

**Histone H4 (Phospho Ser47) Polyclonal Antibody**  
Catalog # AP63419**Specification****Histone H4 (Phospho Ser47) Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P62805</a>
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal

**Histone H4 (Phospho Ser47) Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 121504;554313;8294;8359;8360;8361;8362;8363;8364;8365;8366;8367;8368;8370

**Other Names**

HIST1H4A; H4/A; H4FA; HIST1H4B; H4/I; H4FI; HIST1H4C; H4/G; H4FG; HIST1H4D; H4/B; H4FB; HIST1H4E; H4/J; H4FJ; HIST1H4F; H4/C; H4FC; HIST1H4H; H4/H; H4FH; HIST1H4I; H4/M; H4FM; HIST1H4J; H4/E; H4FE; HIST1H4K; H4/D; H4FD; HIST1H4L; H4/K; H4FK; HIST2H4A; H4/N; H4F2; H4FN; HIST2H4; HIST2H4B; H4/O; H4FO; HIST4H4; Histone H4

**Dilution**

WB~~WB: 1:1000-2000

**Format**

PBS, pH 7.4, containing 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide as Preservative and 50% Glycerol.

**Storage Conditions**

-20°C

**Histone H4 (Phospho Ser47) Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information**

**Name** H4C1

**Synonyms** H4/A, H4FA, HIST1H4A

**Function**

Core component of nucleosome. Nucleosomes wrap and compact DNA into chromatin, limiting DNA accessibility to the cellular machineries which require DNA as a template. Histones thereby play a central role in transcription regulation, DNA repair, DNA replication and chromosomal stability. DNA accessibility is regulated via a complex set of post-translational modifications of histones, also called histone code, and nucleosome remodeling.

**Cellular Location**

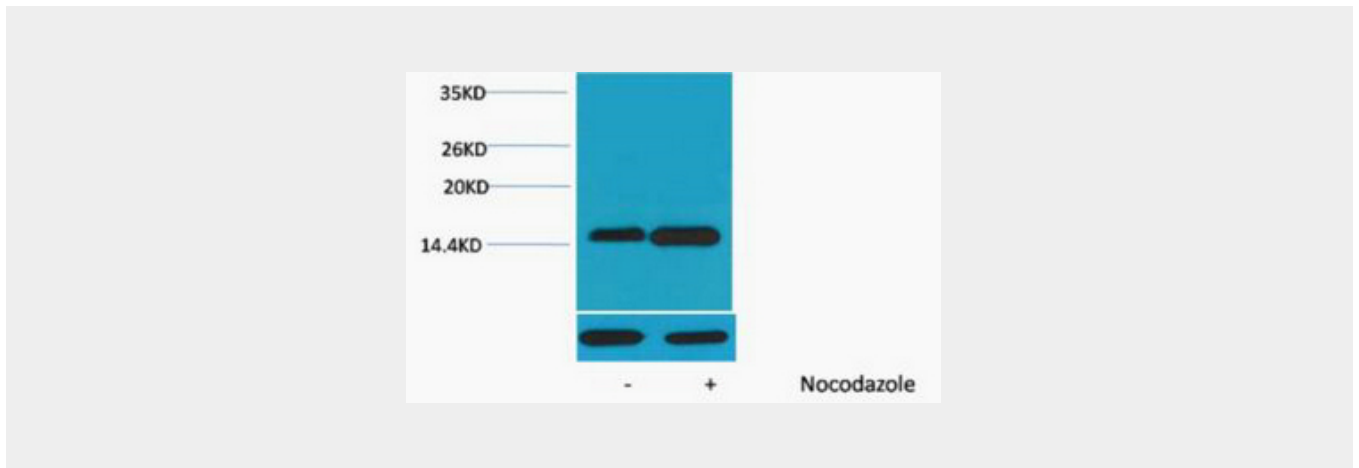
Nucleus. Chromosome.

## Histone H4 (Phospho Ser47) Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

## Histone H4 (Phospho Ser47) Polyclonal Antibody - Images



## Histone H4 (Phospho Ser47) Polyclonal Antibody - Background

Core component of nucleosome. Nucleosomes wrap and compact DNA into chromatin, limiting DNA accessibility to the cellular machineries which require DNA as a template. Histones thereby play a central role in transcription regulation, DNA repair, DNA replication and chromosomal stability. DNA accessibility is regulated via a complex set of post-translational modifications of histones, also called histone code, and nucleosome remodeling.