene ID** 993**Other Names**

CDC25A; M-phase inducer phosphatase 1; Dual specificity phosphatase Cdc25A

**Dilution**

WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/5000. Not yet tested in other applications.

**Format**

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

**Storage Conditions**

-20°C

**Cdc25A Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information****Name** CDC25A**Function**

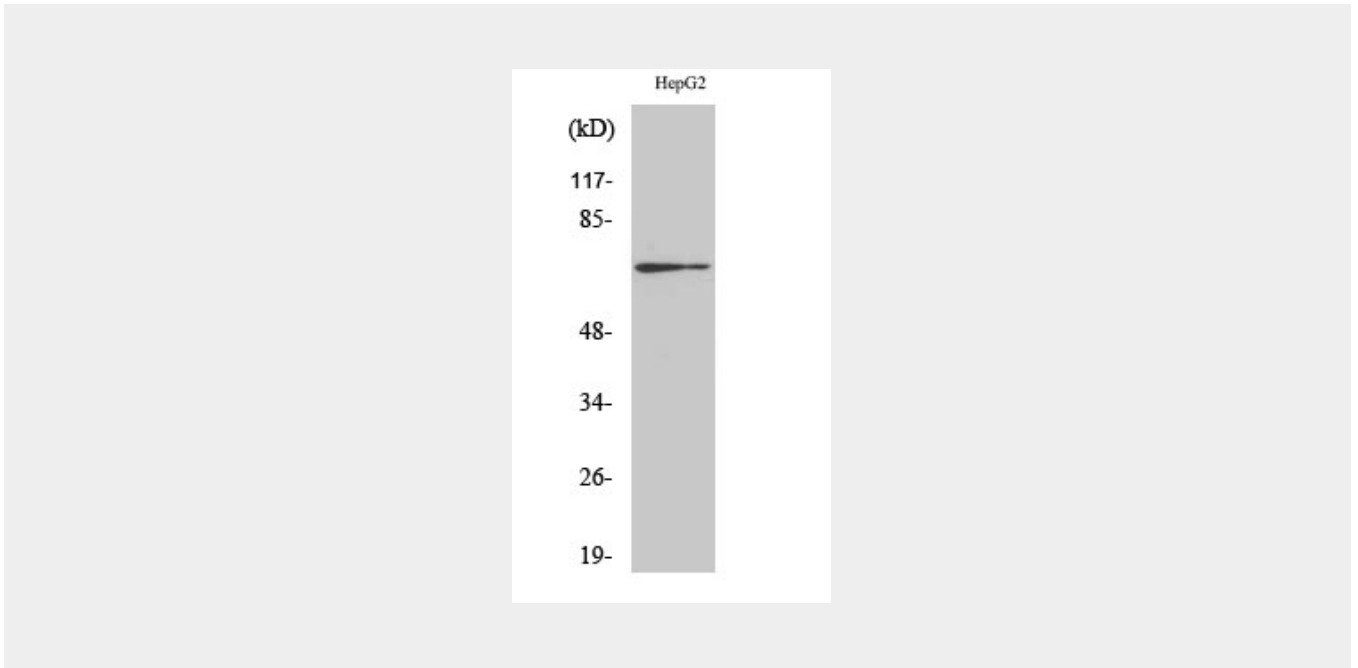
Tyrosine protein phosphatase which functions as a dosage- dependent inducer of mitotic progression (PubMed:<<http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12676925>>, PubMed:<<http://www.uniprot.org/citations/14559997>>, PubMed:<<http://www.uniprot.org/citations/1836978>>, PubMed:<<http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20360007>>). Directly dephosphorylates CDK1 and stimulates its kinase activity (PubMed:<<http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20360007>>, PubMed:<<http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20360007>>). Also dephosphorylates CDK2 in complex with cyclin-E, in vitro (PubMed:<<http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20360007>>).

**Cdc25A Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

### Cdc25A Polyclonal Antibody - Images



### Cdc25A Polyclonal Antibody - Background

Tyrosine protein phosphatase which functions as a dosage-dependent inducer of mitotic progression. Directly dephosphorylates CDK1 and stimulates its kinase activity. Also dephosphorylates CDK2 in complex with cyclin E, in vitro.