

BM28 Polyclonal Antibody
Catalog # AP68678**Specification****BM28 Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB
Primary Accession	P49736
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal

BM28 Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 4171

Other Names

MCM2; BM28; CCNL1; CDCL1; KIAA0030; DNA replication licensing factor MCM2; Minichromosome maintenance protein 2 homolog; Nuclear protein BM28

Dilution

WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. Immunofluorescence: 1/200 - 1/1000. ELISA: 1/40000. Not yet tested in other applications.

Format

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Storage Conditions

-20°C

BM28 Polyclonal Antibody - Protein InformationName MCM2 ([HGNC:6944](#))**Function**

Acts as a component of the MCM2-7 complex (MCM complex) which is the replicative helicase essential for 'once per cell cycle' DNA replication initiation and elongation in eukaryotic cells. Core component of CDC45-MCM-GINS (CMG) helicase, the molecular machine that unwinds template DNA during replication, and around which the replisome is built (PubMed:[32453425](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32453425)), PubMed:[34694004](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/34694004), PubMed:[34700328](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/34700328), PubMed:[35585232](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/35585232)). The active ATPase sites in the MCM2-7 ring are formed through the interaction surfaces of two neighboring subunits such that a critical structure of a conserved arginine finger motif is provided in trans relative to the ATP-binding site of the Walker A box of the adjacent subunit. The six ATPase active sites, however, are likely to contribute differentially to the complex helicase activity (PubMed:[32453425](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32453425)). Required for the entry in S phase and for cell division (PubMed:[32453425](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32453425)).

[8175912](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8175912)). Plays a role in terminally differentiated hair cells development of the cochlea and induces cells apoptosis (PubMed: [26196677](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/26196677)).

Cellular Location

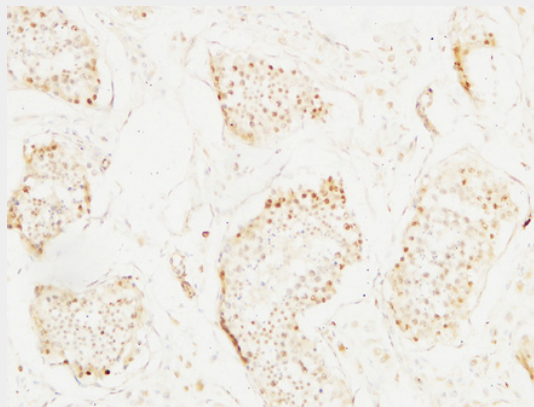
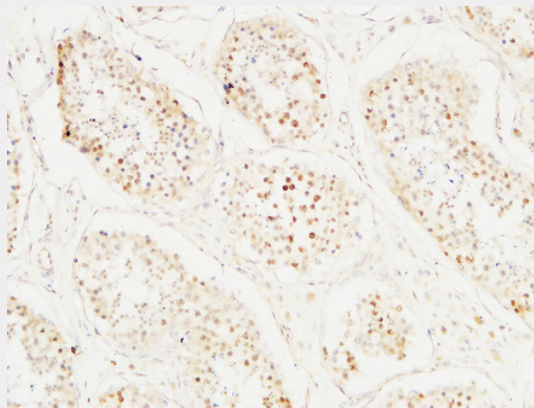
Nucleus. Chromosome. Note=Associated with chromatin before the formation of nuclei and detaches from it as DNA replication progresses. {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P55861}

