

**14-3-3  $\sigma$  Polyclonal Antibody**  
Catalog # AP68195**Specification****14-3-3  $\sigma$  Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application	IHC
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P31947</a>
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal

**14-3-3  $\sigma$  Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information****Gene ID** 2810**Other Names**

SFN; HME1; 14-3-3 protein sigma; Epithelial cell marker protein 1; Stratifin

**Dilution**

IHC~~IHC-p: 100-300. Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications.

**Format**

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

**Storage Conditions**

-20°C

**14-3-3  $\sigma$  Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information****Name** SFN**Synonyms** HME1 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:1390337}**Function**

Adapter protein implicated in the regulation of a large spectrum of both general and specialized signaling pathways (PubMed: [15731107](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15731107), PubMed: [22634725](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22634725), PubMed: [28202711](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28202711), PubMed: [37797010](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/37797010)). Binds to a large number of partners, usually by recognition of a phosphoserine or phosphothreonine motif (PubMed: [15731107](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15731107), PubMed: [22634725](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22634725), PubMed: [28202711](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28202711), PubMed: [37797010](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/37797010)). Binding generally results in the modulation of the activity of the binding partner (PubMed: [15731107](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15731107), PubMed: [22634725](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22634725), PubMed: [28202711](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28202711), PubMed: [37797010](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/37797010)).

<http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22634725> target="\_blank">22634725</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28202711" target="\_blank">28202711</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/37797010" target="\_blank">37797010</a>). Promotes cytosolic retention of GBP1 GTPase by binding to phosphorylated GBP1, thereby inhibiting the innate immune response (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/37797010" target="\_blank">37797010</a>). Also acts as a TP53/p53-regulated inhibitor of G2/M progression (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9659898" target="\_blank">9659898</a>). When bound to KRT17, regulates protein synthesis and epithelial cell growth by stimulating Akt/mTOR pathway (By similarity). Acts to maintain desmosome cell junction adhesion in epithelial cells via interacting with and sequestering PKP3 to the cytoplasm, thereby restricting its translocation to existing desmosome structures and therefore maintaining desmosome protein homeostasis (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24124604" target="\_blank">24124604</a>). May also regulate MDM2 autoubiquitination and degradation and thereby activate p53/TP53 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18382127" target="\_blank">18382127</a>).

#### Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O70456} Secreted. Note=May be secreted by a non- classical secretory pathway.

#### Tissue Location

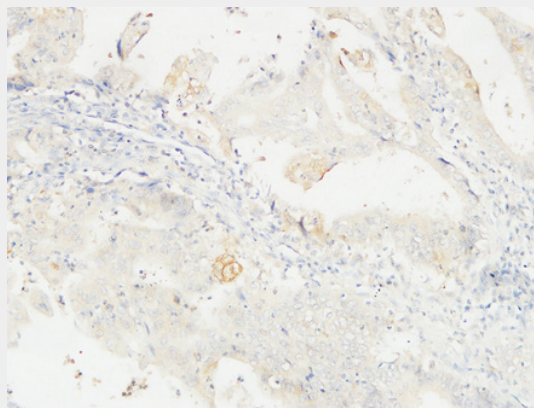
Present mainly in tissues enriched in stratified squamous keratinizing epithelium.

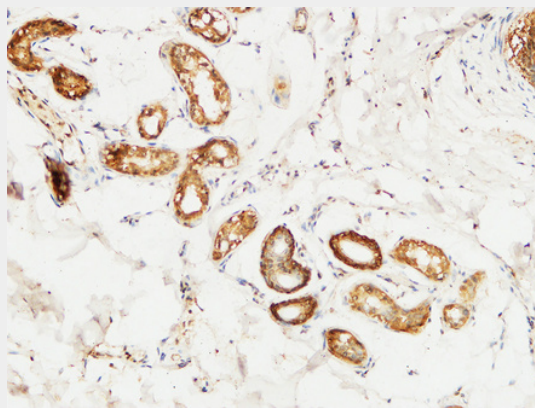
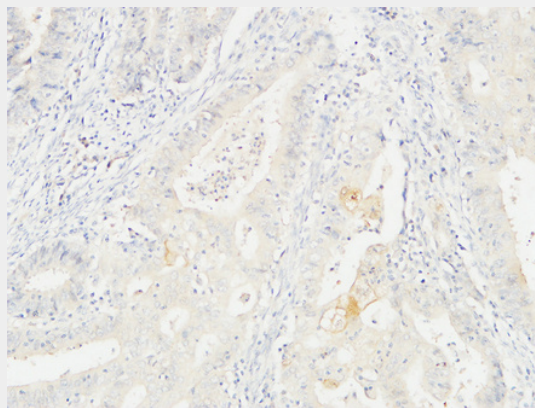
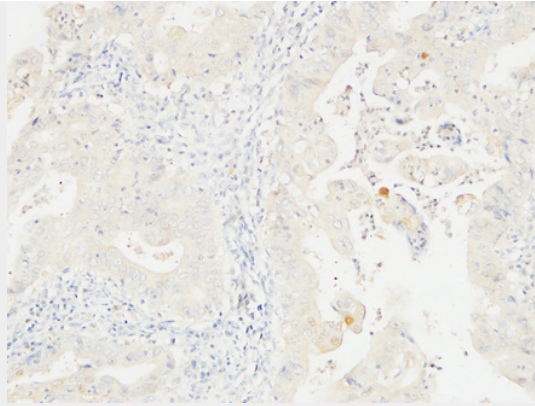
### 14-3-3 $\sigma$ Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

