

**20S Proteasome  $\alpha$ 3 (phospho Ser250) Polyclonal Antibody**  
Catalog # AP67328**Specification****20S Proteasome  $\alpha$ 3 (phospho Ser250) Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P25788</a>
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal

**20S Proteasome  $\alpha$ 3 (phospho Ser250) Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information**

Gene ID 5684

**Other Names**

PSMA3; HC8; PSC8; Proteasome subunit alpha type-3; Macropain subunit C8; Multicatalytic endopeptidase complex subunit C8; Proteasome component C8

**Dilution**

WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA: 1/10000. Not yet tested in other applications.

**Format**

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

**Storage Conditions**

-20°C

**20S Proteasome  $\alpha$ 3 (phospho Ser250) Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information**Name PSMA3 ([HGNC:9532](#))

Synonyms HC8, PSC8

**Function**

Component of the 20S core proteasome complex involved in the proteolytic degradation of most intracellular proteins. This complex plays numerous essential roles within the cell by associating with different regulatory particles. Associated with two 19S regulatory particles, forms the 26S proteasome and thus participates in the ATP- dependent degradation of ubiquitinated proteins. The 26S proteasome plays a key role in the maintenance of protein homeostasis by removing misfolded or damaged proteins that could impair cellular functions, and by removing proteins whose functions are no longer required. Associated with the PA200 or PA28, the 20S proteasome mediates ubiquitin- independent protein degradation. This type of proteolysis is required in several pathways including spermatogenesis (20S-PA200 complex) or generation of a subset of MHC class I-presented antigenic peptides (20S-PA28 complex). Binds to the C-terminus of CDKN1A and thereby mediates its degradation. Negatively regulates the membrane trafficking of the cell-surface thromboxane A2 receptor (TBXA2R) isoform 2.

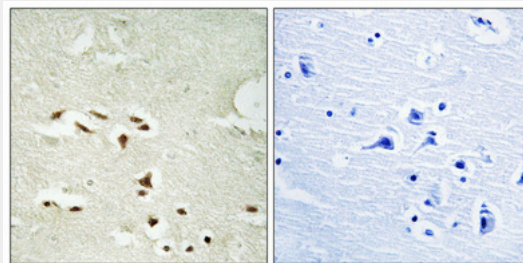
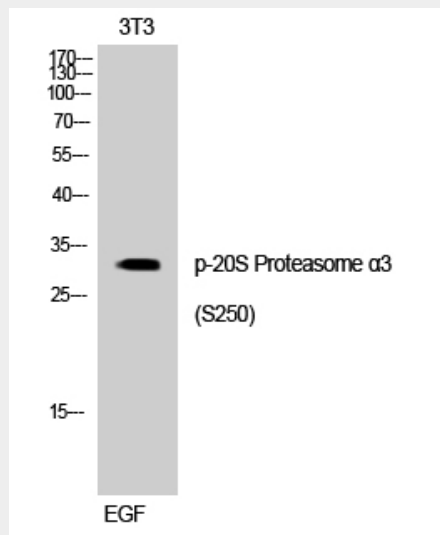
**Cellular Location**