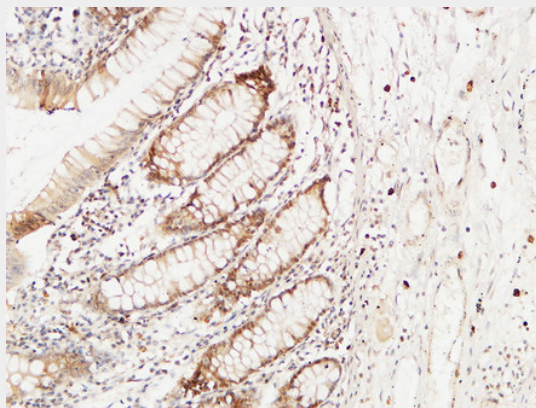
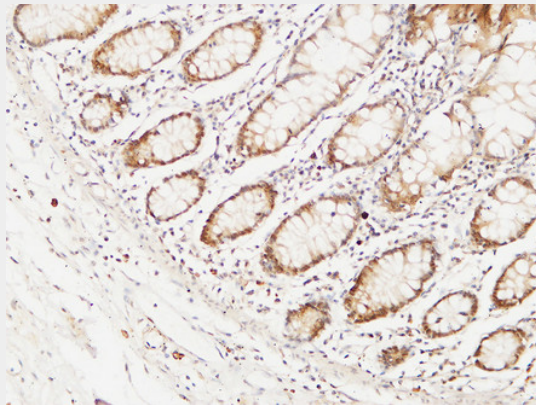
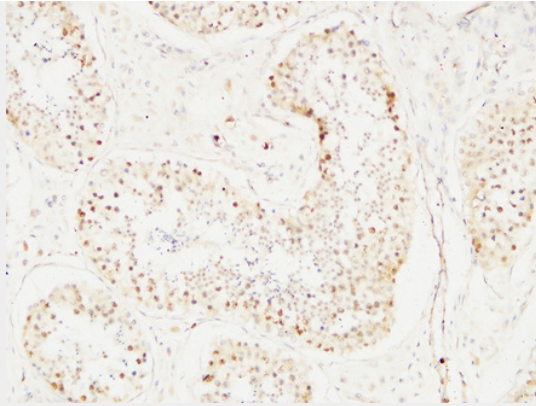
BM28 Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

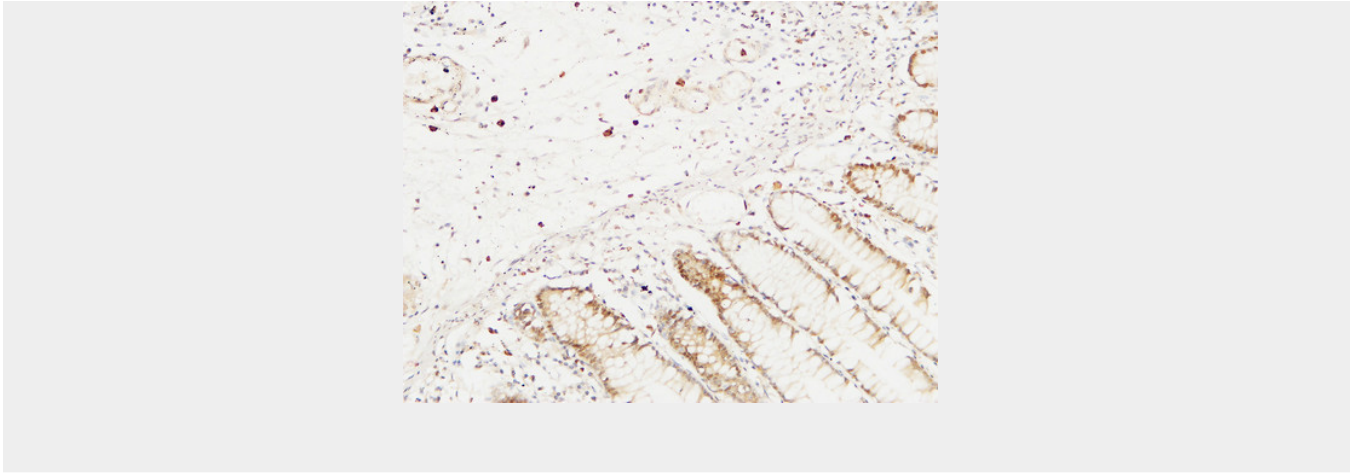
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

BM28 Polyclonal Antibody - Images







BM28 Polyclonal Antibody - Background

Acts as component of the MCM2-7 complex (MCM complex) which is the putative replicative helicase essential for 'once per cell cycle' DNA replication initiation and elongation in eukaryotic cells. The active ATPase sites in the MCM2-7 ring are formed through the interaction surfaces of two neighboring subunits such that a critical structure of a conserved arginine finger motif is provided in trans relative to the ATP-binding site of the Walker A box of the adjacent subunit. The six ATPase active sites, however, are likely to contribute differentially to the complex helicase activity. Required for the entry in S phase and for cell division. Plays a role in terminally differentiated hair cells development of the cochlea and induces cells apoptosis.