

**BMP-2 Polyclonal Antibody**  
Catalog # AP68681**Specification****BMP-2 Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P12643</a>
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal

**BMP-2 Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information****Gene ID** 650**Other Names**

BMP2; BMP2A; Bone morphogenetic protein 2; BMP-2; Bone morphogenetic protein 2A; BMP-2A

**Dilution**

WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications.

**Format**

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

**Storage Conditions**

-20°C

**BMP-2 Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information****Name** BMP2**Synonyms** BMP2A**Function**

Growth factor of the TGF-beta superfamily that plays essential roles in many developmental processes, including cardiogenesis, neurogenesis, and osteogenesis (PubMed: [18436533](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18436533), PubMed: [24362451](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24362451), PubMed: [31019025](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/31019025)). Induces cartilage and bone formation (PubMed: [3201241](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/3201241)). Initiates the canonical BMP signaling cascade by associating with type I receptor BMPRI1A and type II receptor BMPRI2 (PubMed: [15064755](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15064755), PubMed: [17295905](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17295905), PubMed: [18436533](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18436533)). Once all three components are bound together in a complex at the cell surface, BMPRI2 phosphorylates and activates BMPRI1A (PubMed: [7791754](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/7791754))

target="\_blank">7791754</a>). In turn, BMPR1A propagates signal by phosphorylating SMAD1/5/8 that travel to the nucleus and act as activators and repressors of transcription of target genes. Also acts to promote expression of HAMP, via the interaction with its receptor BMPR1A/ALK3 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/31800957" target="\_blank">31800957</a>). Can also signal through non-canonical pathways such as ERK/MAP kinase signaling cascade that regulates osteoblast differentiation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16771708" target="\_blank">16771708</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20851880" target="\_blank">20851880</a>). Also stimulates the differentiation of myoblasts into osteoblasts via the EIF2AK3-EIF2A-ATF4 pathway by stimulating EIF2A phosphorylation which leads to increased expression of ATF4 which plays a central role in osteoblast differentiation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24362451" target="\_blank">24362451</a>). Acts as a positive regulator of odontoblast differentiation during mesenchymal tooth germ formation, expression is repressed during the bell stage by MSX1-mediated inhibition of CTNNB1 signaling (By similarity).

### Cellular Location

Secreted.

### Tissue Location

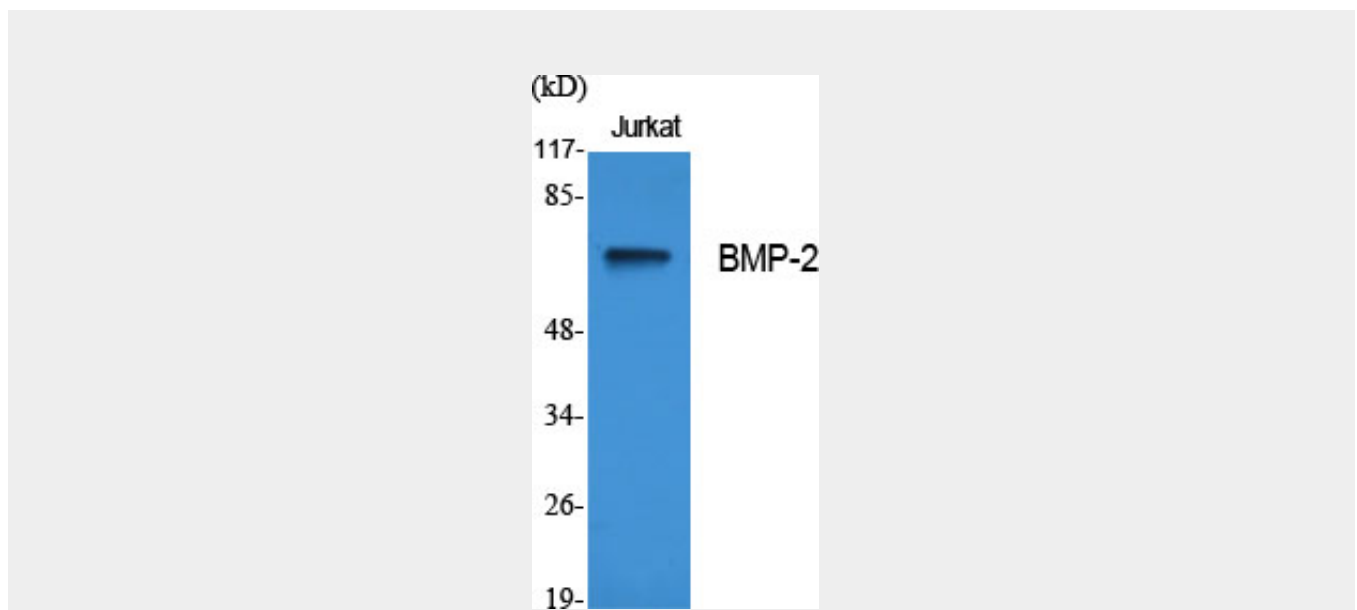
Particularly abundant in lung, spleen and colon and in low but significant levels in heart, brain, placenta, liver, skeletal muscle, kidney, pancreas, prostate, ovary and small intestine

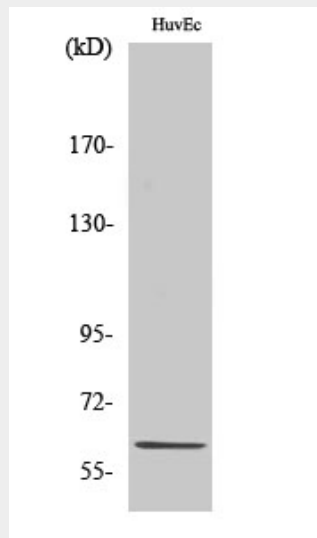
## BMP-2 Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

## BMP-2 Polyclonal Antibody - Images





### **BMP-2 Polyclonal Antibody - Background**

Induces cartilage and bone formation (PubMed:3201241). Stimulates the differentiation of myoblasts into osteoblasts via the EIF2AK3-EIF2A- ATF4 pathway. BMP2 activation of EIF2AK3 stimulates phosphorylation of EIF2A which leads to increased expression of ATF4 which plays a central role in osteoblast differentiation. In addition stimulates TMEM119, which upregulates the expression of ATF4 (PubMed:24362451).