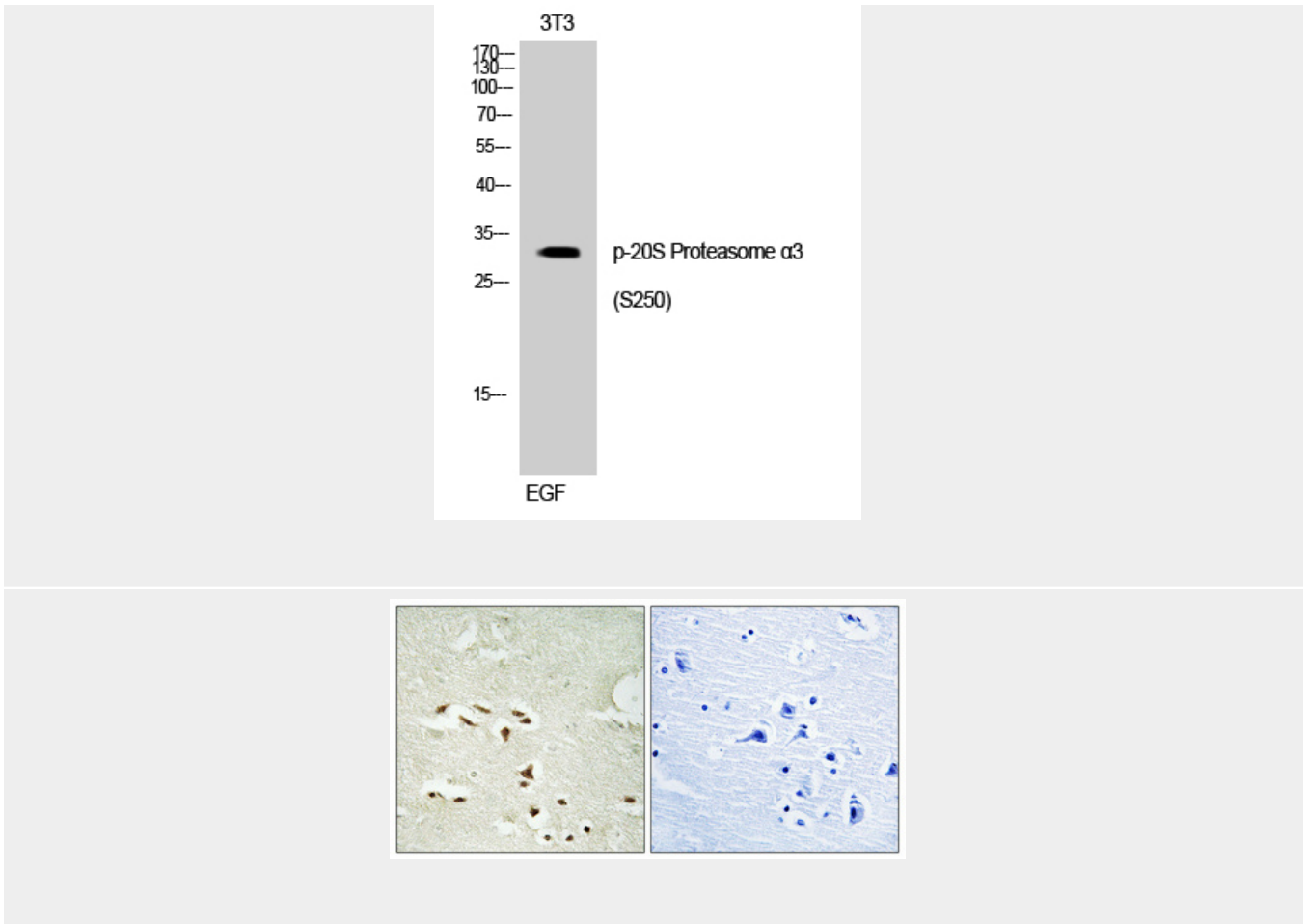
Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Note=Translocated from the cytoplasm into the nucleus following interaction with AKIRIN2, which bridges the proteasome with the nuclear import receptor IPO9

**20S Proteasome  $\alpha$ 3 (phospho Ser250) Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

**20S Proteasome  $\alpha$ 3 (phospho Ser250) Polyclonal Antibody - Images**



### 20S Proteasome α3 (phospho Ser250) Polyclonal Antibody - Background

Component of the 20S core proteasome complex involved in the proteolytic degradation of most intracellular proteins. This complex plays numerous essential roles within the cell by associating with different regulatory particles. Associated with two 19S regulatory particles, forms the 26S proteasome and thus participates in the ATP-dependent degradation of ubiquitinated proteins. The 26S proteasome plays a key role in the maintenance of protein homeostasis by removing misfolded or damaged proteins that could impair cellular functions, and by removing proteins whose functions are no longer required. Associated with the PA200 or PA28, the 20S proteasome mediates ubiquitin-independent protein degradation. This type of proteolysis is required in several pathways including spermatogenesis (20S-PA200 complex) or generation of a subset of MHC class I-presented antigenic peptides (20S-PA28 complex). Binds to the C-terminus of CDKN1A and thereby mediates its degradation. Negatively regulates the membrane trafficking of the cell-surface thromboxane A2 receptor (TBXA2R) isoform 2.