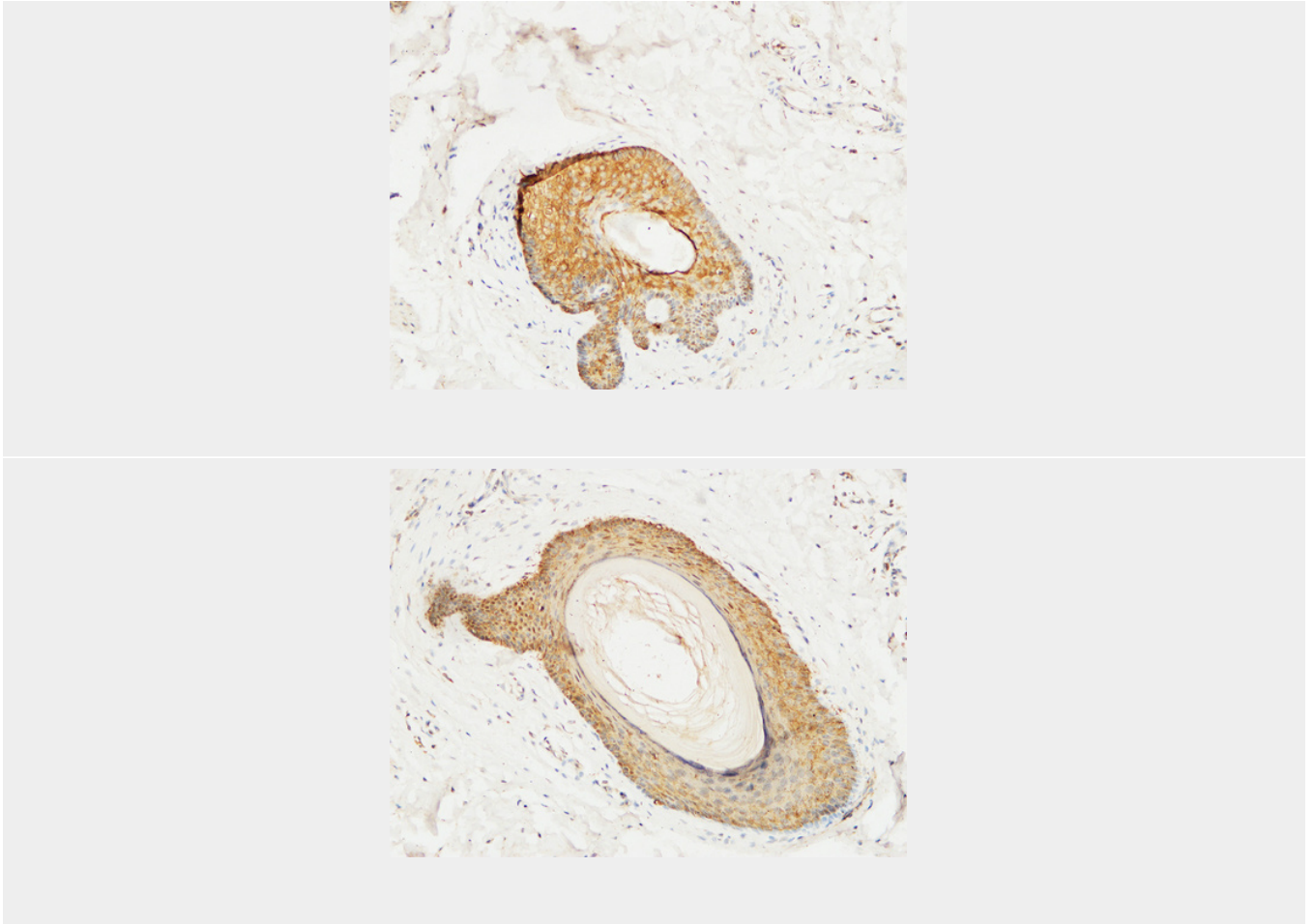
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

### 14-3-3 $\sigma$ Polyclonal Antibody - Images







### **14-3-3 $\sigma$ Polyclonal Antibody - Background**

Adapter protein implicated in the regulation of a large spectrum of both general and specialized signaling pathways. Binds to a large number of partners, usually by recognition of a phosphoserine or phosphothreonine motif. Binding generally results in the modulation of the activity of the binding partner. When bound to KRT17, regulates protein synthesis and epithelial cell growth by stimulating Akt/mTOR pathway. May also regulate MDM2 autoubiquitination and degradation and thereby activate p53/TP